Table XII. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Edward I, King of England, 1272—1307.

(A 1) Geoffrey V, COUNT OF ANJOU AND MAINE; *d.* 7 Sep. 1151. See Tab. I, D 1.

(B 1) **Henry II, King of England**; *d.* 6 July 1189. See Tab. I, E.

(A 2) Matilda, the Empress, da. of **Henry I, King of the English**; *d.* 10 Sep. 1167. See Tab. I, D 2.

(A 3) William, VIII COUNT OF POITOU, X DUKE OF AQUITAINE; *d.* 9 Apr. 1137. See Tab II, D 1.

(B 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 31 March 1204. See Tab. II, E.

(A 4) Aenor, da. of Aimery I, VICOMTE DE CHATELLERAULT; 1st wife. See Tab. II, D 2.

(A 5) William Taillefer IV, COUNT OF ANGOULEME; *d.* 7 Aug. 1178. See Tab. IX, C 1.

(B 3) Aimar Taillefer, COUNT OF ANGOULEME; *d.* 1218. See Tab. IX, D 1.

(A 6) Margaret, da. of Raymond I, VICOMTE DE TURENNE; 2nd wife. See Tab. IX, C 2.

(A 7) Peter, SEIGNEUR DE COURTENAY, j. ux. See Tab. IX, C 3.

(B 4) Alice de Courtenay; *d.* 1218. See Tab. IX, D 2.

(A 8) Isabel or Elizabeth, da. and hss. of Renaud, SEIGNEUR DE COURTENAY. See Tab. IX, C 4.

(A 9) Alfonso II, KING OF ARAGON; *d.* 25 Apr. 1196. See Table XI, B 1.

(B 5) Alfonso II, COUNT OF PROVENCE; *d.* Feb. 1209. See Tab. XI, C 1.

(A 10) Sancha, da. of Alfonso VIII, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON; *d.* Nov. 1208 or 1209; 2nd wife. See Tab. XI, B 2.

(A 11) Raymon de Sabran, SEIGNEUR DE CASTELLAR. See Tab. XI, B 3.

(B6) Gersinde, COUNTESS OF FORCALQUIER. See Tab. XI, C 2.

(A 12) Gersinde, da. and hss. of William II (IV), COUNT OF FORCALQUIER; 1st wife. See Tab. XI, B 4.

(A 13) Humbert III, COUNT OF SAVOY; *d.* 4 March 1188. See Tab. XI, B 5.

(B 7) Thomas, COUNT OF SAVOY; *d.* 20 Jan. 1233. See Tab. XI, C 3.

(A 14) Beatrice, da. of Girard, COUNT OF VIENNE AND MACON; 3rd wife. See Tab. XI, B 6.

(B 8) Beatrice. See Tab. XI, C 4.

(A 15) William I, COUNT OF GENEVA; *d.* by 1226. See Tab. XI, B 7.

(A 16) Beatrice, da. of Guy de Valperga. See Tab. XI, B 8.

(C 1) **John, King of England**, *d.* 18-19 Oct. 1216. See Tab. VII, E.

(C 2) Isabel or Elizabeth, **Queen Consort**, *d.* abt. 1245; 2nd wife. See Tab. IX, E

(C 3) Raymond-Berenger IV, COUNT AND MARQUIS OF PROVENCE, COUNT OF FORCALQUIER; *d.* 19 Aug. 1245. See Tab. XI, D 1.

(C 4) Beatrice; *d.* 1266. See Tab. XI, D 2.

(D 1) **Henry III, King of England**; *d.* 16 Nov. 1272. See Tab. X, E.

(D 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 25 June 1291. See Tab. XI, E.

(E) **Edward I, King of England**, LORD OF IRELAND, DUKE OF AQUITAINE; *b.* at Westminster 17 June 1239, created Earl of Chester 14 Feb. $1254\frac{5}{4}$; began to reign 20 Nov. 1272; crowned (with his wife) at Westminster 19 Aug. 1274; *d.* at Burgh-on-Sands 7 July 1307, bur. in Westminster Abbey 27 Oct.; elder son.

(A 1) Alfonso VIII, KING OF CASTILE, LEON AND GALICIA ; *d.* 21 Aug. 1157. See Tab. IV, C 3.

(A 2) Berengaria, da. of Raymond-Berenger III, COUNT OF BARCELONA; *d.* 3 Feb. 1149/50; 1st wife. See Tab. IV, C 4.

(B 1) Ferdinand II, KING OF LEON AND GALICIA, 1157—1188 ; *d.* 21 Jan. 1188/9 ; 3rd but 2nd surv. son.

(A 3) Alfonso-Henriquez I, KING OF PORTUGAL 1143—1185 ; *b.* July 1110 ;(1) *d.* 6 Dec. 1185.

(A 4) Mafalda or Matilda, da. of Amédée II, COUNT OF SAVOY ; *m.* 1146 ; *d.* 4 Dec. 1157.

(B 2) Urraca ; *m.* (without dispen.) in 1164 ; separ. in 1175 ; 1st wife.

(A 5) Sancho III, KING OF CASTILE, 1157—1158 ; *b.* 1135 ; *d.* 31 Aug. 1158.

(A 6) Blanche, da. of Garcia IV (V), KING OF NAVARRE ; *m.* 4 Feb. 1151 ; *d.* 12 Aug. 1156.

(B 3) Alfonso III (IX), KING OF CASTILE ; *b.* 11 Nov. 1155 ; *d.* the night 5-6 Oct (8) 1214 ; only child.

(B 4) Eleanor ; *b.* 13 Oct. 1161 ; *m.* Sep. 1180 [not 1170] ; *d.* 21 or 31 Oct. 1214.

(A 7) **Henry II, King of England** ; *d.* 6 July 1189. See Tab. I, E.

(A 8) Eleanor, **Queen Consort** ; *d.* 31 March 1204. See Tab. II, E.

(B 5) Alberic II, COUNT OF DAMMARTIN, Chamberlain of France ;(3) *d.* abt. 1182.

(B 6) Matilda or Mahaut.

(A 9) Alberic I, COUNT OF DAMMARTIN, Chamberlain of France ;(3) *d.* abt. 1182.

(A 10) [Clemence, da. of Renaud I, COUNT OF BAR-LE-DUC.(4)]

(A 11) * * * *

(A 12) * * * *

(B 7) William III, COUNT OF PONTHIEU AND MONTREUIL, 1191—1221 ; *b.* after 1178 ; *d.* 4 Oct.(10) 1221 ; elder son.

(A 13) John I, COUNT OF PONTHIEU AND MONTREUIL, 1147—1191 ; *d.* 1191.

(A 14) Beatrice, da. of Anselme, COUNT OF ST. POL (by Eustache . . .) ; living 1190 ; 3rd wife.

(B 8) Alice ; *m.* 20 Aug. 1195.(11)

(A 15) Louis VII, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 18 Sep. 1180. See Tab. IV, D 1.

(A 16) Constance, da. of Alfonso VIII, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON ; *d.* 4 Oct. 1160 ; 2nd wife. See Tab. IV, D 2.

(C 1) Alfonso IX, KING OF LEON AND GALICIA ; 1188—1230 ; *d.* 23 or 24 Sep. 1230 ; 1st son.

(C 2) Berengaria, QUEEN OF CASTILE in 1217,(12) 1st da. ; *b.* Aug. 1181 [not 1171] ; *m.* Oct. or Nov. 1197 ; abdic. 31 Aug. 1217 ; *d.* 8 Nov. 1246 ; 2nd wife.

(C 3) Simon, COUNT OF AUMALE, COUNT OF PONTHIEU AND MONTREUIL ; *m.* by 1208 (13) *d.* Sep. 1251 ; only child.

(C 4) Mary, COUNTESS OF MONTREUIL ; *m.* by 1225 ; *d.* Abbey of Valoires ; 2nd wife.

(D 1) Ferdinand III, the Saint, KING OF CASTILE, 1217—1252 ; KING OF LEON AND GALICIA, 1230—1252 ; *b.* in 1200, before Aug. ; proclaimed King of Castile at Valladolid on the abdic. of his mother ; KING OF CORDOVA by conquest in 1236 ; *d.* at Seville 30 May 1252, bur. there in the Metrop. Ch. ; canonised by Pope Clement X, 15 Feb. 1671 ; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(D 2) Jane, COUNTESS OF PONTHIEU, MONTREUIL AND AUMALE, 1st da. and hss. ; *m.* at Burgos in 1237 or 38 ; *d.* at Abbeville 16 March 1278, bur. in the Abbey of Valoires ; 2nd wife.

(E) Eleanor, COUNTESS OF PONTHIEU ;(14) *m.* at Burgos in 1254, as 1st wife, to **Edward, Earl of Chester**, afterwards King of England ; *d.* at Hardeby in Nottinghamshire 28 Nov. 1290, bur. in Westminster Abbey 17 Dec.

Table XIII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Eleanor

(of Castile),

Queen Consort to Edward I.

Additions to Table XI.

A. 1. He *d.* at St. Dalmace, near Genoa, 6, 8, 15 or 26 Aug. 1162, bur. in the Abbey of Ripoll. (Elder son of Raymond-Berenger III, Count of Barcelona, by Douce of Provence. See Table IV, B 7, 8.)

A. 2. She succ. on the abdic. of her father 11 Aug. 1137; *d.* at Barcelona 13, 15 or 18 Oct. 1172 or 73, bur. there, it is believed, in the Cath. Church. (Her mother was Agnes,[2] dau. of William IX, Duke of Aquitaine.)

A. 4. She was *m.* at Soria. [She *m.* 2, 1162, Raymond-Berenger II, le Jeune, Count of Provence, who was slain at the siege of Nice in March 1166.] (Her mother was Christina, dau. of Frederic II, Duke of Suabia and Alsace.)

A. 5. (He was probably son of Rostaing de Sabran I.)

A. 7. He and his yr. br. Bertrand II (who *d.* s.p.) succ. their father as joint Counts in 1149 or 50. (Elder son of Bertrand I, Count of Forcalquier, by Joscerane, dau., perhaps, of Arnaud de Flotte.)

A. 9. He *d.* at Nicosia in Cyprus, bur. there in the monastery of the Holy Cross. (Eldest son of Humbert II, Count of Maurienne, by Gisela of Burgundy. See Table IV, B 3, 4.)

A. 11. He succ. his father by 1156; bur. in the Metrop. Church of St. Etienne at Besançon. (Second son of William IV, Count of Burgundy, of Vienne and of Mâcon, by Ponce or Adelaide (widow of Thibaut, Seigneur de Rougemont), dau. of Thibaut, Seigneur de Traves.)

A. 11*. Thierry of Alsace, Count of Flanders; succ. his cousin William Clito[6] 27[7] or 28 July 1128;[8] *d.* at Gravelines 4 Feb.[9] $116\frac{7}{8}$, aged 69, bur. in the Abbey of Waten. [He *m.* 1, Swanhilde.] (Second son of Thierry II, the Valiant, Duke of Lorraine, by his second wife Gertrude (widow of Henry III, Count of Brabant) dau. of Robert I, the Frison, Count of Flanders.)

A. 12*. Sibylla;[10] *m.* 1134 or 35; *d.* in the Hospital of St. John at Jerusalem 1163[11] or 67,[12] and was bur. there; second wife. (Dau. of Fulk V, Count of Anjou, King of Jerusalem, by Aremburge of Maine. See Table I, C. 1, 2.)

A. 13. (Elder son of Aimon, Count of Geneva, by Itta, dau. of Louis, Seigneur de Faucigny in Savoy.)

B. 1. He was previously called Raymond; became King of Aragon in 1162; inherited the Comté of Roussillon by the will (dated 4 July 1172) of Count Guinard or Gerard II, on the death of the latter by 19 July 1172; *d.* at Perpignan, bur. in the Abbey of Poblet in Catalonia. [He *m.* 1, Mafalda,[15] dau. of Alfonso I, King of Portugal, separ. on account of consang.]

B. 2. She *d.* a nun in the Abbey of Xixena in Aragon.

B. 5. He was *b.* at Vigliana; *d.* at Chambéry, bur. in the Cistercian Abbey of Haute-Combe in Savoy. [He *m.* 1, Faidida, dau. of Alfonso I, called Jourdain, Count of Toulouse. He *m.* 2, Germana, called also Anne, dau.[17] of Conrad, Duke of Zaringen; she *d.* by 1162.]

B. 6*. Gertrude;[18] became a nun at the Abbey of Messines near Ypres; fourth wife. [She *m.* by 1171,[19] as first wife, Hugh III, Seigneur d'Oisy and de Crevecœur, Châtelain de Cambrai and Vicomte de Meaux, from whom she was separ.][20]

B. 7, 8. They were bur. in the monastery of Ste. Catherine-sur-Annecy.

[1] His style in charters was :—Raimundus, Comes Barchinonensis et Bisullimensis ac Marchio—in 1134, and :—Raimundus Berengarius, Barchinonensis Comes, regni Aragonis Princeps, et Tortose et Provincie Marchio—in 1156. (Cartul. of St. Victor at Marseille, nos. 702, 822.)

[2] She (who was widow of Aimery, Vicomte de Thouars) is called Matilda by Robert du Mont (ad ann. 1160) but incorrectly. See Besly, Comtes de Poitou, preuves, pp. 465-67.

[3] Another, but less authoritative, version makes her dau. of Boleslaw II (br. and successor of Wladyslaw), by Agnes, dau. of Leopold III, Duke of Austria.

[4] Or Castlar, now le Cayla, in the diocese of Nîmes.

[5] Matilda or Maisindis, wife of Guigues III, is supposed to have been of royal parentage, as she is called *Regina* in some charters. See, for example, the Cartul. of the Cath. of Grenoble, Cartul. C, no. 122, edit. Jules Marion, p. 243.

[6] Son of Robert II, Duke of the Normans.

[7] VI. Kal. aug., sexta feria post transmigrationem Domini in monte Thabor, Comes Willelmus Northmannus, dum in assultu præfatæ obsidionis se prætulisset hostibus penes castrum Alst, dejectus ab equo dum sese in pedes recepisset, et manum dexteram ad horas armorum deduceret, quidam peditum ab hostibus prosiliens lancea eandem dexteram Consulis in palma perfigens, medium brachii quod adjunctum manui cohæserat perfodit, et lethali vulnere infecit. Quem milites sui collegerunt, ut pote dominum suum miserando occasu morientem, ac per totum illum diem mortem celando inimicis sine planctu et ejulatu voces et clamores dolorum compresserant, tanto acriori mentis angustiati confusione. (Gualbertus notarius Brugensis in historia de traditione et murdro Caroli Comitis.)

[8] Orderic (l. xii, c. 45) says that he lived five days after receiving his mortal wound, and (quoting his epitaph) that he died 28 July in the habit of a monk. The Chronicle of St. Bertin is to a similar effect :—Quo vulnere morti contiguus, monachus hic efficitur ; et in Sithiu cenobio deportatus . . . ante crucem tumulatur. (Cartul. Sithiense, edit. Guérard, p. 299.) The account by the contemporary Fleming is perhaps preferable.

[9] Rob. de Monte Meier says Jan. 17, and Lambert de Waterlos about Epiphany.

[10] She is called Mabiria in the Chronicle of Normandy :—Tetricus Comes Flandrensis rediit de Hierusalem, et uxor ejus Mabiria remansit cum abbatissa sancti Lazari de Bethania, invito conjuge suo.

[11] Lambertus de Waterlos canonicus S. Auberti Camerac. in Chron.

[12] Auctarium Sigeberti Aquicinctinum.

[13] Anselme (tom. ii, p. 157) says, erroneously enough, that the wife of this Pons was Laurence, niece of Milo, Count of Bar-sur-Seine. But this Laurence, who is supposed to have been dau. of Anseau de Trainel, was living wife of a Pons de Cuiseaux in 1223. See L'Art de Vér. les Dates, tom. ii, p. 591.

[14] His style (1177) was :—Ildefossus, Dei gratia Rex Aragonie, Comes Barchinonis et Provincie Marchio. (Cartul. of St. Victor at Marseille, no. 1110.)

[15] Brandano says that she was affianced 30 Jan. 1155 ; Faria-y-Sousa that she was *m.* in 1160 at the age of about 12. She was probably not the same as Teresa, called also Matilda, for whom see Table XIV, A 13.

[16] The name of Raynon's second wife is unknown.

[17] Usually said to have been dau. of Berthold IV (son of Conrad) ; but in L'Art de Vér. les Dates this statement is altered to the above for chronological reasons.

[18] It is not clear who was mother of Count Thomas (C 3). If Gertrude of Flanders were the wife in question, her grandson Thomas's wife, viz., Jane, Countess of Flanders and Hainault, will have been his second cousin, which is not very likely. Gertrude is said by many writers to have had a first husband, Lambert, Count of Montagu and Clermont in Ardennes, who *d.* in 1147. I have for these and other reasons rejected her in the table, and placed her parents above at A 11*, 12*.

[19] Cartul. of the Abbey of Marchiennes in Flanders, cited by Du Chesne (M. de

Coucy, p. 225). Hence if Gertrude was the mother of Thomas, Count of Savoy, Hugh d'Oisy III (not IV) must have been her first husband and Count Humbert her second, (and not the reverse, as is stated in L'Art de Vér. les Dates).

[20] By 1181 Hugh d'Oisy had *m.* a second wife, Margaret, dau. of Thibaut, Count of Blois and Chartres. (Cartul. of the Abbey of St. Aubert—Carpentier, Hist. du Cambresis, preuves, p. 21). He *d.* in 1189. (Auct. Aquicinct.)

[21] He was appenaged with the Comté of Provence in 1185.

[22] Her grandfather William, Count of Forcalquier, gave her for dot that comté, reserving to himself the usufruct, by treaty with Alfonso II, King of Aragon, at Aix in July 1193; but he afterwards transferred a portion of the comté, viz., the Gapençois and the Embrunois, to her younger sister Beatrice, by the contract of marriage of the latter, dated June 1202, with André de Bourgogne, called Guigues VI, Dauphin, Count of Albon and Viennois. (Bouche, Hist. de Provence, tom. ii, p. 179; L'Art de Vér. les Dates, tom. ii, p. 446.)

[23] I follow the learned Du Bouchet in taking Beatrice of Geneva (who, according to Guichenon's preuves, was wife of Count Thomas in 1210 and 1218) as mother of D 2. Guichenon nevertheless gives to Thomas a second wife (*m.* by 1197, *d.* 1233) Margaret de Faucigny, making her the mother of the children. She was dau. of William (living 1202), who was second son of Humbert (living 1170), and grandson of Rudolf, both Seigneurs de Faucigny.

[24] . . . Nos Raimundus Berengarius, Dei gratia Comes et Marchio Provincie et Comes Forcalquerii . . . videntes necnon et affectionem et piam devotionem quam venerabilis Comes Yldefonsus, pater meus quondam, et alii antecessores nostri habuerunt erga monasterium sepe dictum [Massiliense], cum consensu et voluntate expressa domine G., Comittisse Provincie, venerabilis matris mee . . . donationem . . . laudamus . . . Anno Domini 1218, mense januario, decimo kalendas februarii. Post hec, anno quo supra, vi kalendas februarii, nos G., Dei gratia Comitissa Provincie et Forcalquerii, et mater et tutrix R. Berengarii, Comitis Provincie , . . (Cartul. of St. Victor at Marseille, no. 911.)

Additions to Table XIII.

A. 3. He was born at Guimarãens; finally recognized as King in 1143. He and his wife both *d.* at Coimbra, and were bur. there in the Church of Santa Cruz. (Only son of Henry of Burgundy,[2] Count of Portugal, by Teresa, nat. dau. of Alfonso VI, King of Castile and Leon.)

A. 4. (Her mother was Matilda of Albon. See Table XI, A 9, 10.)

A. 5. He *d.* at Toledo, bur. there in the Metrop. Church. (Eldest son of A 1, A 2.)

A. 6. She was *m.* at Najera. (Her mother was Margaret de l'Aigle. See Table VI, C 1, 2.)

A. 10. [She *m.* 1, as second wife, Renaud II, Count of Clermont in Beauvaisis.[5] She *m.* 3, Thibaut III, Seigneur de Nanteuil-le-Haudouin[6] in Valois.] (Dau. of Renaud I, Count of Bar, by his first wife Gisela, dau.[7] of Gerard I, Count of Vaudemont.)

A. 13. He *d.* at the siege of Acre, bur. in the Abbey of St. Josse-aux-Bois in Ponthieu. [He *m.* 1, Mahaut. He *m.* 2, Laura, dau. of Bernard III, Seigneur de St. Valery; repud. her on plea of consang.] (Eldest son Guy II, Count of Ponthieu, by Ida.)

B. 1. He *d.* at Benavente, bur. in the Metrop. Church of Santiago. [He *m.* 2, Nov. 1176, Teresa, dau. of Nuno Perez de Lara; she *d.* 7 Feb. 1180, bur. in the Church of San Isidro at Leon. He *m.* 3, 1181, Urraca, dau. of Lope Diaz de Haro I, a Count in Biscay.]

B. 2. Her marriage was annulled in 1175 on account of consang.

B. 3. He was called the Noble and the Good; *d.* at Guttiere Muños, a village of Arevalo, bur. (as was his wife) in the monastery of las Huelgas near Burgos.

B. 4. She was *b.* at Domfront; *m.* at Tarazona.

B. 7. He was bur. in the Abbey of Notre-Dame de Balance.

C. 1. He *d.* at Villanueva de Sarria, bur. in the Metrop. Church of Santiago. [He *m.* 1, 1188 (without dispens.), Teresa, dau. of Sancho I, King of Portugal (his maternal uncle), marriage annulled by the second Council of Salamanca in 1192 on account of consang. (Leon and Portugal placed under an interdict 1193-5), separ. 1195; she *d.* 18 June 1250, a nun at the Cistercian Abbey of Lorvano, and was bur. there.]

C. 2. She was *m.* at Valladolid, papal dispens. refused (Leon placed under an interdict 1202-4), separ. on account of consang. in 1204; *d.* at Burgos, bur. in the monastery of las Huelgas.

C. 3. He obtained the Comté of Aumale from the French King in 1200; he and his wife both *d.* at Abbeville and were bur. in the Abbey of Valoires in Ponthieu.

C. 4. [She *m.* 2, 1243, Matthew de Montmorency, Seigneur d'Attichy; he *d.* in 1250, bur. in the Abbey of Valoires.]

D. 1. [He *m.* 1, at Burgos, 30 Nov. 1219 or 20, Ethisa, called also Beatrice, dau. of Philip II, King of the Romans; she *d.* at Toro in 1234, bur. in the monastery of las Huelgas.]

D. 2. [She *m.* 2, 1260, as second wife, John de Néelle III, Seigneur de Falvy-sur-Somme and la Herelle;[15] he was living 8 Aug. 1289.]

[1] Not in 1094, as Faria-y-Sousa and others assert. For in a charter this monarch says positively that he was in the 37th year of his age in May 1147.

[2] See Table IV, notes 22 and 24.

[3] Albericus Comes de Dampmartin, laudante patre suo camerario . . . coram piissimo Francorum Rege Ludovico, dat in eleemosinam monasterio Cariloci [Charlieu] fundum loci in quo situm est monasterium, etc. Actum Sylvanecti anno 1162.—(Cited by Anselme tom. viii, p. 401.) Alberic I is said to have also *m.* in 1181, Amicia, dau. of Robert aux Blanchesmains, Earl of Leicester (and widow of Simon, Count of Evreux) and to have died soon after.

[4] The authority for this wife of Alberic is Du Chesne (M. de Bar, 1631, p. 24): the statement being "recueilly de plusieurs conjectures et raisons fort vray-semblables," viz.:—(i) Hugh of Clermont, son of Clemence, was uncle of Renaud, son of Alberic II (Cartul. of the Abbey of Andres) while it appears that Mahaut (B 6) could not have been sister of Hugh. (ii) The family of Dammartin was allied in some manner to the Counts of Clermont (Rigordus, ad ann. 1212), and to the Counts of Bar (Albericus, ad ann. 1212). Du Chesne adds, however, that Clemence, Countess of Dammartin, was living a widow in 1153 (Cartul. of St. Denis), which seems sufficient to destroy the whole conjecture. But as the name of Du Chesne is great in genealogical matters, his suggestion has been treated as a certainty by later writers.

[5] De una sorore ejusdem [Rainaldi II] Comitis [Barri] fuerunt Comites de Claromonte Belvacensi. (Albericus, ad ann. 1170). It is certain that her name was Clemence (Cartul. of St. Victor at Paris). Renaud II (of Clermont) is the personage mentioned in Table VIII, A 12.

[6] Du Chesne, M. de Chastillon, 1621, p. 658: where he does not mention the alliance with Dammartin,

[7] Iste Comes Gerardus [Vaudanimontis] duxit filiam Comitis de Daburc, de qua genuit . . . Gislam, quæ fuit Comitissa Barri. (Albericus, ad ann. 1070.)

[8] St. Marc, though he mentions that it was the day of Ste. Foi (6 Oct.), misprints it 6 Aug, a mistake often copied.

[9] He died an exile in London 19 Sep. 1200, according to the Continuator of Robert du Mont.

[10] Necrology of the Church of Amiens. He died between Dec. 1220 and Nov. 1221, the French King having seized the comté after his death, and before the latter date: as appears by the following charters. Ego Robertus Comes Drocensis, Dominus Sancti Walerici, et ego Aaenor ejusdem uxor. Notum facimus universis, quod cum

querela verteretur inter nos, et venerabilem patrem et dominum nostrum Willelmum Comitem Pontivi ex altera, ita composuimus de querelis supra scriptis . . . Actum anno Domini 1220, mense decembris. (Registre des titres de la comté de Ponthieu.) Noverint universi presentes literas inspecturis, quod ego Robertus Comes Drocarum et Dominus de Sancto Walerico, et Aanora uxor mea, quitavimus domino Regi Francorum feodum de Buires cum omnibus appenditiis dicti feodi, et heredibus domini Regis, vel illi cui balliviam et terram Pontivi reddiderit . . . Actum anno Domini 1221, mense novembri. (Tresor des Chartes du Roi, Laiette Dreux, no. 7.) Both given by Du Chesne, M. de Dreux, preuves, p. 267.

[11] She was *m.* by contract dated at Meudon (Anselme), or at Mantes (L'Art de Vérifier les Dates), 20 Aug. 1195. The circumstances of her betrothal to, and rejection by, Richard Cœur-de-Lion are well known.

[12] She succeeded as Queen of Castile on the death of her brother Henry I (*b.* 14 Apr. $120\frac{3}{4}$, *d.* 6 June 1217).

[13] I obtain this limit from the following charter:—Ego Renaldus, Comes Bolonie, notum facio presentibus et futuris, quod hec sunt conventiones inter me et Guillelmum, Comitem Pontivi, et Mariam ejusdem comitis filiam, et Simonem fratrem meum, qui cum eadem Maria matrimonium contraxit. Ego siquidem Simoni, fratri meo, quingentas libratas terre, parisiensis monete, pro hoc matrimonio contrahendo in terra mea Normannie ultra Secanam donavi . . . Actum apud Compendium anno Domini MCC octavo, mense septembri. (Tr. des Chartes, *Boulogne I* contin., no. 3, carton J. 238.)

[14] On the death of Jane (D 2), King Edward I claimed, in his wife's name, the Comtés of Ponthieu and Aumale. The matter was decided at the Parliament of the Pentacost 1279 [not 1281]. John (son of Ferdinand, who was brother of the whole blood to Eleanor, and who *d.* abt. 1260, v.m.), as heir male of his father, was confirmed in the Comté of Aumale, since it was in Normandy, but not in the Comté of Ponthieu, where such representation was not admitted. (Apparently, according to the custom of Ponthieu, Eleanor was her mother's heir, as being the *surviving* child.) This John, slain at Courtrai 11 July 1302, was father of John II, who *d.* in 1342, s.p.m.

[15] Universis presentes literas inspecturis, Joannes de Nigella miles, Comes Pontivi et Joanna ejus uxor, Dei gratia Regina Castelle et Legionis, Comitissa Pontivi, salutem . . (Tresor des Chartes—Du Chesne, M. de Bethune, preuves, p. 169.)

(A 1) Philip(1) II, KING OF THE FRENCH, 1180—1223 ; *b.* the night 21-22 Aug. 1165 ; *d.* 14 July 1223.

(A 2) Isabel, da. of Baldwin, COUNT OF FLANDERS AND HAINAULT ; *b.* 1170 ; *m.* 28 Apr. 1180 ; *d.* 15 March 1190 ;(6) 1st wife.

(A 3) Alfonso III, KING OF CASTILE ; *d.* 5-6 Oct. 1214. See Tab. XIII, B 3.

(A 4) Eleanor, da. of **Henry II, King of England** ; *d.* Oct. 1214. See Tab. XIII, B 4.

(A 5) Alfonso II, COUNT OF PROVENCE ; *d.* Feb. 1209. See Tab. XI, C 1.

(A 6) Gersinde, COUNTESS OF FORCALQUIER, da. of Raynon de Sabran. See Tab. XI, C 2.

(A 7) Thomas, COUNT OF SAVOY ; *d.* 20 Jan. 1233. See Tab. XI, C 3.

(A 8) Beatrice, da. of William I, COUNT OF GENEVA ; 1st wife. See Tab. XI, C 4.

(A 9) Henry I, the Warrior, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT,(7) MARQUIS OF THE EMPIRE, 1190—1235 ; *d.* 5 Sep. 1235,(9) aged abt. 77.

(A 10) Matilda, da. of Matthew, COUNT OF BOULOGNE ; *m.* 1179 ;(12) *d.* abt. 1211 ; 1st wife.

(A 11) Philip of Suabia, KING OF THE ROMANS, 1198—1208 ; murdered 23 June 1208, aged abt. 31.

(A 12) Irene,(13) da. of Isaac Angelos, Greek EMPEROR OF CONSTANTINOPLE (by his first wife(18) . . .) ; *m.* 1195 ; *d.* 1208.(15)

(A 13) Eudes or Odo III, DUKE OF BURGUNDY, 1192—1218 ; *d.* 6 July 1218.

(A 14) Alice, da. of Hugh, SEIGNEUR DE VERGY ; *m.* 1198 or 99 ; *d.* 8 March(21) 1251; 2nd wife.

(A 15) Robert III, called Gâtebled,(22) COUNT OF DREUX AND BRAINE, 1218—1234 ; *d.* 3 March 1233.(24)

(A 16) Aenor, da. and hss. of Thomas, SEIGNEUR DE ST. VALERY ; *m.* abt. 1210 ; *d.* 1250, or soon after, 15 Nov.(26)

(B 1) Louis VIII, le Lion, KING OF THE FRENCH, 1223—1226; *b.* Sep. 1187; *d.* 8 Nov. 1226 ; elder son. = (B 2) Blanche; *m.* 23 May(15) 1200; *d.* 1 Dec. 1252, aged 64.

