PEDIGREE OF THE TREGOZE FAMILY.

The following account of the Tregoze family, though far from perfect, may, perhaps, supersede Sir William Dugdale's.

That the noble family of Tregoze is of Norman extraction is highly probable; and that

"LE SIRE DE TREGOZ" was at Hastings in 1066, appears by John Foxe's copy of Battle Abbey Roll; or rather his "List of noble Normans who settled in England at the Conquest." Leland's copy of the Roll of Battle Abbey (which indeed is the best; for that eminent antiquary saw and transcribed the original), confirms John Foxe's, after its rhyming fashion; assuring us that there were there, "Gurney et Greilly, Tregos et Trylly."[a]

The said "Sire de Tregoz" was unquestionably father of

WILLIAM DE TREGOZ, who flourished in the reign of Hen. I. and of whom the great Pipe Roll of 31 Hen. I. 1130-1, makes much mention, which document Sir William Dugdale, in his Baronage (1675), invariably refers to as of 5th Stephen, and this, because the roll was considered of that date in his early life, though Prynne, and all antiquaries of any talent, acuteness, or discrimination, had determined it of Henry the First's reign in 1668, seven years before. The said Pipe Roll of 31 Hen. I. proves William Tregoz to have been a man of much consequence, and to have been concerned in Norfolk, Essex, Berks, and Lincolnshire; and, moreover, that he then had the lands of William Peverell, of London, in farm. Tregoz married and had issue, and very probably that Agnes Tregoz, who we find living in 9th Ric. I. as concerned in Norfolk and Essex, was his widow. His issue were, apparently, three sons and one daughter.

I. Geoffry Tregoze, his heir, who espoused Annabella, daughter of Robert Gresley, and, dying in or before 21 Hen. II. 1175, the sheriff of Essex in that year accounted to the Exchequer, for the amount of his lands, by the name of an

[a] See also the Roman du Rou, vol. ii. p. 255.

" Honour." He had issue, with four daughters, whose names are unascertained, a son and heir. His wife survived, and was living his widow 32nd Hen. II. 1185-6, when she held the manor of Dunstable, then valued at 12*l.* per ann. His son and heir was

I. William Tregoze, who was a minor at his father's death: for Robert de Lucy, of Norfolk, was then appointed his guardian. This William Tregoze married —— Lucy, daughter of his guardian, being but 17 years of age at the time of his marriage. He obtained livery of his lands 34 Hen. II. 1187-8, and was living in 3rd John, 1201, being then of Essex, Herts, Norfolk, and Suffolk. He died in 1208, leaving, with a daughter, a son and heir, both infants under age at that time; whereupon Stephen Harengot, in consideration of 400 marks, obtained the wardship of both. The son was

I. Robert Tregoze, a minor 1208, who married a lady unrecorded. He died temp. Hen. III. seised of Billingford manor, co. Norfolk, as appears by his Inquisitio post mortem in the calendars; though the year of its date is uncertain. With a younger son, Robert de Tregoz, who was of Suffolk, 51st Hen. III. 1267, he had a son and heir,

I. Geoffry Tregoze, who held the manors of Riddlesworth, &c. in Norfolk, and died in or before 40 Hen. III. (1255), seised of the manors of Billingford and Riddlesworth, and the honour of Peveral in Norfolk, as appears by his Inquis. post mort. made that year; to take which a writ of diem claus. extrem. was issued 1255; and Robert de Tregoze was found to be his heir, and eldest son. In all, Geoffry had issue two sons and three daughters,

1. Sir Robert Tregoze his heir, who was of age 1256; for in that year he did homage, and had livery of his father's lands. In 49 Hen. III. (1264-5), he had a grant of free-warren in Tolleshunt and Blunteshall in Essex, Billingford in Norfolk, and Balesthorpe in Notts; but dying s. p. was succeeded by Nicholas his brother.