(B 3) Raymond-Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER ; *d.* 19 Aug. 1245. See Tab. XI, D 1. = (B 4) Beatrice ; *d.* 1266. See Tab. XI, D 2.

(B 5) Henry II, the Magnanimous, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT, etc., 1235—1248 ; *d.* 1 Feb. 1248, aged 59 ; elder son. = (B 6) Mary ; *m.* 1207 ;(3) 1st wife.

(B 7) Hugh IV, DUKE OF BURGUNDY, 1218—1273 ; *b.* 9 March 1229 ;(36) *d.* 1272; *d.* Feb 1272 ;(34) only son. = (B 8) Yolande ; *m.* 1255 ; 1st wife.

(C 1) St. Louis IX, KING OF THE FRENCH, 1226—1270 ; *b.* 25 Apr. 1215 ;(37) *d.* 25 Aug. 1270 ;(37) 2nd but 1st surv. son. = (C 2) Margaret ;(39) *m.* May 1234 ; *d.* 20(40) or 21(41) Dec. 1295 ; 1st da.

(C 3) Henry III, the Debonair, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT, MARQUIS OF THE EMPIRE, 1248—1261 ; *d.* 28 Feb. 1261 ;(42) 1st son. = (C 4) Aleyde or Alice ; *d.* 23 Oct. 1273.(42)

(D 1) Philip III, le Hardi, KING OF THE FRENCH, 1270—1285 ; *b.* 1 May 1245 ;(43) crowned at Reims 15(44) or 30 Aug.(45) 1271 ; *d.* at Perpignan 5 Oct. 1285 ;(46) his bones were bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis 3 Dec. 1285 ; 2nd but 1st surv. son. = (D 2) Mary ; *m.* by contract dated at Vincennes Aug. 1274 ; crowned in the Sainte Chapelle of the Palais Royal at Paris 24 June 1275 ; *d.* a Murel near Meulan 12 (or 10) Jan. 1324, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Paris ; 2nd wife.

(E) Margaret ; *m.* (by papal dispens. dated 27 June 1299) at Canterbury 10(46) Sep. 1299, as 2nd wife, to **Edward I, King of England** ; *d.* 14 Feb. 1317, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans, or Grey Friars, at London.

Table XIV. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Margaret

(of France),

Queen Consort to Edward I.

Table XV. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Edward II, King of England, 1307—1327.

(A 1) **Henry II, King of England**, *d.* 6 July 1189. See Tab. I, E.

(A 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**, da. of William X, DUKE OF AQUITAINE; *d.* 31 March 1204. See Tab. II, E.

(B 1) **John, King of England**; *d.* 18.19 Oct. 1216. See Tab. VII, E.

(B 2) Isabel, **Queen Consort**, *d.* abt. 1245; 2nd wife. See Tab. IX, E.

(A 3) Aimar Taillefer, COUNT OF ANGOULEME; *d.* 1218. See Tab. IX, D 1.

(A 4) Alice, da. of Peter, SEIGNEUR DE COURTENAY; *d.* 1218. See Tab. IX, D 2.

(B3) Raymond Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER; *d.* 19 Aug. 1245. See Tab. XI, D 1.

(A 5) Alfonso II, COUNT OF PROVENCE; *d.* Feb. 1209. See Tab. XI, C 1.

(A 6) Gersinde, COUNTESS OF FORCALQUIER, da. of Raynon de Sabran. See Tab. XI, C 2.

(B 4) Beatrice; *d.* 1266. See Tab. XI, D 2.

(A 7) Thomas, COUNT OF SAVOY; *d.* 20 Jan. 123$\frac{2}{3}$. See Tab. XI, C 3.

(A 8) Beatrice, da. of William I, COUNT OF GENEVA. See Tab. XI, C 4.

(C 1) **Henry III, King of England**; *d.* 16 Nov. 1272. See Tab. X, E.

(C 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 25 June 1291. See Tab. XI, E.

(B 5) Alfonso IX, KING OF LEON AND GALICIA; *d.* 23 or 24 Sep. 1230. See Tab. XIII, C 1.

(A 9) Ferdinand II, KING OF LEON AND GALICIA; *d.* 21 Jan. 118$\frac{7}{8}$. See Tab. XIII, B 1.

(A 10) Urraca, da. of Alfonso I, KING OF PORTUGAL; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, B 2.

(B6) Berengaria, QUEEN OF CASTILE; *d.* 8 Nov. 1246; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIII, C 2.

(C 3) Ferdinand III, KING OF CASTILE, LEON AND GALICIA; *d.* 30 May 1252. See Tab. XIII, D 1.

(A 11) Alfonso III, KING OF CASTILE; *d.* 5-6 Oct. 1214. See Tab. XIII, B 3.

(A 12) Eleanor, da. of **Henry II, King of England**; *d.* Oct. 1214. See Tab. XIII, B 4.

(B 7) Simon, COUNT OF AUMALE; *d* 21 Sep. 1239. See Tab. XIII, C 3.

(A 13) Alberic II, COUNT OF DAMMARTIN; *d.* 19 Sep. 1200. See Tab. XIII, B 5.

(A 14) Matilda or Mahaut. See Tab. XIII, B 6.

(C 4) Jane, COUNTESS OF PONTHIEU, MONTREUIL AND AUMALE; *d.* 16 March 127$\frac{8}{9}$; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIII, D 2.

(B 8) Mary, COUNTESS OF PONTHIEU AND MONTREUIL; *d.* 1251. See Tab. XIII, C 4.

(A 15) William III, COUNT OF PONTHIEU AND MONTREUIL; *d.* 4 Oct. 1221. See Tab. XIII, B 7.

(A 16) Alice, da. of Louis VII, KING OF THE FRENCH. See Tab. XIII, B 8.

(D 1) **Edward I, King of England**; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(D 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 28 Nov. 1290; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, E.

(E) **Edward II, King of England**, LORD OF IRELAND, DUKE OF AQUITAINE; *b.* in the town of Caernarvon(1) 25 Apr. 1284; had a grant of the Principality of Wales and the County of Chester, by charter, 7 Feb. 1301; summ. to Parl. as Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, 2 June 1302—3 Nov. 1306; did homage for the Duché of Aquitaine and the Comté of Ponthieu to the French King at Boulogne in Jan. 1303$\frac{4}{5}$;(2) crowned at Westminster 25 Feb. 1307$\frac{8}{9}$; deposed by Parl. 7 Jan. 1327$\frac{8}{9}$; murdered at Berkeley Castle the night 21-22 Sep. 1327, bur. in the Abbey of St. Peter at Gloucester; 4th but 1st surv. son.

ADDITIONS TO TABLE XIV.

A. 1. He was called[2] Auguste,[3] Dieu-donné,[4] and le Conquerant; crowned at Reims 1 Nov. 1179; *d.* at Mantes, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis. [He *m.* 2, at Amiens, 14 Aug. 1193, Ingeburge or Isamburge, dau. of Waldemar I, King of Denmark; she was crowned 15 Aug., and repud. 4 Nov. 1193 on pretext of consang. He *m* 3, June 1196, Agnes, dau. of Berthold IV (V), Duke of Dalmatia and Merania, Marquis of Istria, Count of Andechs; this marriage being declared null by the Pope, who placed France under an interdict, he repud. her in 1200 (she *d.* at the Castle of Poissy in 1201, and was bur. there). He retook his second wife in 1213; she *d.* at Corbeil, aged abt. 60, 29 July 1236, bur. in the Priory of St. Jean en l'Isle, near that town.] (Only son of Louis VII, King of the French, by his third wife Alice of Champagne. See Table IV, D 1.)

A. 2. She was *b.* at Valenciennes; *m.*[5] at the Abbey of Arrouaise near Bapaume; crowned with her husb. at St. Denis 29 May 1180; *d.* at Paris, bur. there in the Cath. Church. (Dau. of Baldwin, the Courageous, V Count of Hainault and VIII Count of Flanders of that name, Marquis of Namur, Prince of the Empire, by Margaret, hss. of Flanders, dau. of Thierry of Alsace, Count of Flanders.)

A. 9. He succ. his father 10 Aug.[8] 1190; *d.* at Cologne bur. (with his first wife) in the Coll. Church of St. Pierre at Louvain. [He *m.* 2. at Soissons, 22 Apr. 1213, Mary, dau. of Philip II, King of the French, and widow (8 Oct. 1212) of Philip of Hainault, styled of Flanders, and called the Noble, Count and Marquis of Namur; she *d.* 1 Aug. 1238.][10] (Eldest son of Godfrey III, the Courageous, Duke and Marquis of Lothier, Count of Louvain, by his first wife Margaret, dau.[11] of Henry II (III), Duke or Count of Limburg.)

A. 10. (Second dau. and coh. of Matthew of Alsace, styled of Flanders, Count of Boulogne j. ux., by his first wife Mary of Blois, styled of Boulogne, dau. of Stephen, King of England.)

A. 11. Philip of Suabia; created Duke and Marquis of Tuscany in 1195; succ. his brother Conrad III as Duke of Alsace, Suabia and Franconia in 1196; elected King of the Romans at Mühlhausen in Thuringia 6 March 1198; crowned at Mainz; elected anew, and crowned (with his wife) at Aachen 6 Jan. $1204\frac{4}{5}$; assassinated at Bamberg by Otho VII, Count Palatine of Wittelsbach, (21, 22 or) 23 June 1208; bur. at Bamberg, transferred to Speyer. (Fifth son of the Emperor Frederic I, Barbarossa, Duke of Suabia and Alsace, by his second wife Beatrice, dau. and hss. of Renaud III, Count of Burgundy.)

A. 12. She is called also Mary,[14] and Cecilia; bur. in the Abbey of Lorch near Tübingen.[16] [She *m.*[17]], Roger, Duke of Apulia, crowned King of Sicily, eldest son of Tancred, King of Sicily; he *d.* v.p. in 1193.]

A. 13. He succ. his father 23 Aug. 1192; *d.* at Lyon, bur. in the Abbey of Cîteaux. [He *m.* 1, 1194 or 95, Teresa, called also Matilda or Mahaut,[19] dau. of Alfonso I, King of Portugal, and widow (1 June 1191) of Philip of Alsace, Count of Flanders; separ. on plea of consang. 1197 or 98; she *d.* near Furnes in Flanders 6 (16) May 1218 (not 1208),[20] bur. in the Abbey of Clairvaux.] (Eldest son of Hugh III, Duke of Burgundy, by his first wife Alice, dau. of Matthew I, Duke of Lorraine.)

A. 14. (Dau of Hugh, Seigneur de Vergy, Autrey and Châtel-Censoy in the Duché of Burgundy, by Gilette or Guille, dau. of Garnier, Seigneur de Trainel and Marigny in Champagne.)

A. 15. He succ. his father 28 Dec. 1218 ;[23] bur. in the Abbey of St. Ived at Braîne in the Soissonnais. (Eldest son of Robert II, Count of Dreux and Braîne, by his second wife Yolande, dau.[25] of Ralph I, called de Marle, Sire de Coucy, Marle, la Fere, Crecy, Vervins, Fontaines, Landousies and Pinon.)

A. 16. [She *m.* 2, as second wife, by Jan. 123$\frac{3}{9}$,[27] Henry I, Sire de Sully, la Chapelle and Aix-dam-Gilon, in Berry; he *d.* 11 Aug. after 1248.] (Only child of Thomas, Seigneur de St. Valery, Gamaches, Aut-sur-mer, Bouin, Dommart and Bernarville, by Adele, hss. of St. Aubin near Dieppe and of la Berquerie in Flanders,[28] dau. of John I, Count of Ponthieu and Montreuil.)

B. 1. He was *b.* at Paris 3 (or the night 4-5) Sep. 1187; crowned with his wife at Reims 6 Aug. 1223 ; *d.* at the Castle of Montpensier in Auvergne, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.

B. 2. She was *m.* at Pont-Audemer (or at Purmor) in Normandy ; *d.* at Paris, bur. in the Abbey of Maubuisson near Pontoise.

B. 5. He obtained the Comté of Daelhem from Thierry, Count of Hostade and Daelhem in 124$\frac{3}{4}$;[29] *d.* at Louvain, bur. in the Cistercian Abbey of Notre-Dame at Villers. [He *m.* 2, 1239,[30] Sophia, elder dau. and eventual hss. of Louis IV, the Saint, Landgrave of Thuringia, Count Palatine of Saxony ; she *d.* 1275, bur. in the Abbey of Villers.]

B. 7. He acquired the Comtés of Chalon and Auxonne from John, Count of Chalon, 1 June 1237 ;[32] obtained the Kingdom of Thessalonica from Baldwin II, Emperor of Constantinople, by deed of gift dated at Paris Jan. 126$\frac{4}{5}$;([33]) bur. (as was his first wife) in the Abbey of Cîteaux. [He *m* 2, by contract dated Nov. 1258,[35] Beatrice, dau. of Thibaut, le Grand, I King of Navarre, IV Count Palatine of Champagne and Brie of that name ; she was living in July 1295.]

C. 1. He was *b.* at the Castle of Poissy ;[37] crowned at Reims 29 Nov. 1226 ;[38] *d.* in the camp before Tunis ; his bones were bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis 22 May 1271 ;[37] canonised by Pope Boniface VIII by bull dated 11 Aug. 1297.

C. 2. She was *m.* by papal dispens. dated 2 Jan. 123$\frac{3}{4}$; crowned at Paris in the Cath. Church 28 May 1234 [not 1235] ; *d.* at the Convent of Franciscan nuns in the Faubourg St. Marcel at Paris, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.

C. 3. He *d.* at his Castle of Louvain, bur. (as was his wife) in the Church of the Dominicans at Louvain.

D. 1. [He *m.* 1, 28 May 1262, Isabel of Aragon. See Table XVI, C 2.]

[1] So called after his sponsor Philip of Alsace, Count of Flanders :—

Flandrensis Comes . . . .
Qui Regem puerum sacro de fonte levarat,
Unde suum nomen, sicut mos exigit, illi
Indiderat. (Willelmus Brito, Philippidos, l. ii.)

[2] He is called *monoculus* by Baldwin d'Avesnes in his Chronicles and Genealogies, written about 1280.

[3] Because he was born in August.

[4] Being the only son, and that by the third wife.

[5] The dot given by her maternal uncle Philip, Count of Flanders, was the whole of the pays d'Artois, then called Flandre Occidentale.

[6] Id. marcii. Obiit christianissima Francorum regina Helisabeth, quæ in ecclesia nostra locum sepulturæ sibi elegit. (Necrology of the Cath. Church of Notre Dame at Paris, edit. Guérard, tom. iv, p. 29.)

[7] Godefridus . . . uxorem duxit Margaretam sororem Ducis Lemburgensis, ex qua duos genuit liberos, Henricum postea Ducem, et Albertum . . . Godefridus postquam ducatum tenuerat xlvii annos, mortuus est anno Domini MCXC, cui successit filius ejus Henricus . . . Henricus itaque Dux uxorem duxit Machtildem, filiam Comitis Boloniensis Mathæi, Philippi Comitis Flandriæ germani, ex qua genuit duos filios . . . primogeniti nomen Henricus . . . Mathildis Ducissa mortua, Dux Henricus aliam duxit uxorem Mariam Comitis Namurcensis Philippi relictam, Regis Francorum Philippi filiam . . . Dux igitur Henricus quartus postquam ducatum tenuerat annis xlv, mortuus est anno Domini MCCXXXV, cujus filius primogenitus Henricus in ducatu succedens, uxorem duxit Mariam filiam Ducis Sueviæ Philippi ac Regis Allemanniæ, Henrici Imperatoris germani, qui de uxore Imperatoris Constantinopolitani filia tres [quatuor] genuerat filias . . . Ex dicta ergo Maria Dux Henricus unum genuit filium Henricum . . . Mortuaque Ducissa Maria Dux Henricus secundam duxit uxorem Lantgravii Thuringiæ filiam . . . Dicto igitur Duce Henrico mortuo, successit Henricus filius ejus, qui Alaydam filiam Hugonis Ducis Burgundiæ duxit uxorem . . . Nomen filiæ Maria, quæ nupsit Regi Francorum Philippo, qui prius habuerat uxorem filiam Regis Arragonum. (Balduinus de Avennis in Chronicis.)

[8] Godefridus monachus S. Pantaleoni Colon., Annales ad ann.

[9] The inscriptions on his tomb:—

Hic primus jacet Henricus dux ordine quartus:
Cui conjunx bina, Machthylt prior, inde Maria:
Prolem septenam genuit prior, ultima binam.
Brabantinorum Dux, Regni Marchio . . .

Anno Dñi MCCXXXV nonis septembris obiit Henricus quartus Dux Lotharingiæ bonæ et piæ memoriæ. (Butkens, Trophées de Brabant, tom. i, p. 202.)

[10] Her epitaph in the Abbey of Afflinghen in Brabant:—Maria Philippi Regis filia, quondam Philippi Marchionis Namurcensis et postea Henrici Brabantiæ Ducis uxor, femina omnium pulcherrima, hic petiit sepeliri anno MCCXXXVIII, kal. aug. (Ste. Marthe, M. de France, tom. i, p. 499.) Butkens says that she died about 1226, 15 Aug. according to the Necrology of Afflinghen, and was bur. in the Ch. of St. Pierre at Louvain.

[11] Godefridus junior Dux Lotharingiæ filiam Henrici Comitis Lemburgensis in conjugio sortitus est. (Albericus ad ann. 1155.)

[12] Hec est conventio facta inter Comitem Flandrie Philippum et Ducem Lovanie Godefridum, super contractu matrimonii Henrici filii Ducis et Mathildis neptis Comitis. Sciant itaque omnes et singuli, quod Dux Godefridus dedit Henrico filio suo, ad dotandam inde Mathildem neptem Comitis, Brussellam cum castello, Vilvordam, Ucclam et Ruschebroc, et quidquid Dux habet inter Sonnam et Flandriam . . . Actum prius Antverpie et postea consummatum Brusselle anno Domini MCLXXIX. (Archives of the Church of St. Gudule at Brussels—Butkens, tom. i, preuves p. 43.)

[13] Carolus du Fresne du Cange, Familiæ Augustæ Byzantinæ, p. 204.

[14] Chron. Slavicum; Albertus Abbas Stadensis in Chron. ad ann. 1195.

[15] Robertus monachus S. Mariani Autissiodor. in Chron.

[16] Gaspard Bruschius, Chronologia Monasteriorum Germaniæ, p. 40; Crusius, Turco-Græcia, p. 500.

[17] Gesta Innocentii III; Nicetas in Isaac. Angelo, l. iii, no. 1.

[18] Hoveden is mistaken in calling her dau. of Isaac by his second wife Margaret of Hungary.

[19] Flandriæ quondam Comitis Philippi uxor et Comitissa Therasia apud suos Portugalos apud nos Mathildis cognomento Regina dicta . . . (Lambertus presbyter Ecclesiæ Ardensis in Hist. Comitum Guisnensium)

[20] Litere Mathildis Regine Comitisse Flandrie . . . Actum MCCXVI. (Cartul. of the Abbey of St. Bertin—Du Chesne, M. de Guines. preuves, p. 271.) See also in the same preuves, p. 264, a charter of Philip Augustus, dated Jan. 121⅘, . . . Si autem contingeret Mathildem, que fuit uxor Comitis Philippi, mori, volumus . . .

[21] Cartul. of Vergy; Du Chesne says March 3, Ste. Marthe May 3.

[22] Et Robertus, cui frugis vastatio casu
Agnomen puero dederat, fraterque Joannes,
Illorum, cui Brena dedit cognomen et ortum,
Cum genitore suo Roberto jam seniore. (Philippidos, l. ix.)

[23] Stirpe satus Regum pius et custodia legum
Branæ Robertus Comes requiescit opertus,
Et jacet Agnetis situs ad vestigia matris.
Anno gratiæ MCCXVIII die Innocentium. (Epitaph at St. Ived). IV kal. januar. Commemoratio piæ memoræ illustris Roberti Comitis Drocarum et Domini Branæ. (Necrology of St. Ived—Du Chesne, M. de Dreux, preuves, pp. 254-5.)

[24] Hic jacet illustris ex Regum semine natus,
Drocarum Branæque Comes Robertus humatus.
Hic in amicitia Theseus fuit, alter in armis
Ajax, consilio pollens fuit alter Ulysses. Anno Domini MCCXXXIII. (Epitaph at St. Ived.) V non. martii. Commemoratio piæ memoriæ Roberti Comitis de Brana (Necrol. of St. Ived—Du Chesne, ib. p. 271). Anno Domini MCCXXXIII, multi potentes in Francia moriuntur . . . Comes Robertus a Dreus, S. Valarici ex parte uxoris dominus. (Chron. Andrense.)

[25] B. de Avennis in Chron. et Geneal.; Le Lignage de Coucy (written in 1303); Cartularies of the Abbeys of Charme and of Braîne. (Du Chesne, M. de Coucy, preuves, pp. 348-62-64-84.)

[26] XVII kal. decembris, obiit domina Aanor Comitissa Drocensis. (Necrology of the Church of St. Victor at Paris.)

[27] Ego Henricus dominus Soliaci. Notum . . . quod ego debeo carissimo domino meo Ludovico illustri Regi Francorum quatuor millia librarum paris. pro rachato comitatus Drocensis, et terre carissime uxoris mee Comitisse Drocensis . . . MCCXXXVIII, mense januario.—Universis . . . Henricus de Soliaco Dominus, et Aanor Comitissa Drocarum et Domina Sancti Walerici, uxor mea, salutem . . . MCCXL. (Chartes du Roi, Layette Dreux—Du Chesne, M. de Dreux, preuves, p. 272-3.)

[28] For her marriage contract, dated 1178, see Bry, Hist. d'Alençon, l. xi, c. 19: P. Ignace, Hist. de Ponthieu, p. 47.

[29] Charters of Brabant in the Chamber of Accounts at Brussels. (Butkens, tom. i, pp. 85-87.)

[30] Ante biennium. (Albericus, ad ann. 1241.)

[31] Anno Dominice Incarnationis MCCVII quinto idus februarii indictione decima, Acta fuerunt hec apud Geilenhusen que inferius sunt annotata. Dominus Philippus gloriosissimus Romanorum Rex semper augustus unam de filiabus suis dedit in matrimonio filio Ducis Brabantie, et illa filia succédet in hereditatem paternam, cum aliis filiabus Domini Regis, secundum jus et consuetudinem Theutonie; et ipse Dominus Rex illam filiam assignabit ipsi Duci Brabantie apud Sinsich quartodecimo die post Pentecostes, vel suis nunciis . . . Ceterum Dux Brabantie dabit in dotem filie Domini Regis redditus valentes annuatim mille marcas . . . (Charters of Brabant, Butkens, tom. i, preuves, p. 59.)

[32] Perard, Recueil de plusieurs pièces curieuses servant à l'histoire de Bourgogne, p. 439.

[33] Charter in the Chamber of Accounts at Dijon. (Perard, p. 508; Plancher, Hist. de Bourgogne, tom. ii, preuves, p. 29.)

[34] In his will, dated 26 Sep. 1272, is the following clause:—Item filiam meam nobilem dominam Alasiam Ducissam Brabantie in dote quam a me habuit, et in C marchis argenti heredem instituo. (Du Chesne, Hist. des Ducs de Bourgogne, preuves, p. 78; Plancher, tom. ii, preuves, p. 35.)

[35] Du Chesne, Hist. des Ducs, preuves, p. 76.

[36] Dux Hugo Burgundiæ Comitis Roberti de Brana filiam hoc anno duxerat in uxorem. (Albericus, ad ann. 1229.)

[37] Jean, Sire de Joinville, Histoire de St. Louis.

[38] . . . Nobis igitur bonum videtur quod idem Ludovicus coronetur apud Remos die dominica proxima ante instans festum beati Andree . . . (Trésor des Chartes, carton J 363, Pour le couronnement de Saint Louis, no. 2.)

[39] The dot given by her father was 10,000 marcs d'argent. It is doubtful if this sum was ever paid in full.

[40] Archives of the Franciscan monastery.

[41] According to her epitaph at St. Denis, and the Necrology of the Abbey of Port-Royal.

[42] The inscriptions on their tomb:—Hic subtus jacet Dominus Henricus hujus nomine tertius, Princeps illustris, Dux Lotharingiæ et Brabantiæ sextus, hujus claustri fundator ac toti fundi dator; qui obiit anno MCCLX ultima de februarii.—Hic jacet Domina Aleydis de Burgundia Ducissa ejus uxor, istius claustri, et claustri

de Oudergem pia fundatrix, nec non ordinis totius prædicatorum benigna amatrix quæ obiit anno Domini MCCLXXIII, xxiii die octob. (Butkens, tom. i, p. 267.)

[43] Willelmus de Nangis monachus S. Dionysii in Francia in Chron.

[44] W. de Nangis de gestis Philippi III.

[45] Chron. breve S. Dionysii. The Chron. of Montfort says Sep. 23 ; other dates given are 2, 6, 15, Oct. ; but the last is certainly false.

[46] Memorandum que le jour nostre Dame sa nativite par jour de Mardi [8 Sep.] en l'an le Rey xxvii ariva Dame Meregrete, la fille Felipe Rey de Fraunse, a Dowere, e endemeyn wint a Canterberi, e le Jeudi preseyn apres wint Edward Rey d'Engleterre en l'eglise de la Trinité de Canterberi e epousa l'awandite Meregrete Reyne d'Engleterre d'age de xx ans. (De Antiquis Legibus Liber, p. 249.) N. Trivet gives 8 Sep. as the date of the marriage.

Additions to Table XV.

[1] At least it is certain that he was not born in the *Castle*. This has been shewn by the late Mr. Albert Hartshorne.

[2] An *inspeximus*, dated 16 Aug. 1343 (MSS. de Brienne, tom. xxviii, f. 243, V°) recites the treaty made between Philip le Bel and Edward I at Paris 20 May 1303, by which the English King entered into possession of the duché and pairie of Aquitaine, on condition of making "au roi de France hommage lige, purement, simplement, sans condition, comme duc d'Aquitaine et pair de France pour ladite duché." And another, by which "Edouard roi d'Angleterre, seigneur d'Hirlande et duc d'Aquitaine" made known "que nous a nostre tres cher seigneur et pere Philippe par la grace de Dieu roi de France, avons personnellement fait hommage, selon les fourmes des paix [above named] etc, et avons encore fait au dit nostre seigneur le roi de France hommage pour le comté de Ponty . . . Donne a Boulogne le dernier jour de janvier, l'an de grace mil trois cens sept, le premier an de nostre regne." (Anselme, tom. ii, pp. 563-66.)

(A 1) Louis VIII, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 8 Nov. 1226. See Tab. XIV, B 1.

(A 2) Blanche, da. of Alfonso III, KING OF CASTILE ; *d.* 1 Dec. 1252. See Tab. XIV, B 2.

(B 1) Louis IX ; KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 25 Aug. 1270. See Tab. XIV, C 1.

(B 2) Margaret ; *d.* 20 or 21 Dec. 1295. See Tab. XIV, C 2.

(A 3) Raymond Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER ; *d.* 19 Aug. 1245. See Tab. XI, D 1.

(A 4) Beatrice, da. of Thomas, COUNT OF SAVOY ; *d.* 1266. See Tab. XI, D 2.

(B 3) James I, KING OF ARAGON, 1213—1276 ; *b.* 1 or 2 Feb. 1208 ; *d.* 25 or 27 July 1276 ; only son.

(A 5) Peter II, the Catholic, KING OF ARAGON, COUNT OF BARCELONA, ROUSSILLON, AND CERDAGNE, 1196—1213 ; slain 12 Sep. 1213.

(A 6) Mary, da. of William VIII, SEIGNEUR DE MONTPELLIER ; *b.* 1182 ; *m.* June 1204 ; *d.* 20-30 Apr. 1213 [not 1219].

(B 4) Yolande ; *m.* 8 Sep. 1235 ; *d.* Oct. 1251 (or 9 Oct. 1253) ; 2nd wife.

(A 7) Andrew II, KING OF HUNGARY, 12 04—1235 ; *d.* 7 March 123$\frac{4}{5}$.

(A 8) Yolande, da. of Peter II, SEIGNEUR DE COURTENAY, COUNT OF NEVERS, AUXERRE AND TONNERRE, MARQUIS OF NAMUR, EMPEROR OF CONSTANTINOPLE ; *m.* before 29 Jan. 121$\frac{3}{5}$; *d* 1233 ;(2) 2nd wife.

(B 5) Thibaut IV, COUNT PALATINE OF CHAMPAGNE AND BRIE, 1201—1253 ; *d.* 10 July 1253 ; only son.

(A 9) Thibaut III, COUNT PALATINE OF CHAMPAGNE AND BRIE, 1197—1201 ; *b.* 1177 ; *d.* 24 or 25 May 1201.

(A 10) Blanche, da. of Sancho VI, KING OF NAVARRE ; *m.* 1195.

(B 6) Margaret ; *m.* March 123$\frac{2}{3}$; *d.* 11 Apr. 1256,(14) or 13 Apr. 1258,(15) 3rd wife.

(A 11) Archambaud VIII (IX), le Grand, SIRE DE BOURBON, 1215—1242 ;(7) slain 21 or 22 July 1242.

(A 12) Beatrice, da.(2) of Archambaud, SEIGNEUR DE MONTLUCON(9) in the Bourbonnais ; *m.* by 1215 ; living 1232.

(B 7) Robert I, COUNT OF ARTOIS, 1238—1250 ; *b.* in June 1216 ; slain 8 Feb. 124$\frac{4}{5}$; 3rd son.

(A 13) Louis VIII, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 8 Nov. 1226. See Tab. XIV, B 1.

(A 14) Blanche, da. of Alfonso III, KING OF CASTILE ; *d.* 1 Dec. 1252. See Tab. XIV, B 2.

(B 8) Matilda or Mahaut ; *m.* in June 1237 ; *d.* 29 Sep.(16) 1288.

(A 15) Henry II, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT ; *d.* 1 Feb. 124$\frac{7}{8}$. See Tab. XIV, B 5.

(A 16) Mary, da. of Philip II, KING OF THE ROMANS ; 1st wife. See Tab. XIV, B 6.

(C 1) Philip III, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 5 Oct. 1285. See Tab. XIV, D 1.

(C 2) Isabel ; *m.* (by papal dispens.) at Clermont in Auvergne 28 May 1262 ; *d.* at Cosenza in Calabria 28 Jan.(8) 127$\frac{0}{1}$, aged 24 ; 1st wife.

(C 3) Henry, le Gros or le Gras, I KING OF NAVARRE and III COUNT PALATINE OF CHAMPAGNE AND BRIE of that name, 1270—1274 ; *d.* 21, 22 or 28 July 1274 ; 3rd but 2nd surv. son.

(C 4) Blanche ; *m.* (by papal dispens.) in 1269 ; *d.* at the Castle of Vincennes 2 Apr. 130$\frac{3}{4}$, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Paris ; only surv. child.(19)

(D 1) Philip IV, le Bel, KING OF FRANCE (1285—1314),(17) AND OF NAVARRE ; *b.* at Fontainebleau in 1268 ; crowned with his wife at Reims 6 Jan. 128$\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* at Fontainebleau 29 Nov. 1314, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis 9 Dec. ; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(D 2) Jane, QUEEN OF NAVARRE, COUNTESS PALATINE OF CHAMPAGNE AND BRIE ; *b.* 1270 or 71 ; *m.* by contract dated May 1275 (by papal dispens.) at Paris 16 Aug. 1284 ; *d.* at the Castle of Vincennes 2 Apr. 130$\frac{4}{5}$, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Paris ; only surv. child.(19)

(E) Isabel ; *b.* 1292 ; affianced June 1303 ; *m.* at the Church of Notre Dame at Boulogne 25 Jan.(20) 130$\frac{4}{5}$ to **Edward II, King of England** ; *d.* at Hertford Castle 23 Aug. 1358 ;(21) bur. in the Church of the Grey Friars at London in Nov.

Table XVI. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Isabel

(of France),

Queen Consort to Edward II.

(A 1) **John, King of England**; *d.* 18-19 Oct. 1216. See Table VII, E.

(A 1) Isabel, **Queen Consort**, da. of Aimar, Count of Angouleme; *d.* abt. 1245; 2nd wife. See Tab. IX, E.

(B 1) **Henry III, King of England**; *d.* 16 Nov. 1272. See Tab. X, E.

(B 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 25 June 1291. See Tab. XI, E.

(A 3) Raymond Berenger IV, Count of Provence and Forcalquier; *d.* 19 Aug. 1245. See Tab. XI, D 1.

(A 4) Beatrice, da. of Thomas, Count of Savoy; *d.* 1266. See Tab. XI, D 2.

(B 3) Ferdinand III, King of Castile, Leon and Galicia; *d.* 30 May 1252. See Tab. XIII, D 1.

(A 5) Alfonso IX, King of Leon and Galicia; *d.* 23 or 24 Sep. 1230. See Tab. XIII, C 1.

(A 6) Berengaria, Queen of Castile, da. of Alfonso III, King of Castile; *d.* 8 Nov. 1246; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIII, C 2.

(B 4) Jane, Countess of Ponthieu, Montreuil and Aumale; *d.* 16 March 127$\frac{8}{9}$; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIII, D 2.

(A 7) Simon, Count of Aumale; *d.* 21 Sep. 1239. See Tab. XIII, C 3.

(A 8) Mary, Countess of Ponthieu and Montreuil, da. of William III, Count of Ponthieu and Montreuil; *d.* 1251. See Tab. XIII, C 4.

(B 5) Philip III, King of the French; *d.* 5 Oct. 127$\frac{8}{9}$; 1st wife. See Tab. XIV, D 1.

(A 9) Louis IX, King of the French; *d.* 25 Aug. 1270. See Tab. XIV, C 1.

(A 10) Margaret, da. of Raymond-Berenger IV, Count of Provence and Forcalquier; *d.* 20 or 21 Dec. 1295. See Tab. XIV, C 2.

(B 6) Isabel; *d.* 28 Jan. 1285. See Tab. XVI, C 2

(A 11) James I, King of Aragon; *d.* 25 or 27 July 1276. See Tab. XVI, B 3

(A 12) Yolande, da. of Andrew II, King of Hungary; 2nd wife. See Tab. XVI, B 4.

(B 7) Henry I, King of Navarre, Count Palatine of Champagne and Brie; *d.* 10 July 1253. See Tab. XVI, B 5.

(A 13) Thibaut I, King of Navarre, Count Palatine of Champagne and Brie; *d.* 8 or 10 July 1253. See Tab. XVI, B 5.

(A 14) Margaret, da. of Archambaud VIII (IX), Sire de Bourbon; 3rd wife. See Tab. XVI, B 6.

(B 8) Blanche; *d.* 2 May 1302. See Tab. XVI, C 4.

(A 15) Robert I, Count of Artois; slain 8 Feb. 12$\frac{4}{5}\frac{9}{0}$. See Tab. XVI, B 7.

(A 16) Matilda or Mahaut, da. of Henry II, Duke of Lothier and Brabant; *d.* 29 Sep. 1288. See Tab. XVI, B 8.

(C 1) **Edward I, King of England**; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(C 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 28 Nov. 1290; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, E.

(C 3) Philip IV, King of France and Navarre; *d.* 29 Nov. 1314. See Tab. XVI, D 1.

(C 4) Jane, Queen of Navarre, Countess Palatine of Champagne and Brie; *d.* 2 Apr. 130$\frac{4}{5}$. See Tab. XVI, D 2.

(D 1) **Edward II, King of England**; murdered Sep. 1327. See Tab. XV, E.

(D 2) Isabel, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 23 Aug. 1358. See Tab. XVI, E.

(E) **Edward III, King of England**, Lord of Ireland, Duke of Aquitaine; *b.* at Windsor Castle 13 Nov. 1312; cr. (it is said) Earl of Chester 24 Nov. 1312; his father transferred to him the Comté of Ponthieu 2 Sep., and the Duché of Aquitaine or Guienne 10 Sep., 1325, for which he did homage to the French King at Paris 24 Sep. 1325, and again at Amiens 6 June 1329; proclaimed King 25 Jan. 132$\frac{6}{7}$, and crowned at Westminster 1 Feb.; *d.* at Shene 21 June 1377, bur. in Westminster Abbey; elder son.

Table XVII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Edward III, King of England,

1327—1377.

ADDITIONS TO TABLE XVI.

A. 5. He was crowned at Rome by Pope Innocent III, 11 Nov. 1204; killed at the Battle of Muret in the Comté of Cominges, bur. in the Abbey of Xixena in Aragon. (Eldest son of Alfonso II, King of Aragon, by Sancha of Castile. See Tab. XI, B 1, 2).

A. 6. She was *m.* by contract dated at Montpellier 5 [not 15] June 1204; *d.* at Rome, bur. in St. Peter's. [She *m.* 1, 1194, Barral, Vicomte de Marseille. She *m.* 2, Dec. 1197, Bernard IV, Count of Cominges (who *d.* Feb. $122\frac{6}{7}$), who had already two wives living, and from whom she was separ.] (Dau. of William VIII, Seigneur de Montpellier, by his first wife Eudoxia, dau.[1] of Isaac Komnenos, Sebastocrator).

A. 7. He succ. his nephew Wladyslaw II (III). [He *m.* 1, Gertrude, dau. of Berthold IV (V) Duke of Merania and Dalmatia; she was assassinated 1212 or 27 Sep 1213.[2] He *m.* 3, 14 May, 1234,[3] Beatrice, only child of Aldrovandino I, Marquis of Este and Ancona]. (Second son of Bela III, King of Hungary, by his first wife[4] Agnes, dau. of Renaud de Châtillon, Seigneur de Krac (Mons Regalis) in Arabia Petræa, Prince of Antioch j. ux.)

A. 8. She was bur. in the Abbey of Egrez. (Dau. of Peter II, Emperor of Constantinople, by his second wife Yolande, dau. of Baldwin, V Count of Hainault and VIII Count of Flanders of that name.)

A. 9. He succ. his elder br. Henry II; *d.* at Troyes and was bur. there.[5] (Second son of Henry I, called le Liberal or le Large, Count Palatine of Champagne and Brie, by Mary, dau. of Louis VII, King of the French.[6])

A. 10. (Her mother was Sancha of Castile. See Table VI, D 1, 2.)

A. 11. He was killed at the Battle of Taillebourg.[8] (Eldest son of Guy II, Seigneur de Dampierre, St. Just, and St. Dizier, in Champagne, by Mahaut or Matilda, only child of Archambaud VII (VIII), Sire de Bourbon.)

B. 3. James I, the Conqueror, King of Aragon, Majorca (1229) and Valencia (1239), Count of Barcelona, Roussillon, Cerdagne and Urgel, Seigneur de Montpellier; *b.* at Montpellier; *d.* at Alcira in the habit of a Cistercian monk, bur. in the Abbey of Poblet in Catalonia. [He *m.* 1, at Tarazona, 7 Feb. $122\frac{9}{1}$, Eleanor, dau. of Alfonso III, King of Castile; marriage declared null at the Council of Tarazona Apr.—May 1229. He *m.* 3, "secretly," Teresa Bidaure.]

B. 4. She was *m.* at Barcelona; *d.* at Huesca, bur. in the monastery of Valbuena in Catalonia.

B. 5. He was called le Posthume and le Grand; succ. as Thibaut I, King of Navarre, on the death s.p. of his uncle Sancho VII, 7 Apr. 1234; proclaimed King at Pamplona 7 May 1234; *d.* at Pamplona, bur. there in the Cath. Church of Nuestra Señora la Real. [He *m.* 1, by contract dated 20 Aug. 1220, Gertrude (*b.* after 12 Nov. 1204[10]) only dau.[11] and hss. of Albert of Louvain, Count of Dagsburg, Moha and Metz (and widow, March 1220, of Thibaut I, Duke of Lorraine) from whom he was separ.; (she *m.* 3, a son[12] of Emicon, Count of Leiningen); she *d.* shortly before 19 March $122\frac{4}{5}$.[13] He *m.* 2, 1222,

Agnes, dau. of Guichard IV, Sire de Beaujeu; she *d.* 11 July 1231, bur. in the Abbey of Clairvaux.[2]]

B. 6. She *d.* at Provins in Brie, bur. in the Abbey of Clairvaux.

B. 7. He was called le Bon and le Vaillant; inherited, by his father's testament, "terram Atrebasii," of which he obtained possession 7 June 1237; next year this territory was made a comté; killed at the Battle of Massoura 8 Feb. $12\frac{4}{5}\frac{9}{0}$.

B. 8. She was *m.* at Compiègne; bur. in the Cistercian Abbey of Cercamp in Artois. [She *m.* 2, by papal dispens. dated 16 Jan. $125\frac{4}{5}$,[17] Guy de Châtillon II, Count of St. Pol; he *d.* 12 March $128\frac{8}{9}$, bur. in the Abbey of Cercamp.]

C. 2. Her marriage contract was dated at Corbez near Montpellier 11 May 1258; she was bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.

C. 3. He was styled Count of Rosnay, v.f.; succ. his eldest br. Thibaut II and V, 4 (2 or 5) Dec. 1270; proclaimed King at Pamplona 1 March $127\frac{0}{1}$; *d.* at Pamplona, bur. there in the Cath. Church.

C. 4. [She *m.* 2, as second wife, by 3 Feb. $127\frac{5}{6}$, Edmund, Earl of Lancaster and Leicester. See Tab. XX, A 10.]

[1] Cujus [Mariæ] matrem Græcam nomine [*l.* natione] neptem Emanuelis Imperatoris repudiaverat. (Willelmus de Podio Laurentii, c. 11). This statement has been adopted by Zurita (Ann. Arag., lib. ii, c. 57) and by others. Du Chesne (Hist. des Ducs de Bourgogne, c. 5) is in error in calling Eudoxia dau. of the Emperor Manuel; he has, however, been followed by Chifflet (Vindic. Hisp., p. 363) and by the authors of L'Art de Vér. les Dates (tom. ii, p. 324). It is only by a conjecture, founded on the statement of William de Puy Laurent, that Du Cange (Fam. Aug. Byzantinæ, p. 185) considers Eudoxia to have been dau. of Isaac, the Emperor's brother.

[2] Albericus in Chron.

[3] By her marriage treaty (Muratori, Antiq. d'Este, p. 420; St. Marc, Abr. Chron., tom. v, p. 578) it appears that she was married at Stühlweissenburg (Alba-Regalis) in the Church of St. Mary, Sunday 14 May 1234.

[4] The statement that he was son of Bela's second wife Margaret of France (L'Art de Vér. les Dates, etc.) may be clearly seen to be incorrect from the dates alone. Moreover Alberic (ad ann. 1167) tells us that Renaud de Châtillon-sur-Loing had by the Princess of Antioch three daughters, the second called Agnes, married to Bela, King of Hungary, mother of Emeric and of Andrew, brothers and kings. Renaud was probably merely a native of Châtillon sur-Loing (in the Gâtinais) and not, as French genealogists with some confidence assert, a member of the great house of Châtillon-sur-Marne.

[5] According to L'Art de Vér. les Dates (tom. ii, p. 621) he was bur. in the Cath. Church (of St. Pierre). Anselme (tom. ii, p. 842) says that he was bur. in the Coll. Church of St. Etienne, and that his epitaph there was still to be seen.

[6] By his first wife Eleanor of Aquitaine.

[7] He succ. in 1215 to his father in the Sirerie de Bourbon, with the consent of his mother Matilda (who *d.* 20 June 1218).

[8] L'Art de Vér. les Dates (tom. ii, p. 413). Some writers of late date say at the Battle of Cognac (which is otherwise unknown) in 1238.

[9] He belonged to the family of the Sires de Bourbon, but the connection has not been exactly ascertained. The different accounts of his descent, as given by Justel, Blondel, and Du Bouchet, are collected by Anselme, tom. iii, p. 150-152.

[10] Ego Adelbertus Dei gratia Comes Metensis et de Dasbourch karissimum nepotem meum Ducem Lotharingie constitui heredem de castro meo Dasbourch . . . si Comitem contingat sine legitimo partu sui corporis decedere sive sit filius sive filia . . . This was confirmed by Philip, King of the Romans.—Concessimus ei [Henrico Duci Lotharingie et Brabantie] omne feudum, quod patruus suus Comes Albertus de Dagispurg de manu nostra et Imperio obtinet; ita quod ipse Dux post mortem ipsius Comitis in omnibus bonis sive pactis absque cujuslibet contradictionis impedimento, si tamen Comes sine herede discesserit, ei succedat . . . Acta sunt hec anno Domini MCCIV. Datum Confluentie secundo id. novembris indictione septima. (Charters of Brabant—Butkens, tom. i, preuves, pp. 55, 234.)

[11] 1211. Obiit Albertus Comes Dasburgensis et Dominus de Musal relinquens parvulam filiam et elegantem Gertrudem nomine.—1221. Moritur Theobaldus juvenis Dux Lotharingiæ, cujus relictam Gertrudem nomine Comitissam de Daburc juvenis Comes Theobaldus Campaniensis duxit in uxorem:—1225. Comitissa Gertrudis cum esset heres unica de Daborch et de quodam castro Leodiensis diocesis quod Musacum dicitur cum appenditiis, et esset primo Ducissa Lotharingiæ, deinde Comitissa Campaniæ, novissime vero de Linenges Comitissa, tandem moritur sine herede. (Albericus in Chron.)

[12] His christian name appears to be unknown. He is called Thierry, Frederic, and Conrad by different genealogists. The pedigrees of Leiningen for this period seem to be utterly untrustworthy.

[13] The Counts of "Leiningen-Dagsburg" are *not* descended from her. She *d.* s.p. (cf. note 11). On her death the Bishop of Liège took possession of Moha before 19 March 122$\frac{4}{5}$. In May 1225, John, Bishop of Metz, made known by his charter:—quod ego sic confederatus sum Duci Brabantie et filio ejus, quod ego teneor eis impendere auxilium contra Comitem de Linenges et filium ejus quondam Comitem de Dasbore et contra omnes illos qui tenent allodia que Comitissa de Dasbore nuper defuncta tempore obitus sui inter Renum et Mosellam possidebat. Dux vero et filius ejus mihi assistere promiserunt et tenentur contra omnes illos qui sibi usurpant feoda, que dicta Comitissa tenebat a me inter Renum et Mosellam tempore obitus sui. (Butkens, tom. i, p. 191, and preuves, p. 71.)

[14] Anselme, tom. ii, p. 843; iii, p. 160.

[15] L'Art de Vér. les Dates, tom. ii, p. 626.

[16] Obiit piæ memoriæ Mathildis Comitissa Sancti Pauli et Atrebatensis, in festo Sancti Michaelis, quæ fuit filia Ducis Brabantiæ, et mater Roberti Comitis Atrebatensis et Blancæ Reginæ Navarræ. (Necrology of the Abbey of Cercamp—Du Chesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 89.)

[17] Dispensation by Alexander IV given at Naples xvii kal. feb., Pontificatus nostri anno i. (Inventory of the Titres of la Fere—Du Chesne, ibid.)

[18] I prove this date, against 22 or 23 Jan., by a letter from King Philip to the monks of St. Denis, asking for prayers for his relations, John, Count of Nevers, and Thibaut, King of Navarre, and for his wife, in which occurs this passage.—Nam carissima uxor nostra Isabella regina Francie, cujus Deo et mundo amicabilis vita erat, quadam proprii corporis infirmitate gravata, postulatis attente primitus ab eadem, et cum omni devotione susceptis ecclesiasticis sacramentis, demum die mercurii ante purificationem Beate Marie Virginis vitam presentem finivit . . . Actum Valleti, die mercurii post octavam dicti festi, anno Domini MCCLXX. (D'Achery, Spicilegium, 1681, tom. ii, p. 567.)

[19] She had a brother Thibaut, who *d.* young v.p. in 1273

[20] Memorandum ke le jour Seyn Pol sa conversation, par Jeudi [25 Jan.], Edward Rey d'Engleterre eposa Isabele, fille le Rey de Fraunse, a Boloyne a graunt noble, e vint a Londres le jour Seyn Per la Cathedration [22 Feb.], e le Samedi preseyn apres winrent le Rey e la Reyne . . . parmi la vile de Londres jeces au paleys le Rey a Wemoutter. E lendemeyn par dimeyne [25 Feb.] Edward Rey d'Engleterre ressut la coronne par la meyn l'ewecce de Winsettre, lutenant l'ersevecce de Canterberi, a grant noble d'une journee. (De Antiquis Legibus Liber, p. 251.) En cele an, le dimeygne apres la feste Seint Piere in Cathedra, furent le roy et la reyne, dame Isabele, corounez. (French Chron. of London, p. 34.)

[21] Not at Castle Rising: and not 22 Aug. 1357.

Table XVIII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Philippa

(of Hainault),

Queen Consort to Edward III.

(A 1) Bouchard d'Avênes, SEIGNEUR DE BEAUMONT in Hainault ; *d.* 1243.

(A 2) Margaret, COUNTESS OF FLANDERS AND HAINAULT, da. of Baldwin, COUNT OF FLANDERS AND HAINAULT ; *m.* 1212 or 1213 ;(3) *d.* 10 Feb. $12\frac{17}{18}$.

(B 1) John d'Avênes, (19) *b.* 1214 ; *d. v.p.* 24 Dec. 1256 ;(20) elder son.

(B 2) Alice ; *m.* 1246-7 ; *d.* 1283.

(A 3) Florent IV, COUNT OF HOLLAND AND ZEELAND, LORD OF FRIESLAND, 1223—1234 ; *b.* 24 June 1210 ;(4) slain 19 July 1234.

(A 4) Matilda, da of Henry I, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT ; *d.* 21 Dec. 1267.

(B 3) Henry III, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG AND LA ROCHE, MARQUIS OF ARLON, 1226—1274 ; *d.* 24 Dec. 1274 ; 3rd son.

(A 5) Waleran III, DUKE OF LIMBURG, MARQUIS OF ARLON, 1221—1226 ; *d.* May 1226.(5)

(A 6) Ermensende, COUNTESS OF LUXEMBURG AND LA ROCHE, only child of Henry II, COUNT OF NAMUR, LUXEMBURG AND LA ROCHE ; *b.* 1186 ; *m.* in May 1214 ;(9) *d.* 25 Feb. 1246 ; 2nd wife.

(B 4) Margaret ; *m.* by July 1240 ;(21) *d.* 23 Nov. 1275.

(A 7) Henry II, COUNT OF BAR-LE-DUC, 1214—1240 ; *d.* 13 Nov. 1240.

(A 8) Philippa, da. of Robert II, COUNT OF DREUX ; *m.* Dec. 1218 ;(13) living 1240 ; *d.* 17 March.(14)

(B 5) Philip III, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 5 Oct. 1285. See Tab. XIV, D 1.

(A 9) Louis IX, KING OF THE FRENCH ; *d.* 25 Aug. 1270. See Tab. XIV, C 1.

(A 10) Margaret, da. of Raymond-Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER ; *d.* 20 or 21 Dec. 1295. See Tab. XIV, C 2.

(B 6) Isabel ; *d.* 28 Jan. 1271 ; 1st wife. See Tab. XVI, C 2.

(A 11) James I, KING OF ARAGON ; *d.* 25 or 27 July 1276. See Tab. XVI, B 3.

(A 12) Yolande, da. of Andrew II, KING OF HUNGARY ; 2nd wife. See Tab. XVI, B 4.

(B 7) Charles II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY, 1285—1309 ; *d.* 5 or 6 May 1309, aged 63 ; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(A 13) Charles I, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY, 1266—1285 ; *b.* March 1220 ;(15) *d.* 7 Jan. $128\frac{4}{5}$.

(A 14) Beatrice, COUNTESS OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER, da. of Raymond-Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER ; *m.* 31 Jan. $124\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* July 1267 ; 1st wife.

(B 8) Mary ; *m.* 1270 ; *d.* 25 March 1323.

(A 15) Stephen IV or V, KING OF HUNGARY, 1270—1272 ; *d.* abt. 1 Aug. 1272.

(A 16) * * * * * *

(C 1) John d'Avênes II, COUNT OF HAINAULT, HOLLAND(23) AND ZEELAND, LORD OF FRIESLAND ; *d.* 22 Aug. 1304 ; 1st son.

(C 2) Philippa ; *m.* 1270 ; *d.* 1311.

(C 3) Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS, CHARTRES, ALENCON AND ANJOU ;(24) *b.* 12 March 1271 ; *d.* 16 Dec. 1325 ; 3rd but 2nd surv. son.

(C 4) Margaret ; *m.* 16 Aug. 1290 ; *d.* 31 Dec. 1299 ; 1st wife.

(D 1) William, the Good, I COUNT OF HAINAULT, III COUNT OF HOLLAND AND ZEELAND of that name, LORD OF FRIESLAND,(28) 1304—1337 ; *d.* at Valenciennes 7 June 1337, bur. there in the Church of the Franciscans ; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(D 2) Jane ; *m.* by contract dated at Chauny 19 May 1305 ; became a Franciscan nun at the Abbey of Fontenelles near Valenciennes 2 Nov. 1337, *d.* there 7 March 1352,(29) and was bur. there.

(E) Philippa ; *m.* (at Valenciennes by proxy, and) at York, 24 Jan. 1327, to **Edward III, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 18 Feb. 1327 ; *d.* at Windsor Castle (14 or) 15 Aug. 1369, bur. in Westminster Abbey.

Table XIX. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Richard II, King of England, 1377—1399.

(A 1) **Edward I, King of England**; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(A 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**, da. of Ferdinand III, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON; *d.* 28 Nov. 1290; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, E.

(B 1) **Edward II, King of England**; murdered 21-22 Sep. 1327, See Tab. XV, E.

(B 2) Isabel, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 23 Aug. 1358. See Tab. XVI, E.

(A 3) Philip IV, KING OF FRANCE AND NAVARRE; *d.* 29 Nov. 1314. See Tab. XVI, D 1.

(A 4) Jane, da. of Henry I, KING OF NAVARRE; *d.* 2 Apr. 130$\frac{4}{5}$. See Tab. XVI, D 2.

(B 3) William, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 7 June 1337. See Tab. XVIII, D 1.

(A 5) John d'Avênes, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 22 Aug. 1304. See Tab. XVIII, C 1.

(A 6) Philippa, da. of Henry III, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG; *d.* 1311. See Tab. XVIII, C 2.

(B 4) Jane; *d.* 7 March 1352. See Tab. XVIII, D 2.

(A 7) Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS; *d.* 16 Dec. 1325. See Tab. XVIII, C 3.

(A 8) Margaret, da. of Charles II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY; *d.* 31 Dec. 1299; 1st wife. See Tab. XVIII, C 4.

(C 1) **Edward III, King of England**; *d.* 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(C 2) Philippa, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(B 5) **Edward I, King of England**; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(A 9) **Henry III, King of England**; *d.* 16 Nov. 1272. See Tab. X, E.

(A 10) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**, da. of Raymond-Berenger IV, COUNT OF PROVENCE AND FORCALQUIER; *d.* 25 June 1291. See Tab. XI, E.

(B 6) Margaret, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 14 Feb. 1317; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIV, E.

(A 11) Philip III, KING OF THE FRENCH; *d.* 5 Oct. 1285. See Tab. XIV, D 1.

(A 12) Mary, da. of Henry III, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT; *d.* 10 or 12 Jan. 132$\frac{1}{2}$. See Tab. XIV, D 2.

(B 7) John Wake of Liddell; *d.* 1304; 1st son.

(A 13) Baldwin Wake of Liddell and Blisworth, 1246—1263; *d.* 1263.

(A 14) Hawise, da. and coh. of Robert de Quincy of Colne-Quincy in Essex.

(B 8) * *

(A 15) * * * * *

(A 16) * * * * *

(C 3) Edmund; *b.* at Woodstock 5 Aug. 1301; cr. EARL OF KENT 28 July 1321; beheaded at Winchester 21 March 13$\frac{2}{3}$$\frac{8}{9}$; bur. there in the Church of the Grey Friars, and attainted; 6th but 3rd surv. son.

(C 4) Margaret;[1] *d.* 29 Sep. 1349.

(D 1) Edward; *b.* at Woodstock 15 June 1330;[2] cr. EARL OF CHESTER 18 May 1333, DUKE OF CORNWALL 17 March 1337, and PRINCE OF WALES 12 May 1343; K.G.; cr. PRINCE OF AQUITAINE 19 July 1362; *d.* at Westminster 8 June 1376, bur. in the Metrop. Church at Canterbury; 1st son.

(D 2) Joan; *b.* 1328; *m.* (by papal dispens. dated at Avignon 7 Sep. 1361) at Windsor 10 Oct. 1361; *d.* at Wallingford Castle 7 Aug. 1385,[3] bur. in the Church of the Grey Friars at Stamford 29 Jan. 138$\frac{5}{6}$.[4]

(E) **Richard II, King of England**, LORD OF IRELAND; *b.* at Bordeaux 6 Jan. 136$\frac{6}{7}$; cr. PRINCE OF WALES, DUKE OF CORNWALL AND EARL OF CHESTER, 20 Nov. 1376; crowned at Westminster 19 July 1377; abdicated 29 Sep. 1399; murdered in Pontefract Castle Feb.,[5] 1400, bur. in the Church of the Friars Preachers at Langley, transferred to Westminster Abbey 4 Dec. 1413; 2nd but only surv. son.

Additions to Table XVIII.

A. 1. He was Archdeacon of Laon, Canon and Treasurer of Tournai, Provost and Canon of St. Pierre at Lille[1]; but quitted his benefices, and was knighted by the King of England; *d.* at his Castle of Estroen, bur. at Clerfontaine near the Abbey of Monstroeul.[2] (Second son of Jacques, Seigneur d'Avênes, Landrecies, Leuze and Condé, in Hainault, by Ameline, only child of Bouchard, Seigneur de Guise and Leschieres, in Thierache).

A. 2. She was called la Noire and de Constantinople; *b.* at Valenciennes; succ. her sister Jane (who *d.* s.p. 5 Dec. 1244) as Countess of Flanders and Hainault; *d.* at Gand, bur. in the Abbey of Flines near Douai. She *m.* 2, 1218 after Apr., William II, Seigneur de Dampierre in Champagne; he *d.* 3 Sep. 1241, bur. in the Abbey of Flines]. (Younger dau. and eventual hss. of Baldwin, IX Count of Flanders, VI Count of Hainault of that name, Emperor of Constantinople, by Mary, dau. of Henry I, le Liberal, Count Palatine of Champagne and Brie.)

A. 3. He succ. his father 4 Feb. $122\frac{2}{3}$; slain in tournament at *Noviomagus*[5] (either Noyon or Nijmegen), bur. in the Abbey of Rynsburg. (Eldest son of William I, Count of Holland, etc., by his first wife Adelaide, dau. of Otho II (III), Count of Gueldres.)

A. 4. Her marriage contract was dated at Antwerp 5 Nov. 1214[4]; she converted her Castle at Losduynen near the Hague into a Cistercian monastery, *d.* and was bur. there. (Her mother was Matilda of Boulogne. See Table XIV, A. 9, 10).

A. 5. He succ. his father in 1221, by 28 Aug.; bur. in the Abbey of Rolduc[7] (Rode-le-Duc) near Aachen. [He *m.* 1, Aleyde,[8] dau. of Goswin III, Seigneur de Fauquemont or Valkenberg near Maestricht]. (Second but eldest surv. son of Henry III, Duke of Limburg, by Sophia, dau. of Matthew I, Duke of Lorraine).

A. 6. She succ. her father in 1194 (or 1196). [She *m.* 1, 1193, as third wife, Thibaut I, Count of Bar-le-Duc;[10] he *d.* 12 Feb. $121\frac{3}{4}$,[11] bur. in the Abbey of St. Michel.] (Dau. of Henry, the Blind, Count of Namur, by his second wife Agnes, dau. of Henry, Count of Gueldres.)

A. 7. He was mortally wounded at Gaza in the Holy Land 13 Nov. 1240.[12] (Only son of Thibaut I, Count of Bar-le-Duc, by his second wife Isabel, dau. of Guy, Count of Bar-sur-Seine.)

A. 8. (Her mother was Yolande de Coucy. See Table XIV, A. 15.)

A. 13. Charles I, King of Jerusalem and Sicily, Duke of Apulia, Prince of Capua, Count of Anjou; invested with the Comté of Anjou at Melun 27 May 1246; crowned King of Sicily in the Church of the Vatican 6 Jan. $126\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* at the Castle of Foggia in Capitanata, bur. in the Metrop. Church at Naples. [He *m.* 2, at Milan, 12 Oct. 1268, Margaret (*b.* 1248), Countess of Tonnerre,[16] dau. and coh. of Eudes of Burgundy, Count of Nevers, Auxerre and Tonnerre, j. ux.; she *d.* at Tonnerre[17] 5 Sep. 1308, bur. there in the Church of the Hôpital.[17]] (Ninth but fifth surv. son of Louis VIII, King of the French, by Blanche of Castile. See Table XIV, B. 1, 2.)

A. 14. She, who was crowned with her husb., *d.* at Nocera di Pagani,

bur. near there in the monastery of St. Mary de la Rocca Pymont, transferred to the Church of the Knights of St. John at Aix in Provence. (Fourth dau. and princ. hss. of Raymond-Berenger, Count of Provence, by Beatrice of Savoy. See Table XI, D. 1 2.)