2. Nicholas Tregoze, heir to his brother. This person married Eva ——— (who survived him); and before 3rd Edw. I. (1274), by the description of "Nicholas, son and heir of Geoffry Tregoze," he enfeoffed one Robert Burnell, of Billingford manor, co. Norfolk, and sold lands there to other persons. He then however held one fee in Tolleshunte, in Essex, and had assize of bread and ale there; but "the Hundredors (Inq. Rot. Hund.) knew not by what warrant." Nicholas Tregoze died s. p. before or in 7th Edw. I. (1278-9), for in that year Richard de Holebrooke was commanded to seize for the King the manors of Tolleshunte and Bluntes-hall, which had been his (Nicholas's), and which he had held in capite. Of this Nicholas Tregoze, we also find the following mention in the Hundred Rolls of Essex, 2nd Edw. I. "They (the Hundredors of Witham) say, that Roger de Chaundeford took five silver marks unjustly of Roger Fitz-John, whom Nicholas Tregoz had unjustly imprisoned, nor could he be liberated, even by the King's command, until he had made the said satisfaction to the said Roger de Chaundeford."

1. Lucy Tregoze, married to —— de Wood, and had issue John de Wood.

2. Joan Tregoze, wife of —— de Burnham and mother of James de Burnham, her son and heir.

3. Hawisia, wife of —— Gernoun, by whom she had a son John Gernoun.

After Nicholas Tregoze's death, these three persons, John Wood, James Burnham, and John Gernoun, had a contest with one Hugh Creppinge, for the manors of Tolleshunte-Tregoze and Blunteshall in Essex, they claiming as coheirs at law of the said Nicholas in right of their respective mothers, his sisters, and he, of Nicholas' grant to him. The contest was determined in favour of the coheirs, and by inquisition taken before the escheator of Essex in Trinity Term 21 Edw. I. they were ordered to pay their relief, and do homage to the King for

the same. And it was declared that Hugh Crepping was never seised of the said lands, because Eva wife of Nicholas Tregoze survived her husband.—Thus ended this branch of the family.

II. Sir ROBERT DE TREGOZE, of whom and his posterity presently.

III. John Tregoze, who was seated in Sussex 14th Hen. II. (1167), and marrying, had issue, apparently, two sons; Henry, evidently his heir; and Thomas Tregoze, who removed into the adjoining county of Kent, and was living there 1st John (1199).

1. Henry Tregoze held lands in Goring, in Sussex, 3rd John (1202), as appears by the Rot. Oblat.; and that he was then also living is confirmed by the Rot. Canc. In 4th John (1202-3), William Mordant acknowledged that he ought to render to Henry Tregoze the free tenement in Goring, in Sussex; and in 1219, 3rd Hen. III., we find the said Henry Tregoze giving the King half a mark to have a writ against Emma fitz Ralph, and Rose and Avice her sisters, concerning tenements in Goring; this Henry had issue, it would appear, two sons,

1. Sir Henry Tregoze, heir to Goring, &c. who, in 41st Hen. III. (1256-7), had a grant of free warren in Goring, Deddisham, and Warburton, co. Sussex; but who appears to have died s. p.

2. John Tregoze, who married Matilda ——— and acquired (apparently by her) the manor of Denne, or Warnham, in Sussex. John Tregoze and Matilda, his wife, had a grant of free warren in Denne and Iham in Sussex 55th Hen. III. (1270-1); and were clearly the parents of

1. Sir HENRY TREGOZE, Knt. who succeeded to both Denne and to Goring, and the other Sussex estates of his paternal ancestor Henry Tregoze. Of him hereafter; as he became male representative of the Tregozes temp Edw. I.

2. ——— Tregoze, father of that 1. "Monsire de Tregoz," who in the Roll of Arms of 1337—1350, is mentioned as cousin of Monsieur Tregoz de Sussex, and as bearing for arms, "D'Azure a deux gemeaux d'or, une leopard d'or en le chef."