A. 15. (Elder son of Bela IV, King of Hungary, by Mary,[18] dau. of the Greek Emperor Theodore Laskares I.)

B. 1. He was bur. in the Church of Leuze, transferred to the Church of the Dominicans at Valenciennes.

B. 2. She was *m.* at Dordrecht (some say at Frankfort); bur. with her husb. at Valenciennes.

B. 3. He was called le Grand and le Blond; eldest son by the second marriage.

B. 4. She was bur. in the Abbey of Clairfontaines near Arlon.[22]

B. 7. Charles II, le Boiteux, King of Jerusalem and Sicily, Duke of Apulia, Prince of Salerno, Capua and Taranto, Count of Anjou, Provence and Forcalquier; styled Prince of Salerno v.p.; crowned (with his wife) at Rieti by Pope Nicholas IV, 29 May 1289; *d.* at his Palace at Casanova near Naples, bur. in the Church of the Dominicans at Naples, transferred to the monastery of Notre Dame de Nazareth near Aix in Provence.

B. 8. She was bur. in the Church of the Franciscans—Sancta Maria Dona Regina—at Naples.

C. 1. He was bur. (as was his wife) in the Church of the Franciscans at Valenciennes.

C. 3. He *d.* at Nogent-le-Roy, bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris. [He *m.* 2 (by papal dispens. dated 3 Feb. $\frac{1}{1}\frac{2}{3}\frac{9}{0}\frac{9}{0}$[25]) betw. 28 Jan.[26] and 8 Feb. $130\frac{9}{1}$, Catherine, only child of Philip de Courtenay, titular Emperor of Constantinople. She *d.* at Paris 2 or 3 Jan. $130\frac{7}{8}$.[27] He *m.* 3, June 1308, Mahaut, dau. of Guy de Châtillon III, Count of St. Pol. See Table XXI, A. 8.]

C. 4. She was m. at Corbeil; bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris.

[1] His marriage was pronounced null by Innocent III, on the ground that, being a subdeacon, he had not obtained dispensation: a sentence confirmed by Honorius III and Gregory IX; the latter declared the children illegitimate by rescript addressed in 1236 to the Bishops of Cambrai and of Tournai. (Invent. des Chartes de Hainaut, f. cclii). These children were rehabilitated to the extent of his power by the Emperor Frederic II in March $124\frac{1}{2}$, . . . ut si quis esset in eis defectus natalium, legitimationis beneficio dignaremur prosequi et supplere. (Martene, Thes. Anect., tom. i, col. 1021). They were finally pronounced legitimate by the delegates of the Apostolic See 19 Nov. 1249, and this sentence was confirmed by Innocent IV, 17 Apr. 1251. (Miræus, Op. Diplom., tom. i, p. 205.)

[2] There are however other accounts; such as that he died or was murdered on his return from Rome, where he had obtained a dispensation from Honorius III, (Jacques de Guise); or that he was beheaded in the Castle of Rupelmonde by the orders of the Countess Jane of Flanders, (Meyer)—these seem to be legendary.

[3] The date Pentecost (2 June) 1202 assigned for her birth is manifestly 4 or 5 years too late.

[4] In nomine Sancte et Individue Trinitatis. Notum sit universis tam presentibus quam futuris Christi fidelibus, quod ad contrahendum matrimonium inter Mathildem filiam D. Henrici Ducis Lotharingie et filium D. Willelmi Comitis Hollandie Florentium primogenitum, hec est forma compositionis concorditer ordinata. Ipse Dux ipsam Mathildem filiam suam dedit eidem Willelmo Comiti Hollandie, ad opus filii sui F. prenotati, quam idem F. ducet in uxorem quo die primum ad annos nubiles ipse Florentius pervenerit; qui in festo S. Joannis Baptiste instanti proximo, quinque

erit annorum. Dux autem filie sue bis mille et quingentas marcas coloniensis monete donavit . . . Actum apud Antverpiam, anno Domini MCCXIV, nonis novembris. (Charters of Brabant—Butkens, tom. i, preuves, p. 64.)

[5] Comes Hollandiæ veniens in torneamento apud Noviomagum est occisus. (Albert Stad. Abbas, ad ann. 1234.) According to Baldwin d'Avesnes, Tertia [filia Henrici Ducis Brabantiæ] nomine Machtildis [nupsit] Comiti Hollandiæ Florentio, strenuo militi pro tempore suo, qui juvenis mortuus est in torneamento apud Bovos.

[6] Obiit Walerannus Dux de Ardenna, vir corpore decorus et satis audax, post decem [quinque] annos ex quo pater ejus Henricus de Lemburch decesserat. Qui ambo sepulti in Ecclesia de Rode Ordinis S. Augustini. (Albericus, ad ann. 1226.)

[7] His epitaph in the Abbey of Rolduc :—

Iste fuit talis virtutibus, imperialis
Majestas similem nescivit habere per orbem,
Lemburg Dux, Archos Arlon, Comes in Lucelemburg,
Walrannus dictus, Dux Henricus pater ejus.

[8] Butkens, tom. ii, pp. 311, 324.

[9] Ego Henricus Dei gratia Dux de Lemborch et Marchio de Arlunis, filio meo Walramo dedi totam terram de Arlunis . . . advocato tamen excepto. Hoc pacto prehabito, quod predictus Walramus hec dabit in dotem Comitisse de Lucelemburg . . .

. . . Ego Waleranus, filius Henrici Ducis de Lemborch, et Marchio Arlunensis, castrum meum de Arlon . . . laude et assensu patris mei Ducis . . . domine Ermesinde Comitisse Lucelemburg et Ruppis uxori mee in legitimam dotem contuli et concessi . . . Promisi etiam jurando quod nobiles milites, burgenses, et quoscunque alios homines ad honorem de Lucelburg Ruppis et Durbeti pertinentes in ea libertate et in eo honore dimittam esse et vivere, in quali honore et libertate tempore Henrici pie memorie quondam Comitis Namurcensis uxoris mee patris permanserunt. Actum anno . . . MCCXIV, mense maio. (Archives of the Duchy of Luxemburg—Du Chesne, M. de Luxembourg, preuves, p. 63.)

[10] Theobaldus Comes Barrensis ante castrum de Namurco duxit exercitum satis copiosum, quia filiam Henrici Comitis cæci unicam in ejus senectute de Agnete sorore Comitis de Gelra quodam accidenti natam duxerat in uxorem, nomine Ermensendem, per quam hereditare volebat, quamvis filiæ non soleant in Imperio hereditare. (Albericus, ad ann. 1193.)

[11] Comes Barri Theobaldus moritur, et juxta patrem suum Comitem Renaldum in Abbatia S. Michaelis sepelitur . . . Secundam vero duxit Isabellam nomine, relictam domini Anselmi de Triangulo, sororem Comitis de Barro super Sequanam . . . de qua natus est Comes iste Barrensis Henricus multis probitatibus famosus. De tertia ejus uxore Ermensende filia Henrici Comitis Namurcensis . . . Ista Ermensendis nupsit postea Walerano filio Henrici . . . (Albericus ad ann. 1214). II idus feb. Obiit Theobaldus Comes Barensis. (Necrology of the Abbey of Gorze.)

[12] Comes Barri captus fuit in die S. Bricii, et ut dicitur ad mortem vulneratus est in bello, quod aggressus est sine consilio inter Joppem et Hierusalem. (Albericus, ad ann. 1239.) An. 1239. Comes Henricus Barrensis a Sarracenis occiditur. (Chron. S. Vincentii Metensis). An. 1239. Cumque per totam unam nocte equitassent, et mane in locis sabulosis prope Gazam devenissent, ab illis de Gaza, qui per exploratores adventum eorum persenserant, itineris nocturni labore fatigati, omnes capti vel interfecti sunt. In eo enim conflictu Comes Barri, miles strenuissimus, mortuus, vel captus, nusquam postea est repertus. (W. de Nangis in vita S. Ludovici.) Anno 1239, transfretant Tybaldus, Rex Navarræ et Comes Campaniæ, Henricus, Comes de Bar-le-Duc, . . . Templarii recepto nuncio exploratore, cognoscunt juxta Gazam mille Turchos adesse paratos, contra quos trecentos milites transmiserunt. Ibi captus fuit Almericus de Monteforti, et Henricus Comes [de Bar-le-Duc] mortuus. (Marinus Sanutus, Secreta Fidelium Crucis, lib. III, pars ii, cap. 15.)

[13] Comes Barri Henricus nuptias suas fecit, ducens in uxorem filiam Comitis Roberti [Drocensis] nomine Philippam. Eadem vero hebdomada mortuus est Comes [28 Dec. 1218 : see Table XIV. A. 15] qui filiam suam Comiti Barrensi dederat in uxorem. (Albericus, ad ann. 1219.) See also Baldwin d'Avesnes and Le Lignage de Dreux et de Coucy.

[14] XVI kal. aprilis. Anniversarium Philippæ de Brena, Comitissæ Barri. (Necrology of the Church of Chartres.)

[15] Chron. breve S. Dionysii.

[16] She was *m.* (by proxy) at Paris, June 1268. Of her mother's domains she

selected Tonnerre as her inheritance ; this was confirmed to her by arrêt du Parlement in 1273.

[17] Her epitaph there :—Hic jacet illustrissima Domina vitæ morumque floribus decorata, Domina Margareta quondam Regina Jerusalem et Siciliæ, filia inclyti Domini Odonis Comitis Nivernensis, filii nobilissimi Ducis Burgundiæ, fundatrix istius Hospitalis, de propriis bonis dotatrix, humilitatis speculum, charitatis refugium, puritatis vestigium, quæ obiit A.D. MCCCVIII die v septembris. (Ste. Marthe, M. de France, tom. ii. p. 374).

[18] Du Cange, Familiæ Augustæ Byzantinæ, p. 219.

[19] Louis IX and Odo, Bishop of Tusculum, the papal legate, by sentence pronounced in the Court of Peers at Paris in July 1246, assigned to John d'Avênes the Comté of Hainault, and to his half brother William de Dampierre, that of Flanders. (Martene, Thes. Anect., tom. i. col. 1092).

[20] He *d.* 25 Dec. 1256, two months after Margaret his mother had recognized him by her charter as her heir in Hainault, and his brother Baldwin had renounced in his favour his own rights on that comté. (Martene, Thes. Anect., tom. i, col. 1078—1080.) His epitaph at Valenciennes is given by Vinchant :—

Grandi regalis aquilæ leo consepelitur,
Terror uterque malis, nunc vermis utroque potitur.
Tantus honor. talis probitas, heu cur operitur ;
Regia stirps horum, sed sors Hannonia morum,
Vivunt laude, thorum proles sublimat eorum.

[21] Ego Ermensindis Comitissa Lucemburgensis, Marchionissa Arlunensis, Omnibus . . . notum facio, quod Henricus dominus de Lucemburg filius meus ducere debet in uxorem Margaretam filiam domini Henrici Comitis Barrensis. Et idem Comes dedit filio meo predicto in maritagio Lineyum et castellaniam, cum dependentiis . . . Actum MCCXXXI (*sic*), mense julii. (Miræus. Cart. Belg., lib. ii, c. 79.) Je Philippe Comtesse de Bar fai sçavoir a tous ceux qui ces lettres verront, que j'ay donneit a Monsieur Henry Comte de Luxembourg en mariage avec Marguerite ma fille, Liney et ses appendizes . . . Et Madame Ermensens Comtesse de Luxembourg a devise a Monsieur Henry son fils Luxembourg et les appendizes, la Roche et les appendizes, apres son deces. . . . Et Messire Henris ses fils a doee Marguerite sa femme de Erlons et de la chastellerie et des appendizes. . . . Ce fut faict l'endemain de Pentecoste quand li miliares couroit par mil deux cens et quarente ans, au mois de Jullet. (Archives of Luxemburg—Du Chesne, M. de Luxembourg, preuves, p. 75.)

[22] Her epitaph there :—

Cy gist la Contesse honorée
De Luxembourgh Marguerite nommée,
Qui moult fut saige,
Et fut extrait de linaige
De Bar et de Bretaigne,
Et feit despleier meint ensaigne. (Du Chesne, ibid., preuves, p. 81.)

[23] He succ. to Holland, etc., on the death s.p., 10 Nov. 1299, of John I, Count of Holland, eldest son of Florent V (murdered 28 June 1296), only son of William II (slain 28 Jan. $125\frac{8}{8}$), eldest son of Florent IV (A. 3). According to some, John II *d.* 12 Sep. 1304, and his wife in Apr. 1305 : but she was living in Apr. 1308.

[24] He was appendaged with the Comté of Valois 28 Feb. $128\frac{4}{5}$; received Alençon and Perche in 1293 ; Anjou was erected into a Comté-pairie in Sep. 1297.

[25] Du Bouchet, M. de Courtenay, pp. 97, 98.

[26] Universis presentes litteras inspecturis, Catherina Dei gratia Imperatrix Constantinopolitana salutem in Domino sempiternam. Notum facimus quod nos juris nostri extantes ob intime dilectionis affectum et bonam voluntatem quam habuimus et habemus ad personam excellentissimi viri Domini nostri Caroli, germani serenissimi principis Philippi Dei gratia Francorum Regis illustris, Valesii, Alenconis, Carnoti et Andegavie Comitis, donavimus et donamus donatione facta irrevocabili intervivos, eidem domino Carolo totam terram nostram de Cortenayo, de Blacon, de Hellebek et de Breviller, cum omnibus pertinentiis dictarum terrarum tenendam et habendam per eum quandiu vitam duxerit in humanis. Ita tamen quod si inter nos et dictum dominum Carolum contingat matrimonium celebrari et heredem seu heredes ex ipso nos habere contingat, heres seu heredes ipsi post decessum nostrum tenebunt et habebunt dictas terras, quando venerint ad etatem . . . Donavimus etiam et donamus ob causam predictam eidem domino Carolo omne jus quod habemus et habere possumus in Imperio Constantinopolitano et in Comitatu Namurcensi. . . . Actum

apud S. Clodoaldum Parisiensis Diocesis, anno Domini MCCC, die Sabbati ante Purificationem Beate Marie Virginis. (Du Bouchet, M. de Courtenay, preuves, p. 22).

[27] Wednesday, 3 Jan., says Du Bouchet, quoting a Register of the Chambre des Comptes ; Tuesday after the feast of St. Silvester [*i.e.*, 2 Jan.] says Anselme, following the Register cotté *noster*. The continuator of William de Nangis says that she *d.* at the village of St. Ouen 8 Oct. 1307, and was bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris the following Thursday (*i e.*, 12 Oct.)

[28] His (Flemish) style was :—Willeme, Grave van Henegouwe, van Hollant, van Zeelandt, ende Heere van Vrieslandt. His charters are also in French and in Latin.

[29] 1352, *not* 1342, the date usually given on the authority of d'Outreman. The latter date is proved to be false by the following charter :—Nous Jehanne de Valois None de Fontenelles avont rechut dou tresorier mon tres cher et tres redoubti signeur le Roy de Franche cinq cent florins d'or a l'escu, lesquels nosdis sire nous a donez. Ches lres sayeleez de no propre sayel 1346, le x de Marc. (Recueils de M. Gaignieres in the Bibl. du Roy—Anselme, tom. i, p. 100.)

Additions to Table XIX.

A. 13. (Son and hr. of Hugh Wake of Blisworth, co. Northamp., by Joan, dau. and eventually sole hss. of Nicholas de Stuteville [d'Estouteville] of Liddell, co. Northum.)

A. 14. (Her mother was Helen, widow of John, Earl of Huntingdon, and dau. of Llewelyn, Prince of North Wales).

B. 7. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron, 24 June 1295 to 29 Dec. 1299.

C. 3. A summ. to Parl. was directed "Edmundo de Wodestock," 5 Aug. 1320.

D. 2. [She *m.* 1, by 1349, Thomas de Holand, K.G., Earl of Kent jux. ; he *d.* in Normandy 28 Dec. 1360, bur. in the Church of the Grey Friars at Stamford.]

[1] Sole hss. of her br. Thomas, who *d.* s.p. in 1349.

[2] Knighton. Walsingham gives 1329 as the year. William of Worcester gives xvii kal. of June (16 May) instead of xvii kal. of July, 1330.

[3] The date, 8 July 1385 (Walsingham), constantly assigned for her death is erroneous. The date of her will was that of her death.

[4] Sole hss. of her br. John, Earl of Kent, who *d.* s.p. in 1352.

[5] Before 14 Feb. See the dissertation by Sir J. Ramsay (Lancaster and York, vol. , p. 36).

Table XX. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Anne
(of Bohemia),

Queen Consort to Richard II.

(A 1) Henry IV, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG AND LA ROCHE, MARQUIS OF ARLON, 1274—1288 ; slain 5 June 1288.

(A 2) Beatrice, da. of Baldwin d'Avênes,[1] SEIGNEUR DE BEAUMONT in Hainault ; *d.* 1 March 132⅘.[2]

(B 1) Henry VII, of Luxemburg,[11] EMPEROR, 1312—1313 ; *d.* 24 Aug. 1313 ; 1st son.

(A 3) John I, the Victorious, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT, MARQUIS OF THE EMPIRE, 1268—1294 ; DUKE OF LIMBURG ; *b.* abt. 1251 ; slain 2 or 3 May 1294.

(A 4) Margaret, da. of Guy de Dampierre, COUNT OF FLANDERS ; *m.* 1273 ; *d.* 3 July 1285 ; 2nd wife.

(B 2) Margaret *m.* 28 May 1292 ; *d.* 11 Dec. 1311.

(A 5) Przemysl II, called Ottocar and the Victorious, KING OF BOHEMIA, 1253—1278 ; slain 26 Aug. 1278.

(A 6) Cunegonde, niece of Bela IV, KING OF HUNGARY ;[7] *d.* 1285 ; 2nd wife.

(B 3) Wenzel or Wenceslas) IV, KING OF BOHEMIA, 1278—1305 ; *d.* 21 June 1305, aged 35 ; only son.

(A 7) Rudolf I, of Habsburg, KING OF THE ROMANS, 1273—1291 ; *b.* (27 Apr. or) 1 May 1218 ; *d.* 15 July or 30 Sep. 1291.

(A 8) Gertrude, da. of Burchard, COUNT OF HOHENBERG on the Neckar ; *m.* abt. 1245 ; *d.* 16 (or 25) Feb. 1281 ; 1st wife.

(B 4) Judith or Guttа ; affianced by 1278 ; *m.* 1286 [not 1289] ; *d.* 5 June 1297 ; 1st wife.

(A 9) Bogislaw III or IV, DUKE OF POMERANIA at Wolgast, 1278—1309 ; *d.* 24 Feb. 1309 [not 1319].

(A 10) Margaret, da. of Witzlaff II, PRINCE OF RUGEN ; *d.* 1318 ; 2nd wife.

(B 5) Wratislaw II or IV, DUKE OF POMERANIA at Wolgast, 1309—1326 ; *d.* 1 Aug. 1326 ; only son.

(A 11) Henry III or V, the Fat, DUKE OF SILESIA at Liegnitz (1278), and at Breslau (1290) ; *b.* 1248 ; *d.* 22 Feb. 1296.

(A 12) Elizabeth, da. of Boleslaw, the Pious, DUKE OF KALISZ in Poland ; *d.* 28 Sep. 1304.

(B 6) Elizabeth.[13]

(B 7) Kazimierz (Casimir) III, the Great, KING OF POLAND, 1333—1370 ; *d.* 8 Nov. 1370, aged 61 ; only son.

(A 13) Wladyslaw IV, Loketiek, KING OF POLAND, 1320—1333 ; *d.* 10 March 1333.

(A 14) Jadwiga or Hedwig, da. of Boleslaw, the Pious, DUKE OF KALISZ ; *d.* 1340.

(B 8) Anne ; *m.* abt. 1325 ; 1st wife.

(A 15) Gedimin, the Great, DUKE OF LITHUANIA,[10] 1299—1325 ; *d.* 1325.

(A 16) . . . , widow of Withenes, DUKE OF LITHUANIA.

(C 1) John, KING OF BOHEMIA, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG AND LA ROCHE, MARQUIS OF ARLON, 1310—1346 ; *b.* abt. 1298 ; slain 26 Aug. 1346 ; only son.

(C 2) Elizabeth or Isabel ; *m.* at Speyer in 1310 ; *d.* 28 Sep. 1330 ; 1st wife.

(C 3) Bogislaw IV or V, DUKE OF POMERANIA at Wolgast, PRINCE OF RUGEN, 1326—1374 ; *d.* at Bolbuck in 1374 ; 1st son.[15]

(C 4) Elizabeth ; bur. at Marienthron.[16]

(D 1) Charles I, KING OF BOHEMIA, 1346—1378, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG[17] AND LA ROCHE, MARQUIS OF ARLON ; *b.* at Prague 14 or 16 May 1316 ; elected KING OF THE ROMANS at Reutz 10 [not 19] July 1346 ; crowned at Bonn 26 Nov. 1346, and at Aachen in 1349 ; crowned KING OF LOMBARDY at Milan 6 Jan. 1354, and EMPEROR (as Charles IV) at Rome 5 Apr. 1355 ; crowned KING OF ARLES at Avignon 4 June 1365 ; *d.* at Prague 29 Nov. 1378, and was bur. there ; 1st son.

(D 2) Elizabeth or Isabel ; *m.* 1363 ; crowned EMPRESS at Rome 1 Nov. 1368 ; *d.* 1393 ; 4th wife.

(E) Anne ; *m.* at Westminster 21 Jan. 1382, as 1st wife, to **Richard II, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 22 Jan. ; *d.* at Shene 7 June 1394, bur. in Westminster Abbey.

(A 1) Philip VI, of Valois, KING OF FRANCE, 1328—1350 ; *b.* 1293 ; *d.* 22 Aug. 1350.

(A 2) Jane, da. of Robert II, DUKE OF BURGUNDY ; *m.* 1313 ; *d.* 12 Sep. 1348, aged abt. 55 ; 1st wife.

(B 1), John, KING OF FRANCE,(7) 1350—1364 ; *b.* 26 Apr. 1319 ; *d.* 8 Apr 1364 ; 1st son.

(B 2) Bonne or Gutta ; *b.* 1314 ; *m.* May 1332 ; *d.* 11 Sep. 1349 ; 1st wife.

(A 3) John, KING OF BOHEMIA ; slain 26 Aug. 1346. See Tab. XX, C 1.

(A 4) Elizabeth, da. of Wenzel IV, KING OF BOHEMIA ; *d.* 28 Sep. 1330 ; 1st wife. See Tab. XX, C 2.

(B 3) Peter I, DUKE OF BOURBON, COUNT OF CLERMONT, Chamberlain of France. 1342—1356 ; slain 19 Sep. 1356 ; 1st son.

(A 5) Louis I, DUKE OF BOURBON,(1) COUNT OF CLERMONT AND LA MARCHE, Chamberlain of France ; *b.* 1279 ; *d.* Jan. 28-31, 134½.

(A 6) Mary, da. of John, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND ; *m.* Sep. 1310 ; *d.* Aug. 1354.

(B 4) Isabel ; *m.* 25 Jan. 133⅞ ; *d.* 26 July 1383.

(A 7) Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS ; *d.* 16 Dec. 1325. See Tab. XVIII, C 3.

(A 8) Mahaut, da. of Guy de Châtillon III, COUNT OF ST. POL, Butler of France ; *m.* 1308 ; *d.* 3 Oct. 1358 ; 3rd wife.

(B 5) Stephen I, DUKE OF BAVARIA ; *d.* 10 May 1375, or 10 May 1377, 2nd son.(10)

(A 9) Louis IV, of Bavaria, EMPEROR, 1328—1347 ; *b.* 1286 or 87 ; *d.* 11 or 21 Oct. 1347.

(B 6) Elizabeth ; *m.* 1328 ; *d.* 1375 ; 1st wife.

(A 10) Beatrice, da. of Henry III or VII, DUKE OF SILESIA at Glogau and Oels ; *d.* 24 Aug. 1322 or 1323 ; 1st wife.

(B 7) Barnabo Visconti, SIGNORE DI MILANO ; *d.* (poisoned) 18 Dec. 1385, aged 66 ; 3rd son.

(A 11) Frederic I or II, of Aragon, KING OF SICILY, 1296—1337 ; *d.* 25 June 1337.

(A 12) Eleanor, da of Charles II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY ; *m.* May 1302 ; *d.* 9 Aug. 1341 or 1343.

(A 13) Steffano Visconti ; *d.* (poisoned) 20 (or 6) July 1327.

(A 14) Valentina da. of Barnabo Doria Prefect of Genoa ; *m.* 1317.

(B 8) Beatrice ; *m.* 27 Sep. 1350 ; *d.* 18 June 1384.

(A 15) Mastino della Scala III, SIGNORE DI VERONA, 1329—1350 ; *d.* 1350.

(A 16) Taddea.(6)

(C 1) Charles V, le Sage, KING OF FRANCE,(11) 1364—1380 ; *b.* 21 Jan. 133⅘ ; *d.* 16 Sep. 1380 ; 1st son.

(C 2) Jane ; *b.* 3 Feb. 1337⅛ ; *m.* 8 Apr. (not 8 Aug.) 1350 ; *d.* 6 Feb. 137⅞.

(C 3) Stephen II, junior, DUKE OF BAVARIA at Ingolstadt ; *d.* Sep. 1413 ; 1st son.(12)

(C 4) Taddea ; *m* 1365 ; *d.* 1381 ; 1st wife.

(D 1) Charles VI, le Bien-aimé, KING OF FRANCE, 1380—1422 ; *b.* at Paris 3 Dec. 1368 ; crowned at Reims 4 Nov. 1380 ; *d.* in the hôtel de St. Paul at Paris 21 or 22 Oct. 1422, bur. at St. Denis 11 Nov. ; 1st son.

(D 1) Isabel ; *m.* at Amiens 17 July 1385, at the age of 14 ; crowned in the Ste. Chapelle in 1389 ; *d.* in the hôtel de St. Paul (20, 24, 28 or) 30 Sep. 1435, bur. at St. Denis 13 Oct.

(E XXI) Isabel ; *b.* in the Louvre at Paris 9 Nov. 1389 ; marriage contract dated 9 March 139⅝ ; *m.* (by proxy at the Palais Royal at Paris 12 March and) at the Church of St. Nicolas at Calais 4 Nov.(13) 1396, as 2nd wife, to **Richard II, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 8 Jan. 139⅚ ; *d.* at Blois 13 Sep. 1409, bur. there in the Abbey of St. Laumer.

(E XXVI) Catherine ; *b.* in the hôtel de St. Paul 27 Oct. 1401 ; marriage contract dated at Troyes 21 May 1420 ; *m.* in the Church of St. John(14) at Troyes 2 June 1420, to **Henry V, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 23 Feb. 142⅑ ; *d.* at the Abbey of Bermondsey 2 or 3 Jan. 143⅚, bur. in Westminster Abbey 11-14 Feb.

Tables XXI and XXVI.
1st Series.
Seize Quarters of **Isabel** and **Catherine** (of France), **Queens Consort to Richard II and Henry V.**

ADDITIONS TO TABLE XX.

A. 1. He was killed at the Battle of Woeringen. (Eldest son of Henry III, Count of Luxemburg, by Margaret of Bar. See Table XVIII, B. 3, 4.)

A. 2. She was bur. in the Priory of Beaumont at Valenciennes. (Her mother was Félicité,[3] dau. of Thomas de Coucy I, Seigneur de Vervins, Fontaines and Landousies.)

A. 3. He became Duke in 1268; acquired the Duchy of Limburg by conquest in 1288; mortally wounded in tournament at Bar-le-Duc,[4] bur. (with his second wife) in the Church of the Franciscans at Brussels. [He *m.* 1, 1269, Margaret, dau. of Louis IX, King of the French; she *d.* in 1271, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.] (Second son[5] of Henry III, Duke of Lothier and Brabant, by Aleyde of Burgundy. See Table XIV, C. 3, 4.)

A. 4. (Dau. of Guy, Count of Flanders, by his first wife Mahaut or Matilda, dau. of Robert VII, Seigneur de Bethune and Tenremonde).

A. 5. He succ. his father 22 Sep. 1253; killed at the Battle of Laab in Marckfeld near Vienna.[6] [He *m.* 1, 11 Feb. 1252, Margaret, dau. of Leopold VI, the Glorious, Duke of Austria and Styria, and widow (Feb. 1242) of Henry, crowned King of the Romans, eldest son of the Emperor Frederic II; he repud. her in 1261; she *d.* in 1267.] (Elder son of Wenzel III, called Ottocar and the One-eyed, King of Bohemia, by Cunegonde, dau. of Philip II, King of the Romans.)

A. 7. Rudolf IV, the Clement, Landgrave of Upper Alsace, Count of Habsburg and Kyburg[8]; *b.* at the Castle of Limburg in Breisgau; succ. his father 22 Nov. 1240; elected King of the Romans at Frankfort 29 Sept. 1273; crowned (with his wife) at Aachen 24 Oct. 1273; *d.* at Germersheim on the Rhine, bur. in the Cath. Church at Speyer. [He *m.* 2, at Remiremont, 5 Feb. 1284, Isabel or Elizabeth,[9] dau. of Hugh IV, Duke of Burgundy; she *d.* in 1313.] (Eldest son of Albert IV, the Wise, Landgrave of Alsace, Count of Habsburg, by Hedwig, dau. of Ulric, Count of Kyburg.)

A. 8. She took the name of Anne at her coronation; *d.* at Vienna, bur. in the Cath. Church at Basle 20 March 1281.

A. 9. He was bur. at Kammin. [He *m.* 1, Matilda or Agnes, dau. of John I, Margrave of Brandenburg.] (Eldest son of Barnim I, the Good, Duke of Pomerania, by his first wife Mary, dau. of Albert I, Duke of Saxony.)

A. 10. (Her mother was Agnes, dau. of Wichman, Count of Ruppin.)

A. 11. He succ. his father 17 Jan. 1278; bur. in the Convent of the nuns of St. Clare at Breslau. (Eldest son of Boleslaw II, the Bald, Duke of Silesia at Liegnitz, by his first wife Hedwig, dau. of Henry, the Elder, Prince of Anhalt.)

A. 12, 14. (Their mother was Helen, dau. of Bela IV, King of Hungary.)

A. 13. He became Duke of Poland on the death of King Przemysl II, 8 Feb. 1295; deposed in 1300; re-established in 1304; took the title of King in 1320. (Third son of Kazimierz, Duke of Cujavia, by his second wife Constance, dau. of Henry II, the Pious, Duke of Silesia.)

B. 1. Henry V, Count of Luxemburg and la Roche, Marquis of

Arlon; elected King of the Romans at Rentz near Coblentz 15 Nov. 1308; election confirmed at Frankfort 27 Nov.; crowned at Aachen 6 Jan. $130\frac{8}{9}$; crowned King of Lombardy at Milan 6 Jan. $131\frac{0}{1}$, and Emperor (as Henry VII) at Rome in the Church of the Lateran 29 June 1312; *d.* at Buonconvento in Tuscany, bur. in the Cath. Church at Pisa.

B. 2. She was *m.* (papal dispens. dated 1291[12]), by contract dated Apr. 1292, at the Castle of ter Vueren 28 May 1292; crowned at Milan with her husb.; *d.* at Genoa.

B. 3. He was crowned at Prague 2 June 1297; elected King of Poland in 1300, but was compelled to resign in 1304. [He *m.* 2, 1300, Richsa or Elizabeth (*b.* 1286) only child of Przemysl II, King of Poland; she *m.* 2, as second wife, in 1306, Rudolf, proclaimed King of Bohemia in 1307, eldest son of the Emperor Albert I, Duke of Austria; she *d.* in 1335.]

B. 5. He was elected Prince of Rugen in 1325; bur. at Kammin.

B. 7. [He *m.* 2, 1341, Adelaide, dau. of Henry II, Landgrave of Hesse, whom he repud. He *m.* 3, 1357, Hedwig or Jadwiga, dau. of Henry V or IX, Duke of Silesia at Glogau and Sagan; she *m.* 2, 1371, Rupert, Duke of Silesia at Liegnitz, and *d.* 26 March 1390.]

C. 1. He became Count of Luxemburg, etc, by cession from his father in 1309; King of Bohemia j. ux. in 1310, at the age of 11; crowned (with his wife) at Prague 4 or 5 Feb. $131\frac{0}{1}$; slain at the Battle of Crecy, bur. in the Church of the Dominicans at Montargis.[14] [He *m.* 2, by contract dated at Vincennes Dec. 1334, Beatrice, dau. of Louis I, Duke of Bourbon; she *m.* 2, as second wife, at Grandvilliers in Lorraine, Eudes, Seigneur de Grancey; she *d.* 25 Dec. 1383, bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris.]

D. 1. [He *m.* 1, 1333, Margaret called Blanche, dau. of Charles of France, Count of Valois; she *d.* 1 Aug. 1348, bur. in the Church of the Castle at Prague. He *m.* 2, Nov. 1349, Anne or Agnes, only child of Rudolf II, the Blind, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Duke in Bavaria; she *d.* in 1352. He *m.* 3, 1353, Anne, only child of Henry II, Duke of Silesia at Jauer; she was crowned 28 July 1353, and *d.* 11 July 1362.]

[1] He was younger brother of John d'Avênes (Tab. XVIII, B. 1.)

[2] L'an MCCCXX, le premier jour de Mars, trespassa noble et genereuse dame d'eternelle memoire, Madame Beatrix jadis Comtesse de Luxembourg, fils du tres illustre prince Monseigneur Baudouin d'Avesnes, Seigneur de Beaumont, et de Madame Felicité de Coucy sa femme; et mere du serenissime Prince Henry, Emperor de Rome . . . Elle a fondé à ses fraix ce convent au lieu propre de sa nativité, ou aussi apres sa mort elle a merité d'avoir sepulture. (Necrology of Beaumont—Vinchant. Annales d'Haynau, p. 320). According to Butkens, she *d.* 25 Feb. 1320.

[3] Secunda filia [Thomæ de Couchi domini de Vervino] nomine Felicitas domino Balduino de Avesnes domino de Bellomonte unam peperit filiam . . . filia dicti Balduini nomine Beatrix nupsit domino Henrico de Rupe primogenito Comitis Lucelburgensis Henrici, ex sorore Comitis Henrici Barrensis. (B. de Avennis in Chron.)

[4] According to L'Art de Vér. les Dates, citing Peter a Thymo, the tournament took place May 3, and the Duke *d.* the ensuing night.

[5] The eldest son Henry was, by the machinations of his mother, ousted from the succession "pour n'avoir la naifveté et promptitude d'esprit esgale à son frère Jean, qui estoit bien cheri de leur mere." He (who had been affianced v.p. to Margaret, afterwards his brother's first wife) was induced to relinquish his rights, and became (1 Oct. 1269) a monk in the Abbey of St. Etienne at Dijon.

[6] His corpse was carried to the Franciscan monastery, but, dying under excommunication, none dared to give him sepulture with the rites of the Church.

[7] L'Art de Vér. les Dates, citing Bohuslaus Balbinus. According to others, she was dau. of "Rossislas, Duke of Bulgaria."

[8] He styled himself in 1269, "Rudolfus, Comes de Habersburg et de Kiburg, Superioris Alsacie Landgravius;" being the first who used the designation Landgrave of *Upper* Alsace.

[9] According to the Chron. of Ellenhard of Strasburg, a contemporary writer and eye-witness:—An. Dom. 1284, dominica circumdederunt, illustris Rudolfus Rex duxit in uxorem dominam Elisabetham, filiam Ducis Hugonis senioris Burgundiæ, quæ tantum erat in ætate tredecim annos et pulchra nimis. There is a charter of Isabeauz par la grace de Dieu jadis Royne des Romains, mentioning—nostre tres chiere dame et mere Beatrix jadis femme de tres noble baron Hugue Duc de Borgoigne nostre pere . . . 1300, au mois de Jullot. (Plancher, tom. ii, preuves, p. 102). Her parentage is therefore certain, though many writers err on the subject. Dom. Plancher (tom. ii, note 3) identifies her with Isabeau de Bourgogne, wife of Peter de Chambly. This latter Isabeau *d.* in 1323, according to her epitaph in the Church of the Augustines at Paris, and was, it is said, grand-daughter of Hugh IV, but which of his sons she was dau. of is unknown.

[10] He is said to have murdered, and to have *m.* the widow of, his predecessor Withenes.

[11] The date usually given for his birth is 18 July 1262. He was, however, still a minor in 1289:—Nous Beatrix Comtesse de Lucembourch et de la Roche et nous Henris ses ainsneis filz Damisiaus de Lucembourch . . 1289, le samedi devant feste Sainct Jake et Sainct Christofore [*i.e.*, 23 July]. In another charter, mercredi apres les octaves de la Trinite, 1292, he takes the title of Count. There is a curious error in the note on this subject in L'Art de Vér. les Dates, where the second charter is dated 1289, thus making it previous to the first. As to the day of his birth, it appears that his mother founded the priory of Beaumont, which she dedicated to the honour of God and the Assumption of the Virgin, because her son Henry was born at that place and on such a day [15 Aug.]

[12] Venerabili in Christo Patri Domino suo Sigifrido Dei gratia Coloniensis Ecclesie Archiepiscopo ac Sacri Imperii per Italiam Archicancellario generali, S. Parisiensis et G. Noviomensis eadam gratia Episcopi, judices cum venerabili patre Episcopo Monasteriensi, super dispensatione inter nobiles personas Henricum Lussemburgensem et Margaretam natam nobilis viri Joannis Lotharingie, Brabantie. et Limburgi Ducis, a sede Apostolica . . . Datum anno 1291. (Charters of Brabant—Butkens, tom. i, preuves p. 127.)

[13] Of the family, it is said, of the Dukes of Liegnitz: but this is uncertain. (L'Art de Vér. les Dates). She is usually supposed to have been dau. of Henry III or V, though Elizabeth, dau. of that Duke, is otherwise said to have *d.* unm., Abbess of St. Clare. But she could not have been dau. of his son Henry VI (*b.* 16 March 1294), as is sometimes stated.

[14] His tomb was discovered there in 1748, with the fragment of an epitaph: ". . . qui trespassa a la tete de ses gens ensemblement, les recommandant a Dieu le pere le jour de . . . la glorieuse Vierge Marie. Priez Dieu pour l'ame de ce bon Roy. 1346." Historians had previously supposed that he was bur. at Luxemburg in the Church of the Friars minor.

[15] He is said to have *m.* 2, Adelaide, dau. either (i) of Otto, Duke of Brunswick-Eimbeck, who *d.* in 1411 (which is impossible); or (ii) of Henry II, Duke of Brunswick-Grubenhagen, who *d.* in 1337.

[16] Both the dates, 1326 and 1336, assigned for her death, are alike impossible.

[17] He resigned Luxemburg in 1353 to his half-brother Wenceslas, and erected it into a duchy in his favour 13 March [not May] 1354.

Additions to Tables XXI and XXVI.

A. 1. He was called le Bien-fortuné and le Catholique; commenced to reign 2 Apr. $132\frac{7}{8}$; crowned with his wife at Reims 29 May 1328; *d.* at Nogent-le-Roy, bur. at St. Denis 28 Aug. 1350. [He *m.* 2, at Brie-Comte-Robert, 29 Jan. $13\frac{4}{5}\frac{9}{0}$, Blanche, dau. of Philip III, King of Navarre; she *d.* at Neaufle-le-Châtel 5 Oct. 1398, bur. at St. Denis] (Eldest son of Charles, Count of Valois, by Margaret of Sicily. See Tab. XVIII, C 3, 4.)

A. 2. She was *m.* by contract dated at Fontainebleau June 1313; *d.*

at Paris in the Hôtel de Nesle, bur. at St. Denis. (Her mother was Agnes of France. See Tab. XXIV, A 7, 8.)

A. 5. He was called le Boiteux and le Grand; bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris. (Eldest son of Robert of France, Count of Clermont in Beauvaisis, by Beatrice, only child of John of Burgundy, Seigneur de Charolais, and de Bourbon j. ux.)

A. 6. She was *m.* at Pontoise by contract dated June 1310; *d.* at the Castle of Murat the end of Aug. 1354, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Champaigue in Bourbonnais. (Her mother was Philippa of Luxemburg. See Table XVIII, C 1, 2.)

A. 8. She was *m.* (by papal dispens. dated 13 July 1308) by contract dated at Poitiers June 1308;[2] bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Paris.[3] (Her mother was Mary, dau. of John II, Duke of Brittany.)

A. 9. Louis III, Duke of Upper Bavaria; succ. his father 1 Jan. 1294;[4] elected King of the Romans at Frankfort 20 Oct., and crowned at Aachen 26 Nov., 1314; crowned King of Lombardy at Milan 31 May 1327, and Emperor (as Louis IV) at Rome 17 Jan. $132\frac{7}{8}$; bur. at Munich in the Church of Our Lady. [He *m.* 2, 1324, Margaret, Countess of Hainault, Holland and Zeeland, eldest dau. of William I Count of Hainault and III of Holland and Zeeland of that name; she *d.* at Valenciennes 23 June 1356,[5] bur. there in the Church of the Franciscans.] (Third but second surv. son of Louis II, the Severe, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Duke of Upper Bavaria, by his third wife Matilda, dau. of Rudolf I, King of the Romans.)

A. 10. (Her mother was Matilda, dau. of Albert I, the Great, Duke of Brunswick.)

A. 11. He was elected 15 Jan., and crowned in the Cath. Church at Palermo 25 March, 1296; *d.* near Palermo. (Third son of Peter III, King of Aragon, by Constance, dau. of Manfred, King of Sicily.)

A. 12. Eleanor; *m.* at Messina; *d.* a nun at the monastery of St. Nicolas at Arena, bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Catania. [She *m.* 1, 1299, Philip de Tocy, Seigneur de la Terza; marriage dissolved by papal bull of 17 Jan. 1300.] (Her mother was Mary of Hungary. See Tab. XVIII, B 7, 8.)

A. 13. (Fourth son of Matteo I, il Grande, Signore di Milano, by Bonacosa, dau. of Squarcino Buri.)

A. 15. He succ. his uncle Can Grande della Scala 26 July 1329. (Second son of Albuino della Scala, Signore di Verona, by Sibilla, dau. of . . . Castriot, Prince of Epirus.)

B. 1. He was called le Bon; *b.* at the Castle of Gué de Mauny near le Mans; crowned (with his wife) at Reims 26 Sep. 1350; *d.* in London at the Savoy, bur. at St. Denis 7 May.[8] [He *m.* 2, at Ste. Genevieve de Nanterre, 19 Feb. $13\frac{4}{5}\frac{2}{0}$, Jane (*b.* 8 May 1326) Countess of Auvergne and Boulogne, only dau. and hss. of William XII, Count of Auvergne and Boulogne, and widow (22 Sep. 1346) of Philip, elder son of Eudes IV, Duke of Burgundy; she *d.* at the Castle of Argily in Burgundy 29 Sep. 1360, bur. at St. Denis.]

B. 2. Her marriage contract was dated at Fontainebleau, Jan. $133\frac{1}{2}$; *m.* at Melun; *d.* at the Abbey of Maubuisson and was bur. there.

B. 3. He was killed at the Battle of Poitiers, bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris.[9]

B. 4. Her marriage contract was dated 5 Oct. 1322; *d.* a nun at the Franciscan convent in the faubourg St. Marcel at Paris.

B. 5. He was called *fibulatus* and *senior*; bur. in the monastery of Andechs. [He *m.* 2, Margaret, dau. of John II, Burgrave of Nuremberg.]

B. 7. He *d.* at the Castle of Trezzo.

C. 1. He was *b.* at the Castle of Vincennes; crowned (with his wife) at Reims 19 May 1364; *d.* at the Castle of Beauté-sur-Marne near Vincennes, bur. at St. Denis.

C. 2. She was *b.* at Vincennes; marriage contract dated at Lyon July 1349; *m.* (by papal dispens.) at Tain on the Rhone; *d.* at Paris, bur. at St. Denis 14-20 Feb.

C. 3. [He *m.* 2, Isabel or Elizabeth, dau. of Adolf, I Count of Cleves, III of la Marck of that name, and widow (17 Jan. 1396) of Renaud de Fauquemont (Valkenberg), Seigneur de Borne.]

E. XXI. [She *m.* 2, at Compiègne (or at Senlis) 29 June 1406, as first wife, Charles, Count of Angoulême, afterwards (23 Nov. 1407) Duke of Orleans and of Valois, Count of Blois and of Beaumont-sur-Oise, Sire de Coucy, and Knight of the Golden Fleece; he was *b.* in the hôtel de St. Paul at Paris 26 May 1391; *d.* at Amboise 4 Jan. $146\frac{5}{6}$, bur. in the Collegiate Church of St. Sauveur at Blois.]

E. XXVI. [She *m.*[15] 2, Owen Tudor; he was beheaded in the Market Place at Hereford Feb. 1461, bur. there in the Church of the Grey Friars.]

[1] He was called Louis Monsieur in the lifetime of his father (who *d.* 7 Feb. $131\frac{7}{8}$). He had previously (1 Oct. 1310) succ. his mother in the Sirerie de Bourbon. He received the comté of la Marche in exchange for that of Clermont in Dec. 1327. The same month Bourbon was erected en duché et pairie, and la Marche en pairie.—Karolus Dei gratia Francorum et Navarre rex . . . Borbonesii baroniam, castraque de Issolduno, de Sancti Petri monasterio et de Monteferrandi, cum suis pertinentiis in ducatum erigimus, et ducatum in antea prefatumque consanguineum nostrum [Ludovicum dominum Borbonesii comitem Marchie] proinde ducem Borbonesii volumus nuncupari, ejusque heredes et successores ad quos dictus ducatus legitime deveniet, volumus talis nuncupationis prerogativa gaudere . . . Decrevimus: quod ipse ratione ducatus supradicti, ejusque successores et heredes ad quos dictus ducatus in posterum devenire continget legitime, dictos ducatum et comitatum Marchie in parreriam et ut parreriam Francie teneant, dictique ducatus et comitatus cum omnibus pertinentiis suis parreria Francie sit et perpetuo nominetur; dictusque consanguineus noster dux pariter par et comes, paremque ejus heredibus et successoribus universaliter et insolidum succedentibus in premissis elargientes honorem . . . Actum apud Luparam juxta Parisiis, anno Domini MCCCXXVII, mense decembri. (Ch. des comptes de Paris, Titres de Bourbon, liasse lvii—Anselme, tom. iii, p. 136.) Clermont was restored en titre de pairie in 1331.

[2] Nous Charles fils de Roy de France, Cuens de Valois, de Chartres, d'Alencon et d'Anjou, savoir faisons a tous ceus qui ces lettres verront et orront, que comme traitez ait entre nous et les amis de noble damoiselle Mahaut de S. Paul fille de haut et de noble homme Guy de Chasteillon, Conte de S. Paul, Bouteiller de France, pour cause de mariage de nous et de ladite damoiselle. Nous desirans et voulans ledit mariage, voulons donnons et octroyons des maintenant as hoirs qui de nous et de ladite damoiselle istront, toute la conte de Chartres . . . Fait au mois de Juignet a Poitiers, l'an de grace mil trois cents et huit. (Du Chesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves p. 163-5, where is also given the text of the dispens. by Clement V,—datum Pictavis, iii idus julii, pontificatus nostri anno tertio).

[3] Her epitaph there :—Cy gist Madame Mahaut fille du Comte de S. Paul, femme de Monsieur Charles filz du Roy de France, Comte de Valois, d'Alençon, de Chartres et d'Anjou. Laquelle trespassa l'an 1358, le 3 jour d Octobre. (Du Chesne, ib., p. 165).

[4] His elder br. Rudolf was Count Palatine of the Rhine.

[5] According to her epitaph. The date given by Anselme (tom. ii, p. 784) is 30 Sep. 1355.

[6] She is called dau. of James the Great, Marquis of Ferrara, but no such person as this seems to have existed. She may have been dau. of Francesco, Marquis of Este (slain 23 Aug. 1312), by Taddea, dau. of John Barbiano.

[7] He was styled Duke of Normandy v.p.—Philippes par le grace de Dieu, roi de France . . . scavoir faisons . . . que nous . . . avons donne et donnons . . . la duchie de Normandie et les comtez d'Anjou et du Mayne . . . a tenir . . . de nous a ung fiez et ung hommage lige et en pairie par ledit Jehan nostre fils, lequel nous le en avons fait et faisons pair de France, avec tous droits et honneurs de pairrie . . . Faites et donnees au Louvre pres Paris le lundi dix septiesme jour en fevrier, apres ce que nous eumes emancipe et aagie nostre fils, l'an de grace 1331 [*i.e.*, 133½]. (MSS. de Brienne, tom. ccxxxvi—Anselme, tom. ii, p. 543.)

[8] Tuesday, 7 May, according to the Grandes Chroniques of St. Denis.

[9] His corpse was carried to the Church of the Dominicans at Poitiers, but, being under excommunication, he could not be buried there: absolution having at length been given by letters from Cardinal Francis, the papal commissioner, dated at Avignon xii kal. apr. 1357, the body was taken to Paris and bur. there in the Church of the Dominicans.

[10] The eldest son Louis was Elector of Brandenburg.

[11] He was the first of the House of France to bear the title of Dauphin de Viennois. The Dauphin Humbert II, his only legit. child being dead and his finances greatly embarrassed, by treaty dated 23 Apr. 1343, left his estates, in the event of his dying s.p, to Philip, Duke of Orleans, with remainder to one of the sons of John, Duke of Normandy. But next year, 7 June, by another treaty, he made the Duke of Normandy, or one of his sons, his heir. This was confirmed by two bulls of Clement VI, 9 July and 11 Sep. following—auctoritate tam apostolica quam imperiali, cum imperii regimen, eo vacante, sicut nunc vacat, in nobis et in Romana ecclesia residens noscatur—regarding the Empire as vacant, by reason of the excommunication of Louis of Bavaria. The price of the cession was 120,000 florins d'or and a life pension of 10,000 livres. In 1347 Humbert's wife was dead, and the prospect of his remarriage made it necessary to negotiate with him afresh; for the preceding compacts had only promised an eventual succession. His hands were tied by a new treaty, 30 March 134⅞; after which, 16 July, at a solemn assembly held at Lyon, "il s'y dessaisit et devestit reellement, corporellement et de fait, desdiz Dalphine . . . et de toutes ses autres terres . . . et ensaisit et vestit reellement, corporellement et de fait, ledit Charles Monsieur, fils ainsne de Monsieur Jehan duc de Normandie, present et acceptant pour li et ses hoirs et successeurs . . . et en signe desdites saisine et dessaisine, bailla audit Charles l'espee ancienne du Dalphine et la banniere saint Georges, qui sont les enseignes anciennes des Dalphins de Viennois, et un ceptre et un anel . . . " On the morrow he took the habit of St. Dominic. To allay the fears of the French Court the Church received him with indecent precipitation. For on Christmas Day, 1350, he was ordained subdeacon, deacon and priest, by Pope Clement VI, at three consecutive masses, and eight days afterwards was consecrated Patriarch of Alexandria. In 1352, he received the Archbishopric of Reims, and 25 Jan. 135⅓, the Bishopric of Paris: both of which he resigned 22 Feb. following, and retired to the convent of his order at Clermont in Auvergne, where he died 22 May 1355, in his 43rd year. See Valbonnays, Histoire de Dauphiné, Anselme and L'Art de Vér. les Dates in their genealogies of the Dauphins of the House of la Tour du Pin.

[12] The three sons of Stephen I ruled Bavaria in common for many years. But in 1392 they made partition of their inheritance: Stephen becoming Duke at Ingoldstadt, Frederic at Landshut, and John at Munich.

[13] W. Worcester; Chronicles of St. Denis. Froissart gives Tuesday 1 Nov. [1 Nov. was a *Wednesday*]. Another date given is 28 Oct.

[14] Anselme. Others say in the Cath. Church (of St. Pierre); or in the Church of St. Urbain.

[15] At least, she *may* have married him. See on this subject, Ramsay, Lancaster and York. vol. i, p. 496, ii, p. 159, and Complete Peerage, vol. vi, p. 356 note d.

(A 1) **Edward, I King of England**; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(A 2) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**, da. of Ferdinand III, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON; *d* 28 Nov. 1290; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, E.

(B 1) **Edward II, King of England**; murdered 21-22 Sep. 1327. See Tab. XV, E.

(B 2) Isabel, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 23 Aug. 1358. See Tab. XVI, E.

(A 3) Philip IV, KING OF FRANCE AND NAVARRE; *d.* 29 Nov. 1314. See Tab. XVI, D 1.

(A 4) Jane, da. of Henry I, KING OF NAVARRE; *d.* 2 Apr. 130$\frac{4}{5}$. See Tab. XVI, D 2.

(B 3) William, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 7 June 1337. See Tab. XVIII, D 1.

(A 5) John d'Avênes, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 22 Aug. 1304. See Tab. XVIII, C 1.

(A 6) Philippa, da. of Henry III, COUNT OF LUXEMBURG; *d.* 1311. See Tab. XVIII C 2.

(B 4) Jane; *d.* 7 March 1352. See Tab XVIII, D 2.

(A 7) Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS; *d.* 16 Dec 1325. See Tab. XVIII, C 3.

(A 8) Margaret, da. of Charles II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY; *d.* 31 Dec. 1299; 1st wife. See Tab. XVIII, C 4.

(B 5) Henry, EARL OF LANCASTER AND LEICESTER; *b.* abt. 1281; *d.* 22 Sep. 1345; 2nd son.

(A 9) Edmund, EARL OF LANCASTER AND LEICESTER; *b.* 16 Jan. 124$\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* 5 June 1296.

(A 10) Blanche, da. of Robert I, COUNT OF ARTOIS; *m.* by 3 Feb. 127$\frac{5}{6}$;[3] *d.* 2 May 1302; 2nd wife. See Tab. XVI, C 4.

(B 6) Maud; *b.* 1279-80; *m.* abt. 1293; living 1364; only child.

(A 11) Patric de Chaurces;[4] *d.* 1282.[5]

(B 7) Henry de Beaumont,[10] EARL OF BUCHAN

(A 12) Isabel, da. of William de Beauchamp, EARL OF WARWICK.

(A 13) Louis de Brienne d'Acre, VICOMTE DE BEAUMONT in Maine; living 1263.

(B 8) Alice; *m.* by 27 March 1340; a yr. son.

(A 14) Agnes, VICOMTESSE DE BEAUMONT.[8] da. of Ralph III, VICOMTE DE BEAUMONT (by his second wife Agnes . . .); *m.* by Feb. 1253.

(C 1) **Edward III, King of England**; *d.* 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(C2) Philippa, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(C 3) Henry, EARL OF LANCASTER, LEICESTER, DERBY AND LINCOLN, DUKE OF LANCASTER; *b.* abt. 1300; *d.* 24 March 1361$\frac{2}{3}$; only son.

(C 4) Isabel; *m.* by 1338. 1311; living 1340; 1st da. and coh.[11]

(A 15) Alexander Comyn; *d.* abt. 1305.

(A 16) Joan Latimer.[9]

(D 1) John; *b.* at Ghent 24 June 1340; cr. EARL OF RICHMOND 20 or 29 Sep. 1342 (resigned 25 June 1372); K.G.; EARL OF LANCASTER, DERBY AND LINCOLN in 1361; EARL OF LEICESTER and Steward of England in 1362; cr. DUKE OF LANCASTER 13 Nov. 1362; summ. to Parl. as KING OF CASTILE AND LEON 6 Oct. 1372–3 Sep. 1385; cr. DUKE OF AQUITAINE for life 2 March 13$\frac{8}{9}$$\frac{9}{0}$; *d.* at Ely House in Holborn[12] 3 Feb. 139$\frac{3}{4}$; bur. in St. Paul's Cath. Church; 4th son.

(D 2) Blanche; *b.* 1346-7; *m.* (by papal disp.) at Reading 19 [not 18] May 1359; *d.* 1369, bur. in St. Paul's Cath. Church; yr. da. and coh.; 1st wife.

(E) **Henry IV, King of England**: *b.* at Bolinbroke Castle, co. Linc., 30 May 1366;[14] styled EARL OF DERBY v.p. after 1377; K.G.; cr. DUKE OF HEREFORD 29 Sep. 1397; chosen King in full Parl. 30 Sep. 1399; crowned at Westminster 13 Oct. 1399; *d.* at Westminster 20 March 141$\frac{2}{3}$; bur. in the Metrop. Church at Canterbury 18 June; 1st son.

Table XXII. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Henry IV, King of England, 1399—1413.

Table XXIII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Mary
(de Bohun),
Consort to
Henry, Earl of Derby,
afterwards
King of England.

(A 1) Humphrey de Bohun, EARL OF HEREFORD AND ESSEX, Constable of England, 1275—1297 ; *d.* 1297.

(A 2) Maud, da. of Enguerrand II, SEIGNEUR DE FIENNES in Guines and DE TINGRY in Boulonnais.

(A 3) **Edward I, King of England** ; *d.* 7 July 1307. See Tab. XII, E.

(A 4) Eleanor, **Queen Consort**, da. of Ferdinand III, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON ; *d.* 28 Nov. 1290 ; 1st wife. See Tab. XIII, E.

(B 1) Humphrey de Bohun, EARL OF HEREFORD AND ESSEX, Constable of England, 1297—1322 ; slain 16 March 1322½ ; only son.

(B 2) Elizabeth or Isabel ; *d.* 5 May 1316, aged 32.

(A 5) Gunselm de Badlesmere, of Badlesmere, co. Kent ; *d.* 1301.

(A 6) Joan, da. of Ralph fitz Bernard, of Kingsdown, co. Kent.

(B 3) Bartholomew de Badlesmere, LORD OF BADLESMERE ; hung 14 Apr. 1322, aged abt. 47 ; 1st son.

(A 7) Thomas de Clare, Governor of the City of London in 1273 ; *d.* 1286-7.

(A 8) Amy, da. of Maurice fitz Maurice.

(B 4) Margaret ;[1] living 1328.[2]

(A 9) Richard fitz Alan, EARL OF ARUNDEL, 1289—1302 ; *b.* 3 Feb. 1267 ; *d.* 1302.

(A 10) Aloisia, Alison or Alice, da. of Thomas, or Thomasino, MARQUIS OF SALUZZO in Piedmont ; *m.* by 1285 ; *d.* 25 Sep. 1292.

(B 5) Edmund, EARL OF ARUNDEL ; *b.* 1 May 1285 ; beheaded 17 Nov. 1326 ; elder son.

(A 11) William de Warenne ; slain in tournament at Croydon 12 Dec. 1285, v.p.

(A 12) Joan, da. of Robert de Vere, EARL OF OXFORD.

(B 6) Alice ;[3] living 1302-1326 ; *m.* 1305 ; living 1330 ; dead 1347.

(A 13) Edmund, EARL OF LANCASTER AND LEICESTER ; *d.* 5 June 1296. See Tab. XXII, A 9.

(A 14) Blanche, da. of Robert I, COUNT OF ARTOIS ; *d.* 2 May 1302 ; 2nd wife. See Tab. XVI, C 4.

(B 7) Henry, EARL OF LANCASTER AND LEICESTER ; *d.* 22 Sep. 1345. See Tab. XXII, B 5.

(A 15) Patric de Chaurces ; *d.* 1282. See Tab. XXII, A 1[illegible].

(A 16) Isabel, d[illegible] of William de Beauchamp, EARL OF WARWICK. See Tab. XXII A 12.

(B 8) Maud ; living 1364, See Tab. XXII, B 6.

(C 1) William de Bohun ; cr. EARL OF NORTHAMPTON 16 March 1337[8] ; *m.* by 1338 ; *d.* 16 Sep. 1360, aged abt. 50, bur. in Walden Abbey ; 5th son.

(C 2) Elizabeth ;[4] *d.* 1356, aged abt. 43. *d.* at Arundel 24 Jan. 1375[6], bur. in Lewes Priory ; elder son.

(C 3) Richard, EARL OF ARUNDEL (so restored 1330-1) ; *b.* abt. 1306 ; assumed the title of EARL OF SURREY in 1361 ; del 11 Jan. 1372, bur. in Lewes Priory ; 2nd wife.

(C 4) Eleanor ; *m.* 1345 ; d. at Arundel 11 Jan. 1372, bur. in Lewes Priory ; 2nd wife.

(D 1) Humphrey de Bohun, EARL OF NORTHAMPTON ; EARL OF HEREFORD AND ESSEX, Constable of England, 1361—1373 ; K.G. ; *d.* 16 Jan. 1373[4], aged abt. 31, bur. in Walden Abbey ; only son.

(D 2) Joan ; *d.* 7 Apr. 1419.

(E) Mary ; *b.* 1369 ; *m.* (by patent dated 27 July 1380) at Arundel[5] before Feb. 1382 to Henry, EARL OF DERBY, afterwards **King of England** ; *d.* 4 July 1394, bur. in the Coll. Church at Leicester 6 July ; *yr.* da. and coh.

Table XXIV. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Jane
(of Navarre),

Queen Consort to Henry IV.

(A 1) Philip III, KING OF THE FRENCH; *d.* 5 Oct. 1285. See Tab. XIV, D 1.

(A 2) Mary, da. of HENRY III, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT; *d.* 12 Jan. 132½; 2nd wife. See Tab. XIV, D 2.

(A 3) Philip of Artois, SEIGNEUR DE CONCHES; *d.* v.p. 11 Sep. 1298.

(A 4) Blanche, da. of John II, DUKE OF BRITTANY, EARL OF RICHMOND; *d.* 19 March 1327.

(A 5) Philip IV, KING OF FRANCE AND NAVARRE; *d.* 29 Nov. 1314. See Tab. XVI, D 1.