I. Albreda Tregoz, who became the wife of Richard de Bes-

ville; and had lands in Aspull, co. Suffolk, given her, in frank-marriage, by her brother Geoffry Tregoz. They had issue an only daughter and heiress.

1. Maud Besville, married before 1195 (7th Ric. I.) to —— Colville; for in that year she had a suit with her cousin William Tregoze (son of Geoffry) for half a knight's fee in Aspull, in Suffolk, which Geoffry Tregoze had given his sister Albreda, her mother, in frank-marriage. This marriage produced

1. William Colville, their son and heir; against whom his kinsman, Robert Tregoze, renewed the suit for the Aspull lands in the time of John; and Colville appears to have been worsted by his relative, in this contest. William Colville married Rose ——; and died before or in 1241, 25th Hen. III.; for then was she living his widow, and commenced legal proceedings against Geoffry Tregoze, for 40 acres of land, &c. in Aspull, as her dower; which she succeeded in recovering against him.

Sir Robert de Tregoze, second son, was, though such, the great man of the family, and founded its most important branch; and this because he acquired immense wealth by his marriage. He took to wife Sibilla, daughter and heiress of Robert de Ewyas, Lord Ewyas, of Harold Ewyas, in Herefordshire; and in 9th Ric. I. (Easter Term) had a suit with Hermenus de Braton for the advowson of Braton church in Norfolk, part of her vast inheritance. But it appears, that though duly married, a strange contest arose in the 11th John regarding her; when, in Easter Term, William de Newmarket was summoned to show by what right he claimed to wife her who was Robert Tregoz's wife; for it appears that Richard I. had given her to Tregoz in marriage. Whereupon Newmarket came and said that he had married her in the time of Richard the First by gift of Robert de Ewyas her father. It is very certain, however, that Tregoz had sufficient power to retain the heiress; for in 13th John, Michaelmas Term, we find "Robert de Tregoze and Sibilla his wife" impleading Ralph de St. Maur for land in Bren, in Somersetshire, the right of the said Sibilla;" and in Trin. Term, 14th John, they had recovered the said lands against St. Maur. This Sibilla de Ewyas brought immense domains,

including the castle of Ewyas Harold in Herefordshire, into the Tregoze family.

Meanwhile Sir Robert de Tregoze was High Sheriff of Wilts 3rd Ric. I.; and in three years after was engaged in the expedition made into Normandy. In 1st John (1200), he gave the King 200 marks in silver to have granted to him the wardship of the heir and lands of Geoffry Hose; and in 7th John (1206), on collecting the scutage of that King's reign, answered thirty-eight marks for nineteen knight's fees belonging to the honour of Robert de Ewyas his father in law. He also held one knight's fee in Irchingfield; but died about the year 1212.

Sibilla, his wife, survived him, and in 1214 married, secondly, Roger de Clifford, for which marriage that nobleman gave the King 1000*l.* Roger de Clifford died 1231-2, in the lifetime of his elder brother Walter de Clifford, having had by the said Sibilla a son, Roger de Clifford, a Baron famous for his extraordinary experience in military affairs, ancestor of the Lords de Clifford. Sibilla herself was dead in 1236, and by Tregoze, her former husband, had two sons and a daughter.

I. Sir Robert Tregoze, their heir.

II. John Tregoze, who was of Shortgrave, co. Wilts, and was undoubtedly the person so named who had a grant to hold a market and fair at Bren, in Somersetshire in 1253 (37 and 38 Hen. III.); and in 54 Hen. III. (1269-70) had licence granted by the King to inclose Shortgrave Wood in Bradene Forest and to make a park there. His Inq. post mort. was made 54 Hen. III. when he died seised of a wood at Shortgrave, in Wilts. But he appears to have left no surviving posterity.

I. Alicia Tregoze, wife of Sir Robert Cecil, or Sitsilt, of Haltrennis, Knt. and by him mother of James Cecil, ancestor of Lord Burghley, and the Marquesses of Exeter and Salisbury.