(A 6) Jane, da. of Henry I, KING OF NAVARRE; *d.* 2 Apr. 130⅘. See Tab. XVI, D 2.

(A 7) Robert II, DUKE OF BURGUNDY, COUNT OF AUXONNE AND CHALON, Chamberlain of France, titular KING OF THESSALONICA, 1273—1305; *d.* 9 Oct. 1305,[1] aged abt. 56.

(A 8) Agnes, da. of Louis IX, KING OF THE FRENCH; *m.* 1279; *d.* 1327.

(A 9) Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS; *d.* 16 Dec. 1325. See Tab. XVIII, C 3.

(A 10) Margaret, da. of Charles II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY; *d.* 31 Dec. 1299; 1st wife. See Tab. XVIII, C 4.

(A 11) Robert II, DUKE OF BURGUNDY, 1273—1305; *d.* 9 Oct. 1305. See A 7.

(A 12) Agnes, da. of Louis IX, KING OF THE FRENCH; *m.* 1279; *d.* 1327. See A 8.

(A 13) THE EMPEROR Henry VII, of Luxemburg; *d.* 24 Aug. 1313. See Tab. XX, B 1.

(A 14) Margaret, da. of John I, DUKE OF LOTHIER AND BRABANT; *d.* 11 Dec. 1311. See Tab. XX, B 2.

(A 13) Wenzel IV, KING OF BOHEMIA; *d.* 21 June 1305. See Tab. XX, B 3.

(A 14) Judith, da. of Rudolf I, KING OF THE ROMANS; *d.* 5 June 1297; 1st wife. See Tab. XX, B 4.

(B 1) Louis, COUNT OF EVREUX;[2] *b.* May 1276; *d.* 19 May 1319; 5th son.

(B 2) Margaret;[3] *m.* 1300-1; *d.* 23 or 24 Apr. 1311.

(B 3) Louis X, KING OF FRANCE AND NAVARRE; *b.* 4 Oct. 1289 [not 1291]; *d.* 5[4] June 1316; 1st son.

(B 4) Margaret; *m.* 23 Sep. 1305; *d.* Aug. 1315;[6] 1st wife.

(B 5) Philip VI, KING OF FRANCE; *d.* 12 Sep. 1348; 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, A 2.

(B 6) Jane;[7] OF BOHEMIA; slain 26 Aug. 1346. See Tab. XX, C 1.

(B 7) John, KING; *d.* 28 Sep. 1330; 1st wife. See Tab. XX, C 2.

(B 8) Elizabeth; *d.* 11 Sep. 1349; 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, B 2.

(C 1) Philip III, KING OF NAVARRE, COUNT OF EVREUX, ANGOULEME, MORTAIN AND LONGUEVILLE; *d.* 16 or 26 Sep. 1343, aged 38, 39 or 42; elder son.

(C 2) Jane, QUEEN OF NAVARRE, COUNTESS OF ANGOULEME, MORTAIN AND LONGUEVILLE; *b.* 28 Jan. 1311[4]; *m.* May 1318; *d.* 6 Oct. 1349; only da.

(C 3) John, KING OF FRANCE; *d.* 8 Apr. 1364. See Tab. XXI, B 1.

(C 4) Bonne; *d.* 1 Apr. 1378. See Tab. XXI, B 1.

(D 1) Charles II, le Mauvais, KING OF NAVARRE, COUNT OF EVREUX; *b.* at Evreux 10 Oct. 1331; crowned King at Pamplona 27 June 1350 (succeeding his mother); *d.* at Pamplona 1 Jan. 1387[8]/[9] bur. there in the Cath. Church; 1st son.

(D 2) Jane; *b.* 24 June 1343; *m.* at Vivier in Brie Feb. 1357[8]/[9] [not 1351]; *d.* at Evreux 3 Nov. 1378,[10] bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.

(E) Jane; betrothed by proxy at Eltham 3 Apr. 1402 and *m.* at Winchester 7 Feb. 1402[3] as second wife, to **Henry IV, King of England**; crowned at Westminster 25 Feb. 1402[3]; *d.* at Havering-at-Bower in Essex 2, 9 or 10 July[11] 1437, bur. in the Metrop. Church at Canterbury.

Additions to Table XXII.

A. 9. He was *b.* in London; cr. Earl of Leicester and Steward of England 26 Oct. 1265; cr. Earl of Lancaster 30 June 1267; *d.* at Bayonne, bur. in Westminster Abbey 21 March $\frac{1}{1}\frac{2}{3}\frac{2}{0}\frac{9}{0}$.[1] [He *m.* 1, at Westminster, 9 Apr. 1269,[2] Avelina, dau. and eventual hss. of William de Forz, titular Count of Aumale in Normandy; she *d.* in 1274, bur. in Westminster Abbey.] (Fourth but second surv. son of Henry III, King of England, by Eleanor of Provence. See Tab. X. E., XI. E.)

A. 11. (Second son of Patric de Chaurces, by Hawise, dau. and hss. of Thomas de Londres, Lord of Kidwelly and Ogmore.)

A. 12. [She *m.* 2, by 1286-7, Hugh le Despenser, senior, Earl of Winchester; he was hung at Bristol 9 Oct. 1326,[6] aged 90.[6]] (Her mother was Maud,[7] widow of Gerard de Furnival, and dau. of John fitz John.)

A. 13. He was bur. in the Chartreuse of the Parc d'Orques in the forest of Charnée in Maine. (Third son of John de Brienne, King of Jerusalem, Emperor of Constantinople, by his second wife Berengaria, dau. of Alphonso IX, King of Leon and Galicia.)

A. 15. (Second son of Alexander Comyn, Earl of Buchan, by Elizabeth, dau. and coh. of Roger de Quincy, Earl of Winchester.)

B. 5. He was cr. Earl of Leicester 10 May 1324; Earl of Lancaster and Steward of England on the reversal of the attainder of his brother Thomas (beheaded at Pontefract 22 March $132\frac{1}{2}$) 7 March $132\frac{6}{7}$; *d.* at Leicester, bur. there in the Collegiate Church.

B. 7. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 4 March $130\frac{8}{9}$—20 Oct. 1332, and as Earl of Buchan 22 Jan. $133\frac{3}{4}$—16 Nov. 1339.

C. 3. He was *b.* at Grosmont Castle in Monmouthshire; cr. Earl of Derby 16 March $133\frac{6}{7}$; cr. Earl of Lincoln 20 Aug. 1349; cr. Duke of Lancaster 6 March $135\frac{0}{1}$; *d.* at Leicester, bur. there in the Collegiate Church.

D. 1. [He *m.* 2, at Rochefort near Bordeaux,[13] 1371 before Michaelmas,[13] Constance (*b.* 1354) second illegitimate dau. of Peter the Cruel, King of Castile and Leon; she *d.* in June 1394, bur. in the Collegiate Church at Leicester 5 July. He *m.* 3, at Lincoln, 13 Jan. $139\frac{6}{7}$, Katherine, dau. of Payn Roet. See Tab. XXIX, B. 8.]

[1] Memorandum le demeyne preseyn dewaunt le jour de la Nonsiasion notre Dame furent les ossemens Sire Emound frere le Rey aporte de le novel Abbeye de Meneresse dehors Alegate jeces a Seyn Pol, e de Seyn Pol a Weumontter, e ala le Rey ou les osemens parmi la wile a pe, e Countes e Barons e Eweces, e lendemeyn furent les osemens enteres a Weumontter au senettre de l'auter Seyn Pere l'an le Rey xxviii (Lib. de Ant. Legibus, p. 249.)

[2] Hoc anno Dominus Edmundus, filius Domini Regis, desponsavit filiam Comitis de Aubemarle in ecclesia conventuali Westmonasterii, in presentia Domini Regis, Regine , . . nono die Aprilis, tunc temporis Hokeday. (Chron. Maiorum et Vicecomitum Londoniarum, ad ann. 1269.) The marriage is dated 6 Apr. 1269 or 8 Apr. 1270 in the "Complete Peerage."

[3] As Count of Champagne and Brie jure uxoris, Earl Edmund performed homage to the Duke of Burgundy at Bar-sur-Seine, 3 Feb. $127\frac{5}{6}$.

[4] Chaurces, Chaources, Chources, Chourches—the name was spelt all manner of ways—an illustrious house of Maine: a Caortiis, Cenomanensis pagi castello, says Père Sermond in his notes on the letters of Geoffrey, Abbot of Vendôme: Caortiis

being corrupted from Cadurciis. English genealogists write it *Chaworth*, the modern name evolved from a still more corrupt latin form in use as early as 1297. The forms Chaurces, Chauorcis, Chauwrces, Chauwerc', Chauwurc', from records temp. John, shew how the change took place. The name is given as Chaurces in the "Barons' letter to the Pope," and often in the Rolls of Arms of the 13th century as Chaurs. Mr. Eyton (Her. and Gen., vol. vi, p 246) and Sir Henry Barkly (Gen., N.S., vol. v, p. 211), misled by a specious identity, derive the name of this family from Cahors (urbs Cadurci), the capital of Quercy. In 1151, Patry de Chourches founded the Abbey of Tironneau, near Balon, in Maine. The descent from Payn de Montdoubleau, Seigneur de Balon, 1088, 1098 (Ord. Vital., l. viii, c. 5, 24 ; l. x, c. 7), to the Payn de Montdoubleau, or Chaurces, of 1155 and 1166 (Lib. Nig., p. 170-1), whether it were in the male or female line, is quite unknown. As to Montdoubleau, in the Vendômois, it is supposed to have taken its name from Hugh called Dublellus (yr. son of Bodo, or Odo, Count of Vendôme j. ux. in 1017). Menage produces the following charter:—Hugo, filius Odonis Dublelli, honorem Montis Dublelli a comite Gaufrido, cognomine Martello [Count of Vendôme 1030-1060, and half-br. to the above Bodo's wife] accepit in curia baronum, militum et legalium virorum, rogatu Hugonis patrui, ejusdem honoris domini. Margaret, hss. of Montdoubleau, *m.*, long before 1166, Hugh IV, Vicomte de Châteaudun. Patry de Chourches, Seigneur de Malicorne, Balon and St. Agnan, is said to have *m.* Godonne, dau. of Guy V, Seigneur de Laval in Maine, by Emma [perhaps illeg.] dau. of Geoffrey Plantagenet, Count of Anjou. From him descended the Seigneurs de Malicorne, extinct after 1569. To the arms of the French family, barry Arg. and Gu., the English branch added as a brisure an orle of martlets, Sa. or Vert.

[5] He, at the age of 25, succ. his br. Payn, who *d.* s.p. in 1278.

[6] Froissart, lib. i, c. 10, 11. It is more probable, however, that he was not taken prisoner till "le lundi en la veille seint Simond et Jude" [*i.e.*, 27 Oct.] (French Chron. of London, p. 55), and executed a few days afterwards.

[7] Eldest sister and coh. of Richard fitz John, who *d.* s.p. in 1297.

[8] Half-sister and hss. of Richard II, Vicomte de Beaumont, who *d.* before 1249.

[9] See Genealogist, N.S., vol. iv, p. 195.

[10] Those genealogists who make him son of "Louis, second son of Charles of Anjou, King of Sicily and Jerusalem, yr. brother of St. Louis," omit to give any details of the former Louis. This will be understood when it is mentioned that he was the *eldest* of Charles' four sons, that he died in Cyprus in 1248, a few days after his birth, being bur. in the Church of the Dominicans at Nicosia. It is the hypothesis that Henry was son of Louis de Brienne-Beaumont that makes him, as Mr. Beltz observes, cousin germain to Eleanor of Castile (a relationship which is otherwise known to have existed), they being both descended from Alphonso IX, King of Leon and Galicia. (See above and Tab. XIII.) It may be observed that the note on this subject in the "Complete Peerage," vol. i, p. 284, should be amended—to bring it into accordance both with Beltz (p. 345) and with the facts—by substituting (lines 4 and 6) "second hypothesis" for "first hypothesis." The arms of the English Beaumonts were identical with those of the French Brienne-Beaumonts.

[11] Hss. of her uncle John Comyn, Earl of Buchan, who *d.* before 3 Dec. 1308.

[12] Some say, in Leicester Castle.

[13] Froissart, lib. i, c. 301 ; the Duke certainly returned to England about Michaelmas 1371 ; the date 1372 (Leland) given for the marriage is therefore incorrect.

[14] Ramsay, Lancaster and York, vol. i, p. 1, proves this date.

Additions to Table XXIII.

A. 1. He succ. his grandfather Humphrey, 24 Sep. 1275. (Only son of Humphrey de Bohun, who *d.* v.p., by his first wife Eleanor, dau. and coh. of William de Braose, Lord of Brecknock and Abergavenny.)

A. 2. (Her mother was . . . , dau. of Jacques, Sire de Condé and Baillœil in Hainault and Moreaumes in the pays de Liège.)

A. 7. (Yr. son of Richard de Clare, Earl of Gloucester and Hertford, by his second wife Maud, dau. of John de Lacy, Earl of Lincoln.)

A. 9. He succ. his father 18 March 1272 ; bur. in Wymondham

Priory, Norfolk. (Only son of John fitz Alan, Lord of Clun and Oswaldestre, by Isabel, dau. of Roger de Mortimer, Lord of Wigmore.)

A. 10. She was bur. in Todingham Priory. (Her mother was Aloisia, dau. of George, Marquis of Ceva.)

A. 11. (Only son of John de Warenne, Earl of Surrey and Sussex, by his first wife Alfais or Alice, dau. of Hugh X, Sire de Lusignan, Count of la Marche, and of Angoulême j. ux.)

A. 12. (Her mother was Alice, dau. of Gilbert de Sandford, the Queen's Chamberlain.)

B. 1. He was slain at the Battle of Boroughbridge.

B. 2. [She *m.* 1, 7 Jan. $129\frac{6}{7}$, John I, Count of Holland and Zeeland, Lord of Friesland; he (*b.* 1281) *d.* at Haarlem 10 Nov. 1299.]

B. 3. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 26 Oct. 1309—15 May 1321; attainted, and hung at Canterbury.

B. 5. He was *b.* at Marlborough Castle; beheaded at Hereford, and attainted.

C. 2. [She *m.* 1. abt. 1328, Edmund de Mortimer, Lord of Wigmore; he *d.* at Stanton Lacy 17 Dec. 1331.]

C. 3. [He *m.* 1, 9 Feb. $132\frac{9}{7}$, in the King's Chapel at Havering-at-Bower, Isabel, dau. of Hugh le Despenser, junior; she was divorced in 1345.]

C. 4. [She *m.* 1, John de Beaumont; he *d.* 1342, or soon after.]

D. 1. He succ. his uncle Humphrey as Earl of Hereford, etc., 15 Oct. 1361.

[1] Coh. of her nephew Thomas de Clare, who *d.* 1320-1, s.p.

[2] She styled herself (seal, 23 June 1328) for some unexplained reason, Margaret de Umframville, Lady of Badlesmere. See Gen., N.S., vol. iv, p. 48.

[3] In her issue hr. of her br. John, Earl of Surrey and Sussex, who *d.* s.p. 30 June 1347.

[4] Third sister and coh. of Giles de Badlesmere, who *d.* s.p. in 1338.

[5] So Froissart. Others say at Rochfort in Essex.

Additions to Table XXIV.

A. 3. Philip, Seigneur de Conches and Nonancourt in Normandy Domfront in Maine, and Mehun-sur-Yevre in Berry; bur. (as was his wife) in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris. (Elder son of Robert II, Count of Artois, by his first wife Amicia, only child of Peter de Courtenay, Seigneur de Conches, Mehun-sur-Yevre and Selles in Berry.)

A. 4. She was *m.* by contract dated July 1280; *d.* at the Castle of Vincennes. (Her mother was Beatrice, dau. of Henry III, King of England.)

A. 7, 11. He *d.* at Vernon in Normandy, bur. (as was his wife) in the Abbey of Cîteaux. (Third but eldest surv. son of Hugh IV, Duke of Burgundy, by Yolande de Dreux. See Table XIV, B. 7, 8.)

A. 8, 12. She was *m.* by contract dated 20 Oct. 1272. (Her mother was Margaret of Provence. See Table XIV, C. 1, 2.)

B. 1. He *d.* at Paris in his hôtel d'Evreux, bur. (as was his wife) in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris.

B. 3. He was called Hutin; crowned King of Navarre at Pamplona 1 Oct. 1307; crowned King of France at Reims 24 Aug. 1315; *d.* at

the Castle of Vincennes, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis 7 June 1316. [He *m.* 2, 19 Aug. 1315, Clemence, dau. of Charles I, of Sicily, called Martel, King of Hungary; she was crowned at Reims with her husb.; *d.* in the hôtel du Temple at Paris 12 or 13 Oct. 1328, bur. in the Church of the Jacobins at Paris.]

B. 4. She was *m* by contract(5) dated at the Abbey of Longchamp 27 Feb. $\frac{1}{1}\frac{2}{3}\frac{9}{0}\frac{9}{0}$; *m.* at Vernon in Normandy; bur. in the Church of the Franciscans at Vernon.

C. 1. He was called le Bon and le Sage; crowned (with his wife) at Pamplona 5 March $132\frac{7}{8}$; *d.* at Xeres, bur. at Pamplona in the Cath. Church of Nuestra Señora la Real.

C. 2. She was *m.* by contract dated at Paris 27 March $131\frac{7}{8}$ [8] (papal dispens. dated at Avignon 5 May 1318); *d.* at the Castle of Conflans near Paris, bur. in the Abbey of St. Denis.

E. [She *m.* 1, at Soillé near Guerande in Brittany, 11 Sep. 1386, as third wife, John V, le Vaillant, Duke of Brittany, Earl of Richmond, K.G.; he *d.* at Nantes the night 1-2 Nov. 1399, aged abt. 60, bur. there in the Cath. Church 3 Nov.]

[1] Not 1309, the date given in his epitaph, This has been fully proved by Dom Plancher, Hist. de Bourgogne, tom. ii, note v, p. 309-312.

[2] The King of France gave him the comté of Evreux by letters dated Apr. 1307. (Le Brasseur, Hist. d'Evreux, preuves, p. 27; D'Achery, Spicilegium, tom. xiii, p. 358). That comté was erected en pairie in his favour, by letters dated at Reims Jan. $131\frac{6}{7}$. (Anselme, tom. iii, p. 94.)

[3] Philippes par la grace de Dieu Roy de France . . . . Scachent que comme au traite de mariage pourparle de Louis Comte d'Evreux nostre tres cher frere et Marguerite fille jadis Philippes, aisne fils Robert Comte d'Artois, nostre tres cher cousin, et de Blanche fille le Duc de Bretagne . . . . Donne l'an de grace 1304 au mois de Fevrier. (Tresor des Ch.—Du Bouchet, Maison de Courtenay, preuves p. 50.)

[4] Anselme says 5 June, Friday after Pentecost [which Friday was 4 June.]

[5] Philippus Dei gratia Francie Rex. Notum . . . . quod inter nos ex una parte, et dilectum ac fidelem nostrum Robertum Ducem Burgundie, Francie Camerarium, ex altera, inite, convente, et bona fide firmate sunt conventiones que inferius subsequuntur. Videlicet quod nos pro parte nostra et dictus Dux pro parte sua curabimus et faciemus quod Ludovicus primogenitus noster et Marguareta ipsius Ducis filia secundo genita, statim cum ipsi ad annos nubiles pervenerint, obtentis super hoc primitus assensu et dispensatione sedis Apostolice, matrimonialiter insimul copulentur . . . . Actum apud Abbatiam minorissarum Longi Campi, die sabbati post festum beati Matthie apostoli, anno Domini 1299, mense februarii. (Bibl. du Roi—Plancher, tom.ii, preuves, p. 97.)

[6] Convicted of adultery, she was strangled at Château-Gaillard.

[7] The date of her marriage contract was June 1313, and not July, the date always given :—Phelipes par la grace de Dieu Roys de France, savoir faisons a tous presens et avenir que ou traittie dou mariaige de Philipe de Valois, notre tres chier nevour et de damiselle Juhanne suer nostre ame et feaul Hugue Duc de Bourgoigne fut acordey pardevant nous entre nostre tres cher frere Challe Conte de Valois pere doudit Philipe dune part. et ledit Duc et nostre tres chiere tante Duchesse de Bourgoigne mere dicelui Duc et de sa suer dessusditte dautre part, en la meniere qui sensuit . . . . En tesmoing et en perpetuel memoire et fermete de laquelle chouse nous havons fait seauler ces presentes lettres de nostre seaul, et donnees a Fontainebliaut lan de grace mil trois cent et treize ou mois de Juingnet. Et toutes ces chouses dessusdites furent traittiees, faittes et accordees pourdevant nous a Paris au Louvre, le vendredy devant Pasques flories derreinement passees [*i.e.* 6 Apr.] (Ch. des Comptes de Dijon—Plancher, tom. ii. preuves p. 149.)

[8] This contract is given in Anselme, tom. iii, p. 104.

[9] He died a horrible death. See Froissart (lib. iii, c. 101) and the French historians generally. Anno 1386, mensis januarii die prima dominus Carolus de

Ebroicis rex Navarre, filius unigenite regis dudum Francie Ludovici Hutin filie, vir utique summe industrie, ab hac luce subtractus est, fato cujus Francia non condoluit, quamvis de stirpe regia se vivens gloriaretur emanasse, quia sibi infestum reperit, (Ch. des Comptes de Paris, mem. E, 1381—1394, f. 100.) As Anselme remarks. "Belle leçon pour les princes."

[10] According to the account of Edouard Tadelin. In the Church of Notre Dame at Evreux there was once the epitaph:—Ici gist . . . . tre Dame Jehanne de France Royne de Navarre, femme . . . . Charles . . . . qui . . . . passa l'an 1378. This latter date, it appears, is given by Froissart.

[11] See, for authorities, Ramsay, Lancaster and York, vol. ii, p. 4,

Table XXV. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Henry V, King of England, 1413—1422.

(A 1) **Edward II, King of England**; murdered 21-22 Sep. 1327. See Tab. XV, E.

(B 1) **Edward III. King of England**; *d.* 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(A 2) Isabel, **Queen Consort**, da. of Philip IV, King of France and Navarre; *d.* 23 Aug. 1358. See Tab. XVI, E.

(B 2) Philippa, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(A 3) William, Count of Hainault and Holland; *d.* 7 June 1337. See Tab. XVIII, D 1.

(A 4) Jane, da. of Charles, Count of Valois; *d.* 7 March 1352. See Tab. XVIII, D 2.

(B 3) Henry, Duke of Lancaster; *d.* 24 March 1361[1]. See Tab. XXII, C 3.

(A 5) Henry, Earl of Lancaster and Leicester; *d.* 22 Sep. 1345. See Tab. XXII, B 5.

(A 6) Maud, da. of Patric de Chaurces. See Tab. XXII, B 6.

(B 4) Isabel. See Tab. XXII, C 4.

(A 7) Henry de Beaumont, Earl of Buchan. See Tab. XXII, B 7.

(A 8) Alice, da. of Alexander Comyn. See Tab. XXII, B 8.

(B 5) William de Bohun, Earl of Northampton; *d.* 16 Sep. 1360. See Tab. XXIII, C 1.

(A 9) Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford and Essex; slain 16 March 132$\frac{1}{2}$. See Tab. XXIII, B 1.

(A 10) Elizabeth or Isabel, da. of **Edward I, King of England**; *d.* 5 May 1316. See Tab. XXIII, B 2.

(B 6) Elizabeth; *d.* 1356. See Tab. XXII, C 2.

(A 11) Bartholomew de Badlesmere; hung 14 Apr. 1322. See Tab. XXIII, B 3.

(A 12) Margaret, da. of Thomas de Clare. See Tab. XXIII, B 4.

(B 7) Richard, Earl of Arundel; *d.* 11 Jan. 1372; 2nd wife. See Tab. XXII, C 3.

(A 13) Edmund, Earl of Arundel; beheaded 17 Nov. 1326. See Tab. XXIII, B 5.

(A 14) Alice, da. of William de Warenne. See Tab. XXIII, B 6.

(B 8) Eleanor; *d.* 24 Jan. 137$\frac{6}{7}$. See Tab. XXII, C 4.

(A 15) Henry, Earl of Lancaster and Leicester; *d.* 22 Sep. 1345. See Tab. XXII, B 5.

(A 16) Maud, da. of Patric de Chaurces. See Tab. XXII, B 6.

(C 1) John, Duke of Lancaster; *d.* 3 Feb, 139$\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXII, D 1.

(C 2) Blanche, *d.* 1369; 1st wife. See Tab. XXII, D 2.

(C 3) Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford, Essex and Northampton; *d.* 16 Jan. 137$\frac{3}{4}$. See Tab. XXIII, D 1.

(C 4) Joan; *d.* 7 Apr. 1419. See Tab. XXII, D 2.

(D 1) **Henry IV, King of England**; *d.* 20 March 141$\frac{3}{4}$. See Tab. XXII, E.

(D 2) Mary; *d.* 4 July 1394; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIII, E.

(E) **Henry V, King of England**; *b.* at Monmouth 9 Aug. 1387; crowned at Westminster 9 April 1413; *d.* at the Castle of Vincennes the night 31 Aug.-1 Sep. 1422[1]; bur. in Westminster Abbey 7 Nov. 1422; 1st son.

[1] Really 1 Sep., betw. 2 and 3 in the morning. See Ramsay's Lancaster and York.

Table XXVII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Henry VI,

King of England,

1422—1461.

(A 1) **Edward III, King of England**; *d.* 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(A 2) Philippa, **Queen Consort**, da. of William, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(A 3) Henry, DUKE OF LANCASTER; *d.* 24 March 136$\frac{9}{1}$. See Tab. XXII, C 3.

(A 4) Isabel, da. of Henry de Beaumont, EARL OF BUCHAN. See Tab. XXII, C 4.

(A 5) William de Bohun, EARL OF NORTHAMPTON; *d.* 16 Sep. 1360. See Tab. XXIII, C 1.

(A 6) Elizabeth, da. of Bartholomew de Badlesmere; *d.* 1356. See Tab. XXIII, C 2.

(A 7) Richard, EARL OF ARUNDEL AND SURREY; *d.* 24 Jan. 137$\frac{5}{6}$. See Tab. XXIII, C 3.

(A 8) Eleanor, da. of Henry, EARL OF LANCASTER; *d.* 11 Jan. 1372. See Tab. XXIII, C 4.

(A 9) John, KING OF FRANCE; *d.* 8 Apr. 1364. See Tab. XXI, B 1.

(A 10) Bonne, da. of Joh KING OF BOHEMIA; *d.* 11 Sep. 1349 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, B 2.

(A 11) Peter I, DUKE OF BOURBON 19 Sep. 1356. See Tab. XXI, B 3.

(A 12) Isabel, da. of Charles, COUNT OF VALOIS; *d.* 26 July 1383. See Tab. XXI, B 4.

(A 13) Stephen I, DUKE OF BAVARIA. See Tab. XXI, B 5.

(A 14) Elizabeth, da. of Frederick I or II, KING OF SICILY; *d.* 1375; 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, B 6.

(A 15) Barnabo Visconti, SIGNORE DI MILANO; *d.* 18 or 19 Dec. 1385. See TAB. XXI, B 7.

(A 16) Beatrice, da. of Mastino della Scala III, SIGNORE DI VERONA; *d.* 18 June 1384. See Tab. XXI, B 8.

(B 1) John, DUKE OF LANCASTER; *d.* 3 Feb. 139$\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXII, D 1.

(B 2) Blanche; *d.* 1369; 1st wife. See Tab. XXII, D 2.

(B 3) Humphrey de Bohun, EARL OF HEREFORD, ESSEX AND NORTHAMPTON; *d.* 16 Jan. 137$\frac{2}{3}$. See Tab. XXIII, D 1.

(B 4) Joan; *d.* 7 Apr. 1419. See Tab. XXIII, D 2.

(B 5) Charles V, KING OF FRANCE; *d.* 16 Sep. 1380. See Tab. XXI, C 1.

(B 6) Jane; *d.* 6 Feb. 137$\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXI, C 2.

(B 7) Stephen II, DUKE OF BAVARIA at Ingoldstadt; *d.* Sep. 1413. See Tab. XXI, C 3.

(B 8) Taddea; *d.* 1381; 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, C 4.

(C 1) **Henry IV, King of England**; *d.* 20 March 141$\frac{3}{4}$; See Tab. XXII, E.

(C 2) Mary; *d.* 4 July 1394; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIII, E.

(C 3) Charles VI, KING OF FRANCE; *d.* 21 or 22 Oct. 1422. See Tab. XXI, D 1.

(C 4) Isabel; *d.* 30 Sep. 1435. See Tab. XXI, D 2.

(D 1) **Henry V, King of England**; *d.* 1 Sep. 1422. See Tab. XXV, E.

(D 2) Catherine, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 2 or 3 Jan. 143$\frac{6}{7}$. See Tab. XXVI, E.

(E) **Henry VI, King of England**; *b.* at Windsor Castle 6 Dec. 1421; crowned at Westminster 6 Nov. 1429; deposed 4 March 146$\frac{1}{2}$; restored 9 Oct. 1470; murdered in the Tower of London the night 21-22 May 1471; bur. in Chertsey Abbey in Surrey 24 May; only son.

Table XXVIII. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Margaret

(of Anjou).

Queen Consort to Henry VI.

(A 1) John, KING OF FRANCE ; *d.* 8 Apr. 1364. See Tab. XXI, B 1.

(B 1) Louis I, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY. 1382—1384 ; *b.* 23 July 1339 ; *d.* the night 10—11 Oct. 1384 ; 2nd son.

(A 2) Bonne, da. of John, KING OF BOHEMIA ; *d.* 11 Sep. 1349 ; 1st wife. See Tab. XXI, B 2.

(B 2) Mary ; *m.* 9 July 1360[15] ; *d.* at Angers 12 Nov. 1404.

(A 3) Charles de Châtillon, styled de Blois, and called le Saint, SEIGNEUR DE GUISE ; DUKE OF BRITTANY,[1] COUNT OF PENTHIEVRE, VICOMTE DE LIMOGES, j. ux. ; *b.* 1319 ; slain 29 Sep. 1364.[2]

(A 4) Jane,[4] only child of Guy of Brittany, COUNT OF PENTHIEVRE ; *b.* 1319 ; *d.* 10 Sep. 1384.

(B 3) John I, KING OF ARAGON AND VALENCIA, COUNT OF BARCELONA, 1387—1395; b. 27 Dec. 1351 ; *d.* 19 May 1395 ; 2nd but 1st surv son.

(A 5) Peter IV, the Ceremonious,[5] KING OF ARAGON, VALENCIA, MAJORCA AND SARDINIA, COUNT OF BARCELONA, 1336—1387 ; *b.* 5 or 15 Sep. 1319 ; *d.* 5 Jan. 1387.

(A 6) Leonora, da. of Peter II, of Aragon, KING OF SICILY ; *m.* June 1349 ; *d.* 1374 ; 3rd wife.