Sir Robert Tregoze, Knt. eldest son and heir, succeeded his father in his immense Wiltshire and Herefordshire possessions, and was Baron Tregoze of Lydiard Tregoze, in the former county, and Lord of Ewyas Harold in the latter, in right of his mother. He did homage and had livery of his mother's estates in Herefordshire, 20 Hen. III. (1236), paying 100*l.* for his relief. He was living 40 Hen. III; and two years after was sum-

moned to march against the Welsh; but joining the rebellious Barons of this reign, the same year, was slain at the battle of Evesham, 4th Aug. 1265, 49th Hen. III.; having had to wife Juliana, daughter of William Lord Cantilupe (by Milicent his wife, daughter of Hugh de Gournai, widow of Almeric Earl of Evreux); which Juliana brought the manor of Great Dodington, in Northamptonshire, into the Tregoze family, and bare her husband two children. Sir Robert Tregoze's Inq. post mort. was made 49th Hen. III. where a list of his estates may be seen. By the Roll of Arms, compiled between 1240 and 1245, we find that this Sir Robert de Tregoze bore, "Gules, three bars gemels or, a lion passant in chief of the same." His issue were

I. Sir John Tregoze, his heir.

I. Lucy Tregoze, married to John Lord L'Estrange, of Knokyn, in Shropshire, sheriff of that county 21 Hen. III. and Governor of Montreuil, Bruges (Bridgnorth), and Ellesmere castles. By him she was mother of John L'Estrange, who perpetuated the line of the Barons L'Estrange, of Knokyn.

Sir John Tregoze, Lord Baron Tregoze, only son and heir, did homage and obtained livery of his father's lands 52nd Hen. III. (1268), and stood in such favour with royalty that, notwithstanding his father's treason, he was acquitted of 50 marks of 100*l.* then due for his relief; after which he attended Edward I. into Wales, in the expedition made thither in the early part of his reign.

By the Plac. de quo warranto, we find John Tregoze, in 8th Edw. I. summoned to show by what title he claimed wrecks, waifs, and estrays, in his manor of Burneham in Somersetshire; when he showed that it was the right of his ancestors and no usurpation of the royal prerogative. In the following year he was summoned to show why he claimed free warren in Lydyard Tregoze, in Wilts, without the King's licence; and in 20th Edw. I. he received a like summons regarding the manor of Retby in Irchingfield, in Herefordshire, when he answered he held it with Mabelia his wife, and would not show his title without her. In the 20th Edw. I. he was also summoned to prove his title to divers other prerogatives, viz. the correcting the infringement of the assize of bread and ale, and the holding Crown Pleas within his manor of Mathuenleye and Eton; when he showed they had been his ancestors' rights immemorially.

In 13 Edw. I. (1284-5) he obtained licence to hold either a fair, or had free warren granted, at the following places, Eton in Herefordshire, Burneham and Cheleworth in Somersetshire, Lydiard and Alinton in Wilts; and in 22nd Edw. I. being in the campaign of Gascony, he had permission for his wife and family to reside in Devizes castle, and to have fires there.

This Baron, during the latter part of his life was summoned to Parliament by writ as one of the Majores Barones; viz. on 26 Jan. 1296, 25th Edw. I. and on 6 Feb. 1299, 27th Edw. I.; and in the year 1300 was summoned to perform military service gainst the Scotch; but his death prevented it; for he died 21 Aug. 28th Edw. I. (1300), and was buried 12 kal. Sept. 28th Edw. I. in the Priory of St. Augustin at Bristol.

By the two Inq. post mort. made after that event, one in 28th, and the other 29th Edw. I., we find that he died seised of an immense inheritance, viz. the castle and honour of Ewyas Harold with its members in the Marches of Wales, which he held by barony, the manor of Eton Tregoze in Herefordshire, and numerous estates in Wilts, Northamptonshire, and Salop, &c.; a mandate to seize for the King the lands of John Tregoze defunct, being issued to Walter de Gloucester in 28th Edw. I.

Long before this John Tregoze had married Mabel, daughter of Foulk Lord Fitzwarren; and this lady owned the manor of Weston in Bedfordshire, and the hamlet of Sturden, in Gloucestershire, as appears by her Inq. post mortem, made 25th Edw. I. (1296-7) she being described in the record as his wife.[b] By her John Lord Tregoze had only two daughters,

I. Clarissa Tregoze, who had been married v. p. to Roger la Warre, and predeceased her father, leaving by her husband a son and heir

1. John la Warre, who on his maternal grandfather's death, being 23 years of age, succeeded eventually to Harold Ewyas castle and lordship, &c. with a right to quarter the Tregoze arms, as borne by his ancestors.

II. Sibilla Tregoze, who was living at her father's death 28 Edw. I. and then 28 years of age, being wife of William de Grandison (or as it was then latinized "de Grandi Sono,")

[b] See also Rot. Orig. Abbr. vol. i. p. 99.

some time of Exon Hill, co. Glouc. to whom she was married about or before 13th Edw. I. when her father settled upon her and her husband lands at Lydiard Tregoze in Wilts, in frank marriage. From this marriage descended the

Scudamores of Holm-Lacy, in Herefordshire.

But on the decease of Sir John de Tregoze, contention arose between his coheirs regarding the division of his lands; and in 31st Edw. I. the escheator of Herefordshire and Wales was commanded to inform William de Grandison and Sibil his wife, that John la Warre, cousin (*i. e.* grandson) and one of the heirs of John Tregoze, refuses to take the knight's fees, which had been assigned to him in the division made of the estates between the heirs; because, as he alleges, the greater part of the said fees pertained to his castle of Ewyas Harold; and soon after, we find William de Grandison placing himself under the King's protection; which probably decided the contest in Grandison's favour. However this may be, the male representation of the Tregoze family descended, on Sir John's death, to his half-cousin,

Sir Henry Tregoze, of Goring, in Sussex, who, or his progenitors, had differenced the family armorial charges of gemel bars and the passant lion, by placing them on a blue, instead of a red shield; and the Roll of Arms compiled between 2nd and 7th Edw. II. proves the coat borne by Sir Henry Tregoze to have been "de Azure, a ii barres gimyles de or, en le chef un lupard passaunt de or;" but it is a curious fact, that soon after the final extinction of the above senior branch of the family, Sir Henry handed over this coat to the younger branches of his own family, and he, or his son and heir, resumed the old colours of red and gold, but bore them reversed; viz. a golden shield with the charges gules. This was possibly intended to mark, that, though chief of his house, he was not lineally descended from its originally elder line, which bore the field gules and the bearings or, and which the la Warres and Grandisons would be entitled to claim.

Sir Henry Tregoze had succeeded his parents and ancestors in their Sussex estates, before he became head of his family; and about 1271 he sold his manor of Denne or Warnham, co. Sussex, to Rosa de Oyly of Raunton, in Staffordshire. In 3rd Edw. I. it was found that Henry Tregoze claimed wrecks in

Palynge hundred, and assize of bread and ale in the vill of Goring; and, moreover, that he had appropriated to himself free warren there.

This Sir Henry Tregoze married Margaret, daughter and heiress of his neighbour, John de Goring, of co. Sussex; through which match some represent the family as acquiring Goring lordship; but it has been shown that the Tregozes held property there nearly a century before. Sir Henry was, however, also lord of Wykenholle, co. Sussex; and in importance almost exceeded his great deceased kinsman John Baron Tregoze; for during the reigns of Edward I. and Edward II. 1294 and 1322, Sir Henry Tregoze, having acquired much renown in the Scotch wars, was summoned to Parliament as a Baron.