(B 4) Yolande ; *d.* 3 or 13 July 1431 ; 2nd wife.

(A 7) Robert, DUKE OF BAR, MARQUIS OF PONT-A-MOUSSON[6] ; *d.* 1411.[7]

(A 8) Mary, da. of John, KING OF FRANCE ; *b.* 12 Sep. 1344 ; *d.* Oct. 1404.[10]

(B 5) John I, DUKE OF LORRAINE AND MARQUIS, 1346—1390 ; *b.* abt. 1338 ; *d.* 27 Sept. 1390[17] ; only child.

(A 9) Ralph, DUKE OF LORRAINE AND MARQUIS, 1328—1346 ; slain 26 Aug. 1346.

(A 10) Mary, da. of Guy de Châtillon I, COUNT OF BLOIS ; *m.* abt, 1334 ; 2nd wife.

(B 6) Sophia[18] ; *m.* in 1361 ; *d.* 1410 ; *b.* 1352 ; *d.* 18 May 1410 ; only son.

(A 11) Eberhard II or III, der Greiner—*contentiosus*, COUNT OF WURTEMBERG, 1344—1392 ; *d.* 15 or 16 March 1392.

(A 12) Elizabeth, da. of Henry XII, COUNT OF HENNEBERG ; *d.* 1389.

(B 7) Rupert of Bavaria, KING OF THE ROMANS, 1400—1410 ; *b.* 1352 ; *d.* 18 May 1410 ; only 2nd wife.

(A 13) Rupert II, COUNT PALATINE OF THE RHINE, DUKE IN BAVARIA, 1390-1398 ; *d.* 12 or 14 Feb. 1398.

(A 14) Beatrice,[12] da. of Peter II, of Aragon, KING OF SICILY ; *d.* 1365 or 1366.

(B 8) Elizabeth ; *m.* 1374 ; *d.* 26 or 1411 ; 2nd wife.

(A 15) Frederick V, BURGRAVE OF NUREMBERG, 1357—1397 ; *d.* 21 Jan. 1397.

(A 16) Elizabeth, da. of Frederic II, LANDGRAVE OF THURINGIA, MARGRAVE OF MISNIA ; *d.* 20 Aug. 1370.

(C 1) Louis II, KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY, DUKE OF ANJOU, COUNT OF PROVENCE, FORCALQUIER, MAINE AND PIEDMONT, 1384—1417 ; *b.* (5 or) 7 Oct. 1377 ; *d.* (27 or) 29 Apr. 1417 ; elder son.

(C 2) Yolande ; *m.* (1 or) 2 Dec. 1400 ; *d.* 4 or 14 Nov. 1442, aged 62.

(C 3) Charles I, le Hardi, DUKE OF LORRAINE AND MARQUIS, 1390—1431 ; *b.* abt. 1365 ; *d.* 25 Jan. 1431 ; elder son.

(C 4) Margaret ; *m.* 1393 ; *d.* 26 Aug. 1434.

(D 1) René, le Bon,[20] KING OF JERUSALEM AND SICILY, DUKE OF ANJOU, BAR AND LORRAINE, MARQUIS OF PONT, COUNT OF PROVENCE, FORCALQUIER, MAINE AND PIEDMONT ; *b.* at the Castle of Angers 16 Jan. 1409[8] ; *d.* at Aix in Provence 10 July 1480, bur. there in the Metrop. Church, transferred to the Cath. Church of St. Maurice at Angers ; 2nd son.

(D 2) Isabel, DUCHESS OF LORRAINE ; *m.* (by contract dated at Fou 20 May 1418) 24 Oct. 1420 ; *d.* at the Castle of Angers 27 or 28 Feb. 1453[9], bur. in the Church of St. Maurice at Angers ; elder da. and hss ; 1st wife.

(E) Margaret ; *b.* 23 March 1429[30] ; *m.* (by proxy at the Church of St. Martin at Tours 24 May 1444 and) at Titchfield Abbey 23 Apr. 1445 to **Henry VI, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 30 May 1445 ; *d.* at the Castle of François de la Vignolle, Seigneur des Moraïs, in the parish of Dampierre near Saumur, 25 Aug. 1482, bur. in the Church of St. Maurice at Angers.

(A 1) **Edward III, King of England**; *d.* 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(A 2) Philippa, **Queen Consort**, da. of William, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(A 3) Peter the Cruel, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON, 1350—1368; *b.* 30 Aug. 1334; slain 23 March 136$\frac{3}{4}$.

(A 4) Maria de Padilla; *d.* 1361, bur. at Seville.

(A 5) Edmund de Mortimer, EARL OF MARCH, 1360—1381; *b.* 1 Feb. 135$\frac{1}{2}$; *d.* 27 Dec. 1381.

(A 6) Philippa, COUNTESS OF ULSTER, only child of Lionel of Antwerp, DUKE OF CLARENCE; *b.* 16 Aug. 1355; *m.* 1368 (after 17 Oct.); *d.* 5 Jan. 138$\frac{1}{2}$.

(A 7) Thomas de Holand, EARL OF KENT, 1381—1397; *b.* abt. 1349; K.G.; *d.* 25 Apr. 1397.

(A 8) Alice, da. of Richard, EARL OF ARUNDEL AND SURREY; *m.* 1365; *d.* 17 March 1417.

(A 9) Ralph de Neville, LORD OF RABY, 1331—1367; *b.* abt. 1290; *d.* 5 Aug. 1367.

(A 10) Alice, da. of Hugh d'Audley, LORD OF STRATTON; *d.* 13 Jan. 137$\frac{3}{4}$.

(A 11) Henry de Percy, LORD OF ALNWICK, 1315—1352; *b* abt. 1302; *d.* 26 Feb. 135$\frac{1}{2}$.

(A 12) Idonea or Imania, da. of Robert de Clifford; *d.* 1365.

(A 13) **Edward III, King of England**; d. 21 June 1377. See Tab. XVII, E.

(A 14) Philippa, **Queen Consort**, da. of William, COUNT OF HAINAULT AND HOLLAND; *d.* 15 Aug. 1369. See Tab. XVIII, E.

(A 15) Payn Roet, a knight of Hainault; Guienne King of Arms.

(A 16) * * * *

(B 1) Edmund, DUKE OF YORK, EARL OF CAMBRIDGE; K.G.; *b.* 5 June 1341; *d.* 1 Aug. 1402; 5th son.

(B 2) Isabel; *b.* 1355; *m.* 1371; *d.* 1394; 3rd da.; 1st wife.

(B 3) Roger de Mortimer, EARL OF MARCH AND ULSTER, 1381—1398; *b.* 11 Apr. 1374; slain 20 July 1398; 1st son.

(B 4) Elenor; *d.* 2 Oct. 1405; 1st da.(5)

(B 5) John de Neville, LORD OF RABY, 1367—1388; K.G.; *d.* 17 Oct. 1388; 1st son.

(B 6) Maud; living 25 May 1368; 1st wife.

(B 7) John, DUKE OF LANCASTER; *b.* by 1356; *m.* 3 Feb. 139$\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* 3 Feb. 139$\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXII, D 1.

(B 8) Catherine; *b.* by 1356; *m.* 13 Jan. 139$\frac{5}{6}$; *d.* 10 May 1403; 3rd wife.

(C 1) Richard; *b.* at Conisgsborough Castle abt. 1375; cr. EARL OF CAMBRIDGE 1414; beheaded 5 Aug. 1415, and attainted; 2nd son.

(C 2) Anne(6); 1st wife.

(C 3) Ralph de Neville, LORD OF RABY; *b.* abt. 1364; cr. EARL OF WESTMORLAND 29 Sep. 1397; K.G.; *d.* 21 Oct 1425; 1st son.

(C 4) Joan de Beaufort; *d.* 13 Nov. 1440; 2nd wife.

(D 1) Richard Plantagenet(9); *b.* abt. 1412; succ. his uncle Edmund de Mortimer as EARL OF MARCH AND ULSTER 19 Jan. 142$\frac{4}{5}$; DUKE OF YORK AND EARL OF CAMBRIDGE as restored, 19 May 1426; K.G.; slain at the Battle of Wakefield 30 Dec. 1460, bur. at Pontefract, transferred to the Coll. Church at Fotheringay 29 July 1476; only son.

(D 2) Cicely(10); *b.* 3 May 141$\frac{5}{6}$(11); *m.* 1438; *d.* at Berkhamstead Castle 31 May 1495, bur. in the Coll. Church at Fotheringay.

(E XXIX) **Edward IV, King of England**; *b.* at Rouen 28 Apr. 1442(12); declared King 4 March 146$\frac{0}{1}$; crowned at Westminster 28 and 29 June 1461; *d.* at Westminster 9 Apr. 1483, bur. in St. George's Chapel, Windsor; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(E XXXII) **Richard III, King of England**; *b.* at Fotheringay 2 Oct. 1452; cr. DUKE OF GLOUCESTER in 1461; became King 26 June 1483; crowned at Westminster 6 July; slain at the Battle of Bosworth 22 Aug. 1485, bur. in the Church of the Grey Friars at Leicester; 8th son.

Tables XXIX, XXXII. 1st Series.
Seize Quarters of **Edward IV**, and **Richard III, Kings of England**, 1461—1483 and 1483—1485.

Additions to Table XXVIII.

A. 3. He was killed at the Battle of Auray, bur. (as was his wife) in the Church of the Franciscans at Guingamp. (Second son of Guy de Châtillon I, Count of Blois, by Margaret, dau. of Charles of France, Count of Valois.)

A. 4. She was called la Boiteuse; *m.* by contract dated at Paris 4 June 1337.[3] (Her mother was Jane, eldest dau. and principal hss. of Henry IV, Sire d'Avaugour, Mayenne and Goello.)

A. 5. He succ. his father 24 Jan. 1336; *d.* at Barcelona. [He *m.* 1 (by contract dated 21 July 1328), at Alagon in 1342, Mary, dau. of Philip III, King of Navarre; she *d.* 134$\frac{2}{7}$, bur. in the Church of San Vincente at Valencia. He *m.* 2 (by contract dated at Santarem 11 June 1347), at Barcelona in Nov. 1347, Leonora (*b.* 1328), dau. of Alphonso IV, King of Portugal; she *d.* at Xerica in Oct. 1348, bur. in the Abbey of Poblet in Catalonia. He *m.* 4, Martha . . . , who *d.* 1378. He *m.* 5, in 1380, Sibilla, sister of Bernard de Fercia; she *d.* 24 Nov. 1406.] (Second but first surv. son. of Alphonso IV, King of Aragon and Valencia, by his first wife Teresa, *suo jure* Countess of Urgel, dau. of Gombaut d'Entença or d'Entença.)

A. 6, 14. (Their mother was Elizabeth, dau. of Otho, Duke of Carinthia and Count of Tyrol.)

A 7. He succ. his br. Edward II as Count of Bar abt. March 135$\frac{1}{2}$; bur. (with his wife) in the Church of St. Même at Bar. (Second son of Henry IV, Count of Bar, by Yolande, only surv. child of Robert of Flanders, Seigneur de Cassel and of the five baronies of Perche-Goeth.[8])

A. 8. She was *b.* at St. Germain-en-Laye; *m.* (papal dispens. Oct. 1364[9]) by contract dated at Bar 4 June 1364.[9] (Her mother was Bonne of Luxemburg. See Tab. XXI, B. 1, 2.)

A. 9. He succ. his father 23 Aug. 1328; slain at the Battle of Crecy, bur. in the Abbey of Beaupré in Lorraine. [He *m.* 1, 1329, Eleanor, dau. of Edward I, Count of Bar-le-Duc; she *d.* in 1332.] (Elder son of Frederic or Ferry IV, Duke of Lorraine and Marquis, by Isabel or Elizabeth, dau. of the Emperor Albert I, Duke of Austria.)

A. 10. She was *m.* (papal dispens. dated 30 May 1334[11]) by contract dated at Montcuel near Pont Ste. Maixance in May 1334.[11] [She *m.* 2, by 17 Feb. 135$\frac{7}{8}$, Frederic, Count of Leiningen.[11]] (Her mother was Margaret, dau. of Charles of France, Count of Valois.)

A. 11. He succ. his father 11 July 1344; bur. at Stuttgart. (Elder son of Ulric III, Count of Wurtemberg, by Sophia, dau. of Theobald, Count of Pfirt (Ferrette) in Upper Alsace.)

A. 12. (Her mother was Judith, dau. of Herman, Margrave of Brandenburg.)

A. 13. He succ. his uncle Rupert I, 16 Feb. 1390. (Only son of Adolphus, the Simple, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Duke in Bavaria, by Irmengarde, dau. of Ludwig VII, Count of Oettingen.)

A. 15. He succ. his father 7 Oct. 1357 or 1358; he *d.* at Plessenburg. (Only son of John II, Burgrave of Nuremberg, by Elizabeth, dau. of Berthold, Prince of Henneberg.)

A. 16. (Her mother was Matilda, dau. of the Emperor Louis IV of Bavaria.)

B. 1. Louis I, King of Jerusalem and Sicily, Duke of Apulia, Anjou and Touraine, Prince of Capua, Count of Maine, Provence, Forcalquier and Piedmont; *b.* at the Castle of Vincennes; appenaged with the Comtés of Anjou and Maine in 1356; created Duke of Anjou in Oct. 1360[13]; declared heir and adopted as son by Jane I, Queen of Sicily, 29 June 1380[14]; crowned King of Sicily at Avignon by Pope Clement VII, 30 May 1382; *d.* at the Castle of Biseglia near Bari in Apulia the night 10-11 Oct. [not 20-21 Sep.] 1384, bur. (as was his wife) in the Cath. Church of St. Maurice at Angers.

B. 3. [He *m.* 1, 6 June 1372, Jane, called also Martha, dau. of John I, Count of Armagnac.]

B. 4. She was *m.* by contract dated 1380;[16] *d.* at Barcelona.

B. 5. He *d.* at Paris, bur. in the Coll. Church of St. George at Nancy. [He *m.* 2, Margaret,[18] dau. of Thierry, Count of Los and Chiny, Sire de Heinsberg and Blankenberg; she *d.* 1 Oct. 1372, bur. in the Cistercian Abbey of Orval in the diocese of Treves.]

B. 6. She was *m.* by contract dated at Baden in 1353.

B. 7. Rupert III, called Klemm—*rigorosus*, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Duke in Bavaria; elected King of the Romans at Coblentz 10, 20, 21 or 24 Aug. 1400; crowned at Cologne 6 Jan, 140$\frac{0}{1}$; *d.* at Oppenheim, bur. at Heidelberg in the Church of the Holy Ghost. [First wife unknown.]

C. 1. He was *b.* at Toulouse; crowned King of Sicily at Avignon by Pope Clement VII, 1 Nov. 1389; *d.* at the Castle of Angers, bur in the Cath. Church of St. Maurice at Angers 1 May 1417.

C. 2. She was *m.* at Arles in Provence; *d.* at the Castle of Tucé near Saumur in Anjou, bur. with her husband.

C. 3. He was bur. in the Church of St. George at Nancy.

D. 1. [He *m.* 2, at the Church of St. Nicolas near Angers, 10 Sep. 1454, Jane (*b.* 10 Nov. 1433), dau. of Guy XIV, Count of Laval in Maine; she *d.* at the Castle of Beaufort in Anjou 149$\frac{8}{9}$, bur. there in the Church of the Franciscans.]

[1] The duché and pairie of Brittany were adjudged to Charles of Blois by arrêt of the Court of Peers of France 7 Sep. 1341. (Du Chesne M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 122; Lobineau, Hist. de Bretagne, tom. ii, p. 486, etc.)

[2] In the Hist. of Bertrand de Guesclin, ch. 14, it is said "qu'estant environné et assailly de chevaliers Bretons et Anglois, de hache et de glaive, fu sa baniere gettée à terre, et luy prins par le bacinet. Et adonc un Anglois, faux tyrant et cruel, le ferit traitrement de une dague parmy la bouche, tant que d'autre part luy fist passer demy pié. Et quant ledit Charles sentit le cop, si s'estendy à terre, baty sa coulpe, et se commanda a Dieu, en disant: Vraiz Dieu, pardonnez moy la mort des bonnes gens qui cy meurent pour moy. J'ai guerrié long temps outre ma volonté, et par l'ennortement de ma femme, qui tousjours m'a donné à entendre que j'avoye tres bon droit." But Georges de Lesneu, his physician, who was at the battle, says that he was taken prisoner, and slaughtered some time afterwards.

[3] This contract is given by DuChesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 118.

[4] Niece and hss. of John III, Duke of Brittany.

[5] Authors agree that he ought rather to be called the Criminal—Criminosus, non Cærimoniosus.

[6] The Emperor Charles IV erected in 1354 the Seigneurie of Pont-à-Mousson into a Marquisate; and, early in Feb. 1355, King John of France raised the Comté of Bar to a Dukedom.

[7] L'an 1411. Henry [Robert] Duc de Bar, preux homme, sage et discret, trespassa de ce siecle. (Monstrelet, lib. i, c. 70.)

[8] Viz:—Alluie, Brou, Montmirail, Authon and la Basoche.

[9] (i) Dispense du mariage de Marie de France avec Robert de Bar, Marquis du Pont, fils aisne de Henry, Comte de Bar. En Octobre l'an ii du Pontificat d'Urbain V. (ii) Traité de mariage entre Marie de France et Robert Duc de Bar, au dot de soixante mille livres. Le iv jour de Juin l'an 1364. (Invent. des Chartes du Tresor du Roy—DuChesne, M. de Bar, preuves, p. 54).

[10] Anno MCCCCIV, circa Octobris medium, Ducis Barrensis uxor, venerabilis domina Maria, filia quondam Joannis Regis Franciæ, in fata concessit. (Latin History of King Charles VI.)

[11] DuChesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 101-103.

[12] She is said to have *m.* 1, as *first* wife, Henry, or rather John-Henry, Count of Goritz (*d.* 1338); but this seems impossible

[13] Anjou was erected en duché pairie in his favour by letters dated at Boulogne in Oct. 1360 The King of France gave him the duché of Touraine (for life only) in exchange for Maine, by letters dated 16 March 137$\frac{4}{5}$ (Martene, Thes. Anecd., tom. i, c. 251); but he retained both by a subsequent concession 17 May following. (Cartul. du Chancel du Prat., cited in L'Art de Vér. les Dates) He had been promised the duché by letters dated 18 Apr. 1364. (Thes. Anect., tom. i, c. 1491; Anselme, tom. iii. p. 230.) Du Tillet dates them the year previous.

[14] Lettres de Jeanne, Royne de Hierusalem et de Sicile, Dame du Duché de la Pouille, Princesse de Capoue, Contesse de Provence, Forcalquier et Piedmont, par lesquelles se voyant sans enfans masles, et traversée par Barthelemy de Bar invaseur du S. Siege et Antichrist, et privée de fait de ses estats, qu'il avoit donnez à Charles de la Paix, autrement de Duras, son subjet, elle adopte pour son fils naturel et legitime Louis Duc d'Anjou frere du Roy de France, et apres luy ses enfans, *ordine geniturœ servato*, pour succeder en son lieu au royaume de Sicile et autres terres *citra Farum*, aux comtez de Provence, Forcalquier et Piedmont, et a toutes les autres terres. et ce pour le bien de l'Eglise divisée de schisme. . . . . Fait au chasteau de l'Oeuf pres Naples, 1380. le penultiesme jour de Juin. (Inventaire de plusieurs bulles, lettres et enseignements. pour montrer que le royaume de Sicile appartient aux Roys de France, fait . . . le 27 Janvier 1461, au chastel et portail d'Angers.—DuChesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 135).

[15] Lettres passées à Saumur au mois de Aoust l'an 1360, contenants le traicté de mariage d'entre Louys fils du Roy de France, Comte d'Anjou et du Maine, Seigneur de Montpellier, et Marie de Bretagne fille de Charles, Duc de Bretagne, Comte de Richemont, Vicomte de Limoges et Seigneur d'Avaugour, de Guise et de Maine, et Jeanne de Bretagne sa femme. (Inventaire des titres de la Chambre d'Anjou, liasse xxxiv, f. 113—M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 134.)

[16] Mariage de l'Infant Jean, Duc de Gironde. fils aisné de Pierre, Roy d'Arragon, avec Yoland de Bar, fille de Robert, Duc de Bar, Marquis du Pont, et de Marie de France, fille du Roy Jean, L'an 1380. (Invent. des Chartes du Tresor du Roy—Du Chesne, M. de Bar, preuves, p. 65.)

[17] At least it is certain that he *d.* betw. Aug. 1390 and March 1391.

[18] Butkens, tom. i, p. 622. Anselme (tom. ii, p. 331) calls her dau. of Louis, Count of Chiny. But different writers vary materially in their accounts of her family.

[19] Anno quoque præscripto Eberhardus Comes de Wirtenberg filiam cum nomine Sophiam Duci Lotheringiæ dedit uxorem, nuptiis in oppido suo Stutgard magna cum pompa celebratis. (Trithemius, ad ann. 1361.) The account in L'Art de Vér. les Dates, revised by the Duke of Wurtemberg, differs from all others in making Sophia dau. of Ulric, and thus granddau. of Eberhard. Sattler is the authority cited. But that learned writer (Geschichte des Herzogthums Würtenberg unter der Regierung der Graven, band ii, p. 195) follows the usual account, quoting Trithemius as above.

[20] He was in his youth styled Count of Guise. His grand-uncle "Louis par la grace de Dieu Cardinal, Duc de Bar, Marquis du Pont, Seigneur de Cassel," gave him the Duché of Bar, etc. The letters of donation, dated at St. Michel 13 Aug. 1419, are given in full by the Sieur Godefroy in his Genealogy of the Counts and Dukes of Bar. He was recognised as Duke of Lorraine in 1431 by virtue of the testament of Duke Charles his father-in-law, but resigned the Duché to his son John 26 March 145$\frac{2}{3}$. He succ. King Louis III. his brother in Nov. 1434.

Additions to Tables XXIX, XXXII.

A. 3. He was *b.* at Burgos; succ. his father 26 March 1350; slain at Montiel by his bastard brother Henry, Count of Trastamara, 23 March 136$\frac{7}{8}$ [not 1369]. [He[1] *m.* (by contract dated 9 July 1352) at the Abbey of Preuilly in Touraine, 3 June 1353, Blanche (*b.* 1336), dau. of Peter I, Duke of Bourbon; he had her poisoned at Medina Sidonia in 1361; she was bur. at Tudela in Navarre.] (Second but only surv. legit. son of Alfonso XI, King of Castile and Leon, by Maria, dau. of Alfonso IV, King of Portugal.)

A. 5. He succ. his father 26 Feb. 13$\frac{59}{60}$; *d.* at Cork, bur. at Wigmore. (Second but only surv. son of Roger de Mortimer, Earl of March, by Philippa, da. of William de Montacute, Earl of Salisbury.)

A. 6. She was bur. at Cork. (Only child of Lionel, Duke of Clarence, by his first wife Elizabeth, only child of William de Burgh, Earl of Ulster.)

A. 7. He was bur. in Brune Abbey, Dorsetshire. (Eldest son of Thomas de Holand, Earl of Kent, by Joan, only dau. of Edmund, Earl of Kent. See Tab. XIX, D. 2.)

A. 8. (Her mother was Eleanor of Lancaster. See Tab. XXIII, C. 3, 4.)

A. 9. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 20 Nov. 1331—20 Jan. 136$\frac{5}{6}$; bur. (as was his wife) in Durham Cathedral Church. (Second but first surv. son of Ralph de Neville, Lord of Raby, by his first wife Eufemia, dau. of Robert fitz Roger, Lord of Clavering and Warkworth.[2])

A. 10. [She *m.* 1, Ralph, Baron of Greystock, who *d.* 13 July 1323.] (Her mother was Isolda de Mortimer.)

A. 11. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 14 March 1322—15 Nov. 1351; bur. in Alnwick Priory. (Elder son of Henry de Percy, Lord of Alnwick, by Eleanor, dau. of John, Earl of Arundel.)

A. 12. She was bur. in the Coll. Church at Beverley. (Her mother was Maud, dau. of Thomas de Clare.)

B. 1. He was *b.* at King's Langley, co. Herts.; cr. Earl of Cambridge 13 Nov. 1362; cr. Duke of York 6 Aug. 1385; *d.* at Langley, bur. there in the Church of the Friary.[3] [He *m.* 2, Joan, dau. of Thomas de Holand, Earl of Kent; (she *m.* 2, as second wife, William de Willoughby, Lord of Eresby; she *m.* 3, as second wife, Henry le Scrope, Lord of Masham; she *m.* 4, as first wife, Henry Bromflete, Lord of Vessy); she *d.* in 1431.]

B. 2. She was *m.* at Rochefort near Bordeaux, 1371, before Michaelmas.[4]

B. 3. He was slain at Kenlis in Ireland; bur. at Wigmore.

B. 4. [She *m.* 2, as first wife, Edward Charleton, Lord of Powys; he *d.* 14 March 142$\frac{0}{4}$.]

B. 5. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 24 Feb. 136$\frac{7}{8}$—28 July 1388; *d.* at Newcastle-on-Tyne, bur. in Durham Cathedral Church. [He *m.* 2, Elizabeth (*b.* before 1357) only child of William le Latimer, Lord of Danby; (she *m.* 2, as third wife, Robert de Willoughby, Lord of Eresby); she *d.* 5 Nov. 1395, bur. in Guisborough Priory.]

B. 8. She was *m.* at Lincoln; bur. at Lincoln in the Cathedral Church. [She *m.* 1, Hugh Swinford, a knight of Lincolnshire; he *d.* 1372.]

C. 1. He was beheaded at Southampton, and bur. there. [He *m.* 2, Maud, dau. of Thomas de Clifford; (she *m.* 2, John de Neville, Lord Latimer); she *d.* 26 Aug. 1446,[7] bur. in Roche Abbey, Yorkshire.]

C. 3. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 6 Dec. 1389—30 Nov. 1396; *d.* at Raby Castle, bur. in the Collegiate Church at Staindrop. [He *m.* 1, Margaret, dau. of Hugh, Earl of Stafford; she *d.* 9 June 1396, bur. at Brancepeth.]

C. 4. She was *b.* at Beaufort Castle in Anjou; legitimated by Act of Parl., 9 Feb. $139\frac{6}{7}$: *d.* at Howden, bur. in Lincoln Cathedral Church. [She *m.* 1, Robert de Ferrers, Lord of Wem and Oversley; he (*b.* 1370) *d.* 1410.]

[1] He had a *pretended* marriage in 1354 with Juana, widow of Diego de Haro, Señor de Orduna, dau. of Pedro Fernandez de Castro.

[2] *Complete Peerage*, vol. vi, p. 12. Foster (*Royal Descents*, ped. of Nevill, p. 11) calls her "Anastasia, dau. and hr. of John FitzRobert, Lord of Warkworth, etc.," at the same time shewing in a note that she could not have been "Eva, dau. and hr. of John, Lord Clavering" [=John FitzRobert aforesaid]!

[3] According to Beltz (*Garter*, p. 139) by his will, dated 25 Nov. 1400, he directs to be bur. by his wife Isabel at Langley. Hunter (S. Yorkshire, vol. i. p. 111) says that both she and her husband were bur. at Fotheringay.

[4] See Tab. XXII, note 13.

[5] In her issue coh. of her brother Edmund, Earl of Kent, who *d.* 15 Sep. 1348.

[6] He was "aged 26" at his father's death, but was, perhaps, much older. Otherwise he, the eldest of 10 children, would have been *b.* when his father, "aged 40," in 1331, was *at least* 50.

[7] Her will was dated 15 Aug. and proved 4 Sep. 1446. The day of her death is obtained from the Calendar in a Fitzwilliam missal. (Hunter, vol. i, p. 113; ii, p. 54.) The statement of the Heralds, that she *m.* 3, Richard Wentworth of Bretton, is shewn to be false by Hunter (vol. ii, p. 244).

[8] In her issue sole hr. of her brother Edmund, Earl of March, who *d.* 19 Jan. $142\frac{4}{5}$.

[9] He assumed the name of "Plantagenet" apparently about 1448. This name, so extensively applied by late writers, had not been heard of in English history since the time of Geoffrey of Anjou, as Sir James Ramsay (Lancaster and York) has well remarked.

[10] Eighteenth child of her father, tenth by his second marriage.

[11] William of Worcester.

[12] For a further detail, quite irreproducible here, see William of Worcester (edit. Hearne, p. 462).

Table XXX. 1st Series.

Seize Quarterings of

Elizabeth

(Wydville),

Queen Consort to Edward IV.

(A 1) Richard Wydville of Grafton, co. Northamp. ; *d.* abt. 1378.

(B 1) John Wydville of Grafton ; living 1392 ; bur. at Grafton.

(A 2) [Elizabeth, widow of Nicholas Chetwode of Chetwode, da. and hss. of John Lyons of Warkworth.]

(B 2) * * * (17)

(A 3) Thomas Lyons.

(A 4) Margaret * * * *

(B 3) [John Bedleygate.]

(A 5) [* * * * Bedleygate.]

(A 6) * * * *

(B 4) [Mary, coh.]

(A 7) [William Beauchamp of Wellington, co. Somerset.]

(A 8) * * * *

(C 1) Richard Wydville of Grafton; dead 1442 ; 2nd son.

(C 2) [Mary or Elizabeth.]

(D 1) Richard Wydville of Grafton ; cr. Baron Rivers 9 May 1448 ; K.G. ; cr. Earl Rivers 24 May 1466 ; beheaded at Kenilworth 12 Aug. 1469 ; elder son.

(E) Elizabeth ; *m.* privately at Grafton, 1 May 1464, to **Edward IV, King of England** ; crowned at Westminster 26 May 1465 ; *d.* at the Abbey of Bermondsey 8 June 1492, bur. at St. George's Chapel, Windsor.

(A 9) Guy of Luxemburg,(1) Count of Ligny, 1367-1371, and of St. Pol j. ux., Seigneur de Roussy, Beaurevoir and Richebourg, Chatelain de Lille ; slain 22 Aug. 1371.

(B 5) John of Luxemburg, Seigneur de Beaurevoir and Richebourg ; *d.* abt. 1397 ; 3rd son.

(A 10) Mahaut,(2) Countess of St. Pol, Dame de Fiennes, da. of John de Châtillon, Count of St. Pol ; *m.* abt. 1354 ; dead 1378.

(C 3) Peter of Luxemburg, Count of St. Pol,(23) Brienne and Conversano, Seigneur d'Enghien, Fiennes and Richebourg, Chatelain de Lille ; *d.* 31 Aug. 1433 ; 1st son.

(A 11) Louis d'Enghien,(5) Count of Brienne, and of Conversano in Apulia, Seigneur d'Enghien in Hainault; living 1383.