In 1296, 24th Edw. I. he was enrolled, pursuant to an ordinance for the defence of the sea-coast of Sussex, as a knight holding lands within the rape of Arundel, but not resident in the county; and, in 1297, he was among those returned from Sussex and Surrey, as holding lands or rents of 20*l.* yearly, and as such summoned to perform military service in parts beyond the seas. In 29 Edw. I. he obtained licence from the King to hold a market and fair at Goring; in 1301 we find him styled "Dominus de Garynnges;" and in 33rd Edw. I, he had a grant of free warren in Wykenholt, co. Sussex.

In 1307 he was a Conservator of Peace in Surrey, and in the following year (1308) in Sussex; in which last year also he was summoned to attend King Edward II.'s Coronation. In 1309 and in 1313, "Henry Tregoze" (*sed qu. he or his younger son?*) was summoned to Parliament as Knight of the Shire for Sussex as well as by special writ. By the said Margaret de Goring he had issue

I. Sir Thomas de Tregoze, his heir.

II. Henry Tregoze, living 1323, who died s. p.

I. Isabella de Tregoze, wife of John Boome, of Andeherste.

Sir Thomas de Tregoze, elder son and heir, Lord of Goring, &c. &c. was a Knight of great note, and in 1316 (9 Edw. II.) was certified, pursuant to the writ tested at Clipstone, to be lord of Goring, Preston near Arundel, Burpham, and Gretham, co. Sussex. In 1318 he was summoned against the Scotch. On the 4th January that year, 11th Edw. II., he was summoned to Parliament as a Major Baron, as his father had been; and in

1325 was summoned, with certain other knights, to pass over into Guienne under the Earl of Warren's command. He had a grant of free warren in Goring, Preston, Deddisham, and several other places in Sussex and Kent, 5 Edw. III.; and was summoned to Parliament once more as a Baron, from 20th Oct. 1332 to 9th April 1335.

This Sir Thomas Tregoze married Joane, daughter of —— Lord Poynings, of the county of Sussex, and was dead in 26th Edw. III; for then was the said Joane his widow, and party to a family settlement made by her son in law, Sir John D'Oyly, and Margaret his wife, her daughter. Sir Thomas Tregoze had by her two children, a son and a daughter,

I. Sir Henry de Tregoze, his heir.

I. Margaret de Tregoze married to Sir John D'Oyly, manorial lord of Raunton, in Staffordshire, and of Stoke-D'Oyly, in Northamptonshire, as well as of la Denne, in Warnham parish, co. Sussex. By him she had issue a son and a daughter. [c]

1. Sir Thomas D'Oyly, who died s. p.

1. Joane D'Oyly, sole heiress to her brother. She was twice married: first to Sir Thomas Lewknor, of Bradhurst, co. Sussex; and secondly to John Deering *alias* de Cobham. By her first husband she had issue two sons;

1. Roger Lewknor, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Carew, of Molesford, co. Berks, and had issue by her at his death, 1400-1, a son and heir,

1. Sir Thomas Lewknor, who eventually, in 1403-4, became heir of the Tregozes through his grandmother.

2. John Lewknor, on whom was settled the D'Oylys' manor of la Denne, co. Sussex. He died leaving coheiresses; from the only one of whom that married, descend the Bartelotts of Stopham.

Sir Henry Tregoze, Knt. succeeded his father, but was never summoned to Parliament as a Baron. He was lord of Goring, however, and inherited the other extensive estates of his family. This Sir Henry espoused Joane, daughter of —— Lord Morley; which lady surviving him married, secondly, Sir Edward St. John, chevalier, who likewise predeceased her. She made her will Sunday next after St. Martin's day, 12th Nov. 1385,

[c] See detail of this issue in W. D. Bayley's History of the House of D'Oyly.

desiring burial in the chapel of St. Mary, in the monastery of Lewes, beside her late husband; and makes bequests to Margery, her daughter; to John Tregoze; to Dame Joane Tregoze (widow of her son Sir Robert); to John her son; to the Earl of Arundel, an article marked with her father's arms; to his eldest son; to Thomas Chamberlain, to Richard Chamberlain, and a brown bay horse to John Pakenham. She held Goring and all the Tregoze estates till her death, which occurring in or before 10th Ric. II. an Inquis. post mortem being taken, it was found that she died seised of lands in Goring, Haydon, Dadesham, Preston, &c. &c. and that Edward Tregoze was her grandson and heir, then a minor of the age of 8 years, and son of Sir Robert Tregoze. Her issue by Sir Henry Tregoze were

I. Henry Tregoze, who had issue

1. Sir Henry Tregoze, who died s. p.

II. Thomas Tregoze, who died s. p.

III. Sir Robert Tregoze, of Goring, who married Joane, daughter and heiress of Richard Combes, lord of the manors of Applesham and Combes, and relict of Robert Hailsham, of West Grinsted (whose second wife she had been) and died about 3rd Ric. II. or soon after, leaving by her an only son and heir

1. EDWARD TREGOZE, of whom presently.

IV. Michael Tregoze, a monk at Lewes; who therefore died unmarried.

V. JOHN TREGOZE, last heir male of the Tregozes; uncle and heir of Edward. Of him hereafter.

VI. Richard Tregoze, who died s. p.

I. Joan Tregoze, wife of J . . . Lelbon; but died s. p.

II. Margaret Tregoze, who died unmarried.

EDWARD TREGOZE, heir to his father and grandmother, was aged 8 in 10th Ric. II. and attained his majority in 22nd Ric. II. (1398-9). He was married very early; first to Alice, daughter of Ralph St. Leger, by whom he had

I. Edward Tregoze, who died s. p. v. p.

II. ——— Tregoze (another son), who died an infant.

I. Joane Tregoze, said to have been married (though, as it must have been before her 8th year, probably only contracted) to Edward St. John. She seems, however, to have died s. p. v. p.

Edward Tregoze married secondly, Alice, daughter of Edward St. John, and had issue by her,

III. William Tregoze,

IV. Robert Tregoze. Both of whom died early s. p.

The said Edward Tregoze died in the flower of his age, hardly more than 23, in the 1st Hen. IV. (1399-1400), s. p. s.; as by his Inquis. post mort. appears; and that he died seised of Goring, Preston, &c. &c. (all the old family estates) in Sussex; and that John Tregoze (son of Sir Henry) was his cousin (uncle) and heir, and then æt. 30 years. This

JOHN TREGOZE (5th son of Sir Henry, by Lord Morley's daughter,) was born about 1369, and succeeded his above nephew in the various family estates, 1499 (1st Hen. IV.) He did not, however, long enjoy them; but died seised of them in the 5th Hen. IV. (1403-4), and the jury empanelled at his Inquis. post mort. found, that he died s. p., and that his heir was Thomas Lewknor, then aged only 12 years, the son of Roger Lewknor son of Joane Lewknor, the daughter of Margaret D'Oyle, sister of Sir Henry Tregoze, father of the deceased John. Thus all the estates of the Tregozes, viz. Bogelie in Kent, and Goring, Preston, Burgham, Perham, Walderton, Wigenholt, Gretham, and Codham, in Sussex, passed through the D'Oylys into the Lewknor family; among the various members of the latter of which, they were eventually divided; and thus were founded the several branches of the Lewknors, at Goring, Preston, Walderton, &c. &c.

The Tregoze family, (or to speak more strictly, its surname,) did not expire with John Tregoze who died 5th Hen. IV. There was long afterwards a family of the name of "Tregoz alias Tregoies," in Cornwall. If legitimate, it is probable that these Tregozes sprang from a scion of the Sussex branch; as they are said to have borne the same charges with the tinctures of blue and gold: but this is doubtful. It might merely be an assumption: and it is certain that some of the Cornish Tregozes bore "Argent, three foxes in full course sable."

Seaton Carew. W. D. B.