(A 12) Jane, da. of * * * di San Severino, Count of * * * .(7)

(B 6) Margaret, Countess of Brienne and Conversano, Dame d'Enghien ; 1st da. and hss.

(A 13) Bertrand del Balzo, Count of Montescaggioso, Andria and Squillace, Justiciar of Sicily ;(9) *d.* 1350, before 17 Apr.

(A 14) Margaret, da. of Robert d'Alneto, Signore di Tiano, Marigliano and Lauro ;(11) *m.* abt. 1321 ; 2nd wife.

(B7) Francis del Balzo, Duke of Andria ; *d.* 1404 ;(20) elder son.

(B 8) Sueva ;(21) *m.* in 1381 ; 3rd wife.

(C 4) Margaret ; *b.* 1394 ; *m.* in May 1405 ; *d.* 15 Nov. 1469.

(D 2) Jacqueline, *b.* 1415 ; *m.* before 23 March 143⅘ ; *d.* 30 May 1472.

(A 15) Nicolas Orsini, Count of Nola and Soleto ; *b.* 27 Aug. 1331 ;(12) *d.* 1399.

(A 16) Jane,(15) da. of William di Sabrano, Count of Ariano and Apici.(16)

Table XXXI. 1st Series.

Seize Quartiers of

Edward V, King of England, 1483.

(A 1) Edmund, DUKE OF YORK; *d.* 1 Aug. 1402. See Tab. XXIX, B 1.

(A 2) Isabel, illeg. da. of Peter, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON; *d.* 1394; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 2.

(B 1) Richard, EARL OF CAMBRIDGE; beheaded 15 Aug 1415. See Tab. XXIX, C 1.

(B 2) Anne; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIX, C 2.

(A 3) Roger de Mortimer, EARL OF MARCH AND ULSTER; slain 20 July 1398. See XXIX, B 3.

(A 4) Eleanor, da. of Thomas de Holand, EARL OF KENT; *d.* 23 Oct. 1405. See Tab. XXIX, B 4.

(B 3) Ralph de Neville, EARL OF WESTMORLAND; *d.* 21 Oct. 1397. See Tab. XXIX, C 3.

(A 5) John de Neville, LORD OF RABY; *d.* 17 Oct. 1388. See Tab. XXIX, B 5.

(A 6) Maud, da. of Henry de Percy, LORD OF ALNWICK; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 6.

(B 4) Joan de Beaufort; *d.* 13 Nov. 1440; 2nd wife. See Tab. XXIX, C 4.

(A 7) John, DUKE OF LANCASTER; *d.* 3 Feb. $139\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXII, D 1.

(A 8) Catherine, da. of Payn Roet; *d.* 10 May 1403; 3rd wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 8.

(B 5) Richard Wydville of Grafton See Tab. XXX, C 2.

(A 9) John Wydville of Grafton. See Tab. XXX, B 1.

(A 10) * * *, da. of Thomas Lyons. See Tab. XXX, B 2.

(B 6) [Mary Eliza-beth.] See Tab. XXX, C 3.

(A 11) [John Bedleygate]. See Tab. XXX, B 3.

(A 12) [Mary, da. of William Beauchamp.] See Tab. XXX, B 4.

(B 7) Peter of Luxemburg, COUNT OF ST. POL, CONVERSANO AND BRIENNE; *d.* 31 Aug. 1433. See Tab. XXX, C 1.

(A 13) John of Luxemburg, SEIGNEUR DE BEAUREVOIR AND RICHEBOURG. See Tab. XXX, B 5.

(A 14) Margaret, da. of Louis d'Enghien, COUNT OF BRIENNE AND CONVERSANO. See Tab. XXX, B 6.

(B 8) Margaret; *d.* 15 Nov. 1469. See Tab. XXX, C 4.

(A 15) Francis del Balzo, DUKE OF ANDRIA; *d.* 1404. See Tab. XXX, B 7.

(A 16) Sueva, da. of Nicolas Orsini, COUNT OF NOLA AND SOLETO; 3rd wife. See Tab. XXX, B 8.

(C 1) Richard Plantagenet, DUKE OF YORK; slain 30 Dec. 1460. See Tab. XXIX, D 1.

(C 2) Cicely; *d.* 31 May 1495. See Tab. XXIX, D 2.

(C 3) Richard Wydville, EARL RIVERS; beheaded 12 Aug. 1469. See Tab. XXX, D 1.

(C 4) Jacqueline; *d.* 30 May 1472. See Tab. XXX, D 2.

(D 1) **Edward IV, King of England**; *d.* 9 Apr. 1483. See Tab. XXIX, E.

(D 2) Elizabeth, **Queen Consort**; *d.* 8 June 1492. See Tab. XXX, E.

(E) **Edward V, King of England**; *b.* at Westminster abt. 1 Nov. 1470; began to reign 9 Apr. 1483; deposed 25 June 1483; murdered in the Tower of London in Aug. 1483; 1st son.

Table XXXIII. 1st Series.

Seize Quarters of

Anne
(Neville),
Queen Consort to Richard III.

(A 1) John de Neville, LORD OF RABY ; *d.* 17 Oct. 1388. See Tab. XXIX, B 5.

(B 1) Ralph de Neville, EARL OF WESTMORLAND ; *d.* 21 Oct. 1425. See Tab. XXIX, C 3.

(A 2) Maud, da. of Henry de Percy, LORD OF ALNWICK ; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 6.

(A 3) John, DUKE OF LANCASTER ; *d.* 3 Feb. $1398\frac{8}{9}$. See Tab. XXII, D 1.

(B 2) Joan de Beaufort; *d.* 13 Nov. 1440; 2nd wife. See Tab. XXIX, C 4.

(A 4) Catherine, da. of Payn Roet ; *d.* 10 May 1403 ; 3rd wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 8.

(A 5) John de Montacute, EARL OF SALISBURY, 1397-1400 ; K.G. ; beheaded 7 Jan. $\frac{1399}{1400}$.

(B 3) Thomas de Montacute, EARL OF SALISBURY. 1409-1428 ; *b.* abt. 1388 ; K.G. ; *d.* 3 Nov. 1428 ; elder son.

(A 6) Maud, da. of Adam Franceis of London ; *m.* by 1382 ; *d.* 1424, after 2 June.

(A 7) Thomas de Holand, EARL OF KENT ; *d.* 25 Apr. 1397. See Tab. XXIX, A 7.

(B 4) Eleanor ; 4th da. ;(5) 1st wife.

(A 8) Alice, da. of Richard, EARL OF ARUNDEL AND SURREY ; *d.* 17 March 1417. See Tab. XXIX, A 8.

(B 5) Thomas de Beauchamp, EARL OF WARWICK, 1369-1401 ; *b.* abt. 1340 ; K.G. ; *d.* 8 Apr. 1401 ; 2nd but 1st surv. son.

(A 9) Thomas de Beauchamp, EARL OF WARWICK, 1315-1369 ; K.G. ; *b.* abt. 1313 ; *d.* 13 Nov. 1369.

(A 10) Catherine, da. of Roger de Mortimer, EARL OF MARCH ; *m.* (by papal dispens.) in 1337.

(B 6) Margaret ; living 1401.

(A 11) William de Ferrers, LORD OF GROBY, 1343-1372 ; *b.* abt. 1333 ; *d.* 9 Jan. $1371\frac{1}{2}$.

(A 12) Margaret,(2) da. of Robert d'Ufford, EARL OF SUFFOLK ; 1st wife.

(B 7) Thomas le Despenser, EARL OF GLOUCESTER, 1397-1400 ; *b.* abt. 1373 ; K.G. ; beheaded 16 Jan. $\frac{1399}{1400}$; 3rd but only surv. son.

(A 13) Edward le Despenser ; *b.* abt. 1336 ; K.G. ; *d.* 11 Nov. 1375.

(A 14) Elizabeth, only child of Bartholomew de Burghersh ; *b.* abt. 1342 ; *d.* July-Aug. 1409.(3)

(B 8) Constance ; *d.* 1416.(6)

(A 15) Edmund, DUKE OF YORK ; *d.* 1 Aug. 1402. See Tab. XXIX, B 1.

(A 16) Isabel, illeg. da. of Peter, KING OF CASTILE AND LEON ; *d.* 1394 ; 1st wife. See Tab. XXIX, B 2.

(C 1) Richard Neville, EARL OF SALISBURY, 1429-1460 ; K.G. ; beheaded 31 Dec. 1460, aged 60 ; 3rd son.

(C 2) Alice ; *d.* 1463 ; only child.

(C 3) Richard Beauchamp, EARL OF WARWICK, 1401-1439, LORD DESPENSER OF BERGAVENNY ; K.G. ; *d.* at the Castle of Rouen 30 Apr. 1439,(7) aged 59 ;(7) only son.

(C 4) Isabel ;(8) *b.* at Cardiff Castle 26 July 1400 ; *d.* 26 Dec. 1439 ; 2nd wife.

(D 1) Richard Neville, EARL OF SALISBURY, 1460-1471 ; *b.* 22 Nov. 1428 ; confirmed in the EARLDOM OF WARWICK 23 July 1449 ; cr. again 2 March 1450 ; K.G. ; slain at the Battle of Barnet 14 Apr. 1471, bur. in Bisham Priory ; 1st son.

(D 2) Anne ; *m.* by 23 July 1449 ; *d.* abt. 1490.

(E) Anne ; *m.* 12 July 1472, to Richard, DUKE OF GLOUCESTER, afterwards **King of England** ; crowned (with her husb.) at Westminster 6 July 1483 ; *d.* 16 March 1485, bur. in Westminster Abbey ; yr. da. and coh.

Additions to Table XXX.

A. 9. He was slain at the Battle of Bastweiler. (Eldest son of John of Luxemburg, Seigneur de Ligny, Roussy and Beaurevoir, Châtelain de Lille, by his first wife Alice, only child of Guy of Flanders, Seigneur de Richebourg.)

A. 10. She was *m.* by contract dated at Beauvais in Dec. 1350.[3] (Her mother was Jane,[4] elder dau. of John, Seigneur de Fiennes and Tingry, Châtelain de Bourbourg.)

A. 11. (A younger son of Walter III, Seigneur d'Enghien, by Isabel,[6] Duchess of Athens, Countess of Brienne, only dau. of Walter de Brienne V, Duke of Athens, Count of Brienne and Lecce.)

A. 13. He was bur. in the Church of San Domenico at Naples. [He *m.* 1, 130$\frac{8}{9}$, before 24 Jan., Beatrice, widow (31 Jan. 130$\frac{7}{8}$) of Azzo VIII, Marquis of Este and Ancona, and dau. of Charles II, King of Jerusalem and Sicily; she *d.* in 1321, bur. at Andria] (Younger son[10] of Bertrand II, Seigneur de Berre in Provence, by Berengaria.)

A. 14. She was Signora di Tiano and Carinola in the Terra di Lavoro, di Caramanico in the Abruzzo, and di Cassano in Calabria.[11] (Her mother was Isabella,[11] widow of John della Lagonessa,[11] and dau. of William Stendardo, Constable of Sicily.)[11]

A. 15. He was bur. at Nola.[12] (Elder son of Robert Orsini,[13] Count of Nola, by Sueva,[14] dau of Hugh del Balzo, Seneschal of Sicily.)

A. 16. (Dau. of William, Count of Ariano, by his second wife Francesca, dau. of Roger, Count of Celano.)

B. 6. [She *m.* 1, Jacopo di San Severino.][18]

B. 7. He was Count of Montescaggioso and Andria, Seigneur de Berre, Mison and Tiano; cr. Duke of Andria betw. 30 June 1350 and 20 May 1351;[19] bur. at Andria. [He *m.* 1, 1337, Louisa, dau. of Thomas di San Severino III, Count of Marsico, Constable of Sicily. He *m.* 2, 1348, Margaret, dau. of Philip of Sicily I, Prince of Taranto and Achaia; she *d.* at Naples abt. Sep. 1380, bur. there in the Church of San Domenico.]

C. 1. He succ. his elder br. Thomas abt. 1435.[22]

C. 3. He was made a Knight of the Golden Fleece at the institution of the Order, 10 Jan. 14$\frac{2}{3}\frac{9}{0}$; *d.* at Rambures, bur. (as was his wife) in the Abbey of Cercamp in Artois.

D. 2. [She *m.* 1, as second wife, at Therouanne, 20 Apr. 1433, John, Duke of Bedford, K.G.; he (*b.* 20 June 1389) *d.* at Rouen 15 Sep.[24] 1435, bur. there in the Metrop. Church.]

E. [She *m.* 1, John Grey of Groby; he (*b.* 1435) was slain at the Battle of St. Albans, 17 Feb. 146$\frac{9}{1}$.]

[1] He was grandson of Waleran II, son of Waleran I, Seigneur de Ligny and Roussy, yr. son of Henry III, Count of Luxemburg (Table XVIII, B 3). His Seigneurie of Ligny in Barrois was made a Comté by King Charles V by letters dated at Paris Sep. 1367. (DuChesne, M. de Luxembourg, preuves, p. 96.)

[2] Hss. of her br. Guy de Châtillon IV, Count of St. Pol, who *d.* s.p. in 1360.

[3] DuChesne, M. de Chastillon, preuves, p. 182.

[4] Hss. of her br. Robert, called Moreau, Seigneur de Fiennes and Tingry, Châtelain de Bourbourg, Constable of France.

[5] He succ. his nephew Walter as Count of Brienne and Seigneur d'Enghien in 1381.

[6] Hss. of her br. Walter VI, Duke of Athens, etc., Constable of France, slain at Poitiers 19 Sep. 1356.

[7] Details of her parentage appear to be wanting. She is not mentioned by Ammirato (Fam. nobili Napol. tom. i, 1580, pp. 5—37) or by Imhoff (Geneal. xx in Italia famil., pp. 291—306) in their pedigrees of San Severino. She was, perhaps, the same as Jane, dau. of Roger, Count of Mileto, by Marchesa del Balzo, his second wife.

[8] For the Neapolitan branch of del Balzo (des Baux) see especially F. della Marra, Discorsi delle famiglie estinte, 1641, pp. 65-88 ; also Sc. Ammirato (Fam. nobili Napol., tom. ii, 1651, p. 242) and F. Sansovino (Origine delle famiglie illustri d'Italia, 1670, p. 19). Apparently the only genealogy of the *whole* house of des Baux is that by Pithon-Curt, Hist. de Venaissin, 1743-50, tom. iv, pp. 252—367). He is followed by Barthelemy (Inventaire des Chartes de la Maison de Baux, 1882) who analyses nearly 2,000 charters relating to the family. The pedigrees of Baux by N. Vignier (Hist. de Luxembourg, 1617, p. 239) are useless ; that by Henninges (Theatrum Geneal., 1598, tom. iv, p. 1329) is a most extraordinary performance.

[9] By charter, dated 5 Jan. $130\frac{8}{9}$, Charles II, King of Sicily, granted to Bertrand del Balzo the Comté of Montescaggioso in Basilicata, which had belonged to his son Peter. He was cr. Count of Andria in Apulia before 18 Jan. $130\frac{8}{9}$, and Count of Squillace in further Calabria by 1311. In letters dated 24 Jan. $130\frac{8}{9}$, Charles II styles him his son-in-law. He received the Seigneurie of Mison in Provence 17 June 1346. (Barthelemy, nos. 920, 922, 963, 924, 1281).

[10] He succ. his br. William (who *d.* s.p.) as Seigneur de Berre abt. 1344.

[11] Ferrante della Marra, pp. 26, 76, 401.

[12] Litta, Fam. celebri Italiane, 1819-89, ped. of Orsini, tav. 10, 11. His will was dated 14 Feb 1399 and he *d.* soon after.

[13] Eldest son of Romano or Romanello Orsini, Justiciar of Sicily, by Anastasia, elder dau. and hss. of Guy de Montfort, Count of Nola, yr. son of Simon, Earl of Leicester, who was slain at Evesham. Romano was son of Gentile Orsini, and is therefore styled in a charter of Feb. 1300, *Romanùs Gentilis*. Anselme's attempts (tom. vi, p. 78) to translate this as "né à Rome," or "d'une famille de Rome," or "gentilhomme romain" are amusing enough.

[14] Hss. of her brother Raymond, Count of Soleto, Marshal of Sicily, who *d.* s.p.l. 5 Aug. 1375.

[15] Litta, ped. of Orsini, tav. 11, calls her Gorizia. He also pretends that Count Nicolas had a second wife Maria, only dau. of Raymond, Count of Soleto, who really *d.* s.p. For by letters dated at the Castle of l'Oeuf, near Naples, 18 Oct. 1375, Queen Jane gave to John d'Arcussia di Capra, Count of Minervino, Signore d'Altamura, Chamberlain of Sicily, various castles and bourgs, which had reverted to the crown by the death s.p.l. of Raymond del Balzo, Count of Soleto, to the exclusion of Nicolas Orsini, Count Palatine and of Nola, his nephew, who had himself acknowledged that he had no rights in the feudal goods of his uncle. (Barthelemy, no. 1520).

[16] He was Viceroy and Captain-general of the terra di Lavoro, of Molise and the Abruzzo. The best pedigree of de Sabran is in La Chenaye des Bois, suppl., tom. xv, pp. 542—555.

[17] She is called dau. of Cobron, alias Morend of Yerley. But see note 22.

[18] Butkens, Trophées de Brabant, tom. ii, p. 120. He was, perhaps, Jacopo, Signore di Terlizzi, who *d.* s.p. before 1391.

[19] Barthelemy, nos. 1311, 1322.

[20] Sc. Ammirato, tom. ii, p. 242. By his will, dated at Andria, 23 Apr. 1422 (sic, but probably read iiii for xxii) he names as his universal heir his elder son William, born of his wife Sueva Orsini, and disinherits his yr. son Bianchino, born of the said Sueva, because he was an evil liver, a gamester, and guilty of many misdeeds. He desires to be bur. without pomp in the Church of Andria. (Private Archives of Raymondo del Balzo, Duke of Presseuzano, at Naples—Barthelemy, no. 1768.)

[21] Genealogists call her also Justina and Renata. But see note 20.

[22] The will of this Thomas, dated 13 Hen. VI, mentions his grandparents, Thomas Lyons and Margaret his wife. (Top. and Gen., vol. i, p. 160.)

[23] He obtained possession of the Comté of St. Pol, the Châtellenie of Lille and the Seigneurie of Fiennes abt. 1430.

[24] 15 Sep., betw. 2 and 3 in the morning. See Ramsay's Lancaster and York.

ADDITIONS TO TABLE XXXIII.

A. 5. He succ. his father 25 Feb. $13\frac{89}{90}$; summ. to Parl. as a Baron 23 Nov. 1392—30 Nov. 1396; succ. his uncle William as Earl of Salisbury 3 June 1397; beheaded by the mob at Cirencester, bur. in Cirencester Abbey, transferred to Bisham Priory in 1420. (Eldest son of John de Montacute, by Margaret, only child of Thomas de Monthermer.)

A. 6. She was bur. in Bisham Priory. [She *m.* 1, John Aubrey of London, who was living in 1375. She *m.* 2, Alan Boxhull (*b.* about 1322), K.G.; he *d.* 2 Nov. 1381, bur. in St. Paul's Cath. Church.]

A. 9. He *d.* at Calais, bur. (as was his wife) in the Coll. Church at Warwick. (Elder son of Guy de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, by Alice,[1] widow of Thomas de Leyburn, and dau. of Ralph de Toni, Lord of Flamstede, co. Herts.)

A. 10. (Her mother was Joan, eldest dau. and hss. of Peter de Joinville, Lord of Trim.)

A. 11. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 15 March 1354—6 Apr. 1369; bur. at Ulverscroft, co. Leicester. [He *m.* 2, Margaret, widow (1341) of Robert de Umframville, and dau. of Henry de Percy, Lord of Alnwick; she *d.* 3 Sep. 1375.] (Elder son of Henry de Ferrers, Lord of Groby, by Isabel, dau. and coh. of Theobald de Verdon.)

A. 12. (Dau. of Robert, Earl of Suffolk, by his second wife Margaret, dau. of Walter de Norwich of Mettingham, co. Suffolk.)

A. 13. He succ. his uncle Hugh le Despenser 8 Feb. $134\frac{8}{9}$; summ. to Parl. as a Baron 15 Dec. 1357—6 Oct. 1372; *d.* at Cardiff Castle, bur. in Tewkesbury Abbey. (Only son of Edward le Despenser, by Anne, dau. of William de Ferrers, Lord of Groby.)

A. 14. (Dau. of Bartholomew de Burghersh, by his first wife Cicely, dau. and hss. of Richard de Weyland.)

B. 3. He was cr. Earl of Perche 26 Apr. 1419; mortally wounded at the siege of Orleans 27 Oct. 1428, *d.* at Mehun-sur-Loire, bur. in Bisham Priory. [He *m.* 2, Alice, widow (2 Oct. 1415)[4] of John Phelipp, and dau. of Thomas Chaucer of Ewelme, co. Oxford. (She *m.* 3, William de la Pole, Duke of Suffolk, K.G.) She was bur. at Ewelme.]

B. 5. He was convicted of treason 16 Aug. 1397; restored 19 Nov. 1399; bur. (as was his wife) in the Coll. Church at Warwick.

B. 7. He was summ. to Parl. as a Baron 30 Nov. 1396—18 July 1397; cr. Earl of Gloucester 29 Sep. 1397; degraded in Parl. 3 Nov. 1399; beheaded by the rabble at Bristol, bur. in Tewkesbury Abbey.

C. 1. He was confirmed Earl of Salisbury by patent 4 May 1442; beheaded at Pontefract the day after the battle of Wakefield; bur. in Bisham Priory 15 Feb. $146\frac{2}{3}$; eldest son by the second marriage.

C. 3. He was cr. Earl of Albemarle for life in 1422 or 1423; bur. in the Coll. Church at Warwick. [He *m.* 1, by 1403, Elizabeth, only child of Thomas de Berkeley, Lord of Berkeley; she (aged 30 in 1416) *d.* 28 Dec. 1422, bur. in Kingswood Abbey, co. Wilts.]

C. 4. She was *m.* by papal dispens.; bur. in Tewkesbury Abbey. [She *m.* 1, 27 July 1411, Richard de Beauchamp, who was cr. Earl of Worcester in 1420; he was slain at the siege of Meaux in March or Apr. $142\frac{1}{2}$, bur. in Tewkesbury Abbey.]

E. [She *m.* 1, at Angers, 25 July 1470, Edward, Prince of Wales; he (*b.* at Westminster 13 Oct. 1453) was slain at the Battle of Tewkesbury 4 May 1471, bur. in Tewkesbury Abbey.]

[1] Sister and hss. of Robert de Toni of Flamstede.
[2] In her issue coh. of her brother William, Earl of Suffolk, who *d.* 15 Dec. 1381.
[3] Her will was dated 4 July and proved 10 Aug. 1409.
[4] Die mercurii proximo ante festum Sancte Fidis virginis ultimo preteritum, [*i.e.*, 2 Oct.] according to the Inquisition. See Mr. Stapleton's preface to the Liber de de Antiquis Legibus, p. clvi, where however he misprints Sep. for Oct., and 1418 for 1415.
[5] Coh. of her brother Edmund, Earl of Kent, who *d.* 15 Sep. 1408.
[6] She was living "in pretended wedlock" with Edmund, Earl of Kent, in Feb. 140$\frac{4}{5}$.
[7] According to the epitaph on his monument, still existing in the Church at Warwick, which states that his body was brought to Warwick 4 Oct. 1439.
[8] Only surv. sister and hss. of Richard, Earl of Gloucester, who *d.* 7 Oct. 1414.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

TABLE I. ADDITIONS. A. 1. *For* "Ferreol or Ferole" *read* "Ferolensis." *For* "St. Sierge" *read* "St. Serge." A. 10. *For* "pellitarius" *read* "pelliparius." B. 1. *For* "1081" *read* "1075"; *for* "1087" *read* "107$\frac{5}{6}$"; *for* "repud." *read* "became a nun in 1080." B. 5. *For* "Manzer" *read* "Mamzer" *and add as a note* "id est, de scorto natus." *For* "1027 or 28" *read* "in the summer of 1027." C. 3. *For* "Duke . . . Louvain" *read* "Duke and Marquis of Lothier, Count of Louvain." *For* "Affligem" *read* "Afflinghem." Note 4. *Omit* "called Forole." *For* "but . . . confirmation" *read* "and this latter statement is confirmed by charter evidence." Note 16. *Add* "A charter of Duke Robert to the Abbey of Montivilliers:—Facta est hec privilegii auctoritas Fiscanni in conventu celebri, idus januarii, viii anno regni nostri, quo et Hierusalem petiturus ibi licentiam eundi a Deo et Sanctis ejus petii, anno ab Incarnatione Domini MXXXV, regnante Francorum rege Henrico anno iiii, indictione quarta." *Cancel* note 27. Note 37. *For* "Affligem" *read* "Afflinghem."

TABLE II. D. 2. *Add* "living 3 March 11$\frac{2}{3}\frac{9}{6}$ (Cartul. S. Hilarii de Cella.—Doc. Hist. Inedit, tom. ii, p. 13). ADDITIONS. A. 5. *Omit* "haute." Note 28. *After* "Quercy" *insert* "Albigeois."

TABLE III. ADDITIONS. *After* "1170" *insert* "and again at Winchester 27 Aug. 1172."

TABLE IV. Note 24. *After* "non" *insert* "ex."

TABLE V. ADDITIONS. *After* "23 June" *add* "or rather 11 Apr."

TABLE VI. ADDITIONS. A. 7, line 4. *Omit* "de." C. 1. *For* "Alvar" *read* "Alvaro." Note 4. *Add* "The pedigree of l'Aigle is illustrated by a charter, of date 13 Nov. 1099:—Richerius de Aquila, Ingenulfi de Aquila filius . . . Testibus domina matre mea Richoerida, Gilleberto et Roberto fratribus meis, Judiht uxore mea filia Ricardi de Abrincis et sorore Hugonis comitis Cestrensis . . . (Cartul. S. Ebrulfi, tom. ii, no. 701—Le Prevost's edit. of Ord. Vital., appendix, tom. v, p. 196)."

TABLE VIII. A. 9, 10. *For* "1081" *read* "1081 or 1082." B. 5. *For* "1082" *read* "1081 or 1082." ADDITIONS. A. 9. *To* "1074" *add as a note* "La Roque, preuves, suppl. p. 1." Note 2. *Add* "donna li roys a chesty Robert [Earl of Gloucester] la terre Hamon le Despensier oncle sa femme. (Anc. Chron. of Normandy, cited by Bry, Hist. du Perche et d'Alencon, p. 79). This confirms the statement in the table." Note 13, line 12. *For* "tells" *read* "tell."

TABLE IX. A. 1. *For* "abt. 1089" *read* "1087." E. *After* "England" *insert* "crowned at Westminster 8 Oct. 1200." ADDITIONS. A. 1. *For* "abt. 1089" *read* "1087." Note 2. *Correct the conclusion drawn, by adding* "This charter is clearly the one relied on in L'Art de Vér. les Dates as proving that Fulk was living in 1089. But Besly must have misprinted 1089 for 1079. For indiction ii corresponds with the latter year, not with the former: and Guy William, Duke of Aquitaine, was dead in 1087. See Tab. II, B. 1."

TABLE X. E. *After* "Abbey" *add* "20 Nov."

TABLE XI. Note 2. *Add* "also p. 474."

TABLE XIII. ADDITIONS. A. 13. *After* "son" *insert* "of." Note 14. *For* "Pentacost" *read* "Pentecost"; line 6, *omit* "apparently."

TABLE XIV. D. 2. *For* "a" *read* "at." ADDITIONS. A. 9. *For* "II (III)" *read* "II." B. 7. *For* "1 June" *read* "in June." Note 10. *For* "Afflinghen" (bis) *read* "Afflinghem." Note 23. *For* "memoræ" *read* "memoriæ." Note 28. *Omit* "P. Ignace . . . 47."

TABLE XVI. Note 3. *For* "Antiq. d'Este" *read* "Delle Antichita Estensi."

TABLE XVIII. ADDITIONS. A. 1. *For* "Ameline" *read* "Adelvie." A. 14. *For* "St. . . . Pymont" *read* "Santa Maria della Rocca Pymonte." A. 15. *After* "Mary" *add*(18). Note 8. *Add* "but the statement is probably false, and the parentage of Duke Waleran's first wife remains unknown." Note 12. *For* "nocte" *read* "noctem."

TABLE XIX. B. 8. It is said that she was Joan (living 1304), dau. of (A 15) John Fitz Bernard of Kingsdown, co. Kent (son of Robert Fitz Bernard) by (A 16) Sibil, dau. of Walter de Calne. C. 4. *Insert* "widow (1325-6) of John Comyn of Badenoch," *and omit* "aged 40." E. *For* "1st" *read* "only."

TABLE XX. E. *For* "19 Jan." *read* "21 Jan." *After* "England" *insert* "crowned at Westminster 22 Jan." Note 2. *For* "MCCXX" *read* "MCCCXX"; *for* "Emperor" *read* "Empereur." Note 4. *After* "Thymo" *insert* "(van der Heiden)." Note 9, line 5. *For* "le" *read* "la."

TABLE XXI. A. 2. *After* "1313" *add as a note* "see Tab. XXIV, note 7." A. 13. *For* "or 6" *read* "4 or 6." A. 15. *For* "1350; *d.* 1350" *read* "1351; *d.* 3 June 1351, aged 42." A. 16. *Add* "da. of Jacopo VIII, il Grande, Signore di Carrara, Principe di Padova, by his second wife Anna, da. of Pietro, called Pierazzo, Gradenigo, Doge of Venice; betrothed 1318; *m.* 1328; *d.* at Verona 1377, bur. there in the Basilica of Sta. Eufemia. (Pappafava, Dissertazione [della Casa di Carrara], 1771, pp. 69, 211 and tav. i.)." B. 7. *For* "18" *read* "18 or 19." C. 4. *After* "1365" *insert* "or 1367." ADDITIONS. A. 5. *For* "dau." *read* "child." A. 12. *For* "Seigneur . . . Terza" *read* Signore della Terza in the terra d'Otranto." A. 15. *Cancel from* "26 July" *to the end and read* "4 or 26 July 1329. (Son of Albuino della Scala I, Signore di Verona (*d.* 28 Oct. 1311) by his second wife Beatrice, dau. of Giberto, Signore di Coreggio.) [Litta, Fam. celebri Ital., tom. v, ped. of della Scala]." *Insert* "B. 8. She *d.* at Milan, bur. there in the Basilica of S. Giovanni in Conca." E. XXI. *before* "knight" *insert* "(30 Nov. 1440)." *Cancel* note 6.

TABLE XXIII. E. *After* "1382" *insert* as "as 1st wife."

TABLE XXVIII. D. 2. *Add* "1st wife."

TABLE XXIX. B. 4. *For* "2 Oct." *read* "23 Oct." C. 1. *Before* "1414" *insert* "1 May